# **TEST REPORT**



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1. Report No: DRRFCC1708-0087(2)

2. Customer

Name: LG Electronics MobileComm USA, Inc.

Address: 1000 Sylvan Ave., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, United States, 07632

3. Use of Report: FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name: Mobile Phone / LGM-V300V

FCC ID: ZNFV300V

5. Test Method Used: IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

Test Specification: CFR §2.1093

6. Date of Test: 2017.08.03 ~ 08.25

7. Testing Environment: Refer to attached test report

8. Test Result: Refer to attached test report.

Affirmation

Tested by

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2

Technical Manager

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2017.08.25.

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If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

# **Test Report Version**

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRRFCC1708-0087	Aug. 04, 2017	Initial issue
DRRFCC1708-0087(1)	Aug. 18, 2017	Re-test
DRRFCC1708-0087(2)	Aug. 25, 2017	Re-test some phablet SAR



# Report No.: DRRFCC1708-0087(2) Table of Contents

1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE	
1.1 Guidance Applied	
1.2 Device Overview	
1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications	
1.5 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna	
1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied	
1.7 Power Reduction for SAR	
2. INTROCUCTION	
3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT	
3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	
3.2 EX3DV4Probe Specification	
3.3 Probe Calibration Process	
3.4 Data Extrapolation	
3.5 SAM Twin PHANTOM	
3.6 Modular Flat PHANTOM	1
3.7 Device Holder for Transmitters	
3.8 Brain & Muscle Simulation Mixture Characterization	
4. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	
5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	1
5.1 Measurement Procedure	1
6. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS	
6.1 Ear Reference Point	
6.2 Handset Reference Points	
7.1 Device Holder	
7.1 Device Holder	
7.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt	20
7.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations	
7.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations	
8 RE EXPOSURE LIMITS	
8. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	2
	<b>2</b> :
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	23 23 23
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	23 25 25
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR	25 26 27 27 29 29 29
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES 9.1 Measured and Reported SAR 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters 9.3.1 General Device Setup 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure.  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements.  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure.  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.	25 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 27 28
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.  10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.	
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR. 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR. 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters. 9.3.1 General Device Setup 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure. 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements. 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection. 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure. 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.  10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers.	25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 27 20 20 20 21
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES 9.1 Measured and Reported SAR 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters 9.3.1 General Device Setup 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures 10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS 10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers 11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION 11.1 Tissue Verification 11.2 Test System Verification	25 25 26 26 26 26 26 27 28 29 20 21 20 21 21 22
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES 9.1 Measured and Reported SAR 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters 9.3.1 General Device Setup 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures 10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS 10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers 11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION 11.1 Tissue Verification 11.2 Test System Verification 11.2 Test System Verification 12. SAR TEST RESULTS	25 25 26 26 26 26 26 27 27 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup.  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure.  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements.  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure.  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.  10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS.  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers.  10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers.  11.5 YSTEM VERIFICATION.  11.1 Tissue Verification.  11.2 Test System Verification.  12. SAR TEST RESULTS  12.1 Head SAR Results	20 22 22 24 24 24 26 29 20 21 20 21 20 30 30
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup.  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure.  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements.  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure.  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures.  10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS.  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers.  10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers.  11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION.  11.1 Tissue Verification.  11.2 Test System Verification.  11.2 Test System Verification.  12. SAR TEST RESULTS.  12.1 Head SAR Results.  12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results.	23 22 24 24 24 24 25 26 26 27 26 27 28 28 30 30 30 30
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters 9.3.1 General Device Setup 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures 10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS 10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers 11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION 11.1 Tissue Verification 11.2 Test System Verification 11.2 Test System Verification 12. SAR TEST RESULTS 12.1 Head SAR Results 12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results 12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results 12.4 SAR Test Notes	25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR. 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR. 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters. 9.3.1 General Device Setup. 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure. 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements. 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection. 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure. 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures. 10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS. 10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers. 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers. 11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION. 11.1 Tissue Verification. 11.2 Test System Verification. 11.2 Test System Verification. 12. SAR TEST RESULTS. 12.1 Head SAR Results. 12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results. 12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results. 12.4 SAR Test Notes.	25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedures  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION  11.1 Tissue Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  12. SAR TEST RESULTS  12.1 Head SAR Results  12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results  12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results  12.4 SAR Test Notes  13. IEEE Std 1528 -MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES  14. CONCLUSION	20 22 22 24 24 24 26 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 33 33
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedures  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION  11.1 Tissue Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  12. SAR TEST RESULTS  12.1 Head SAR Results  12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results  12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results  12.4 SAR Test Notes  13. IEEE Std 1528 -MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES  14. CONCLUSION  15. REFERENCES	23 25 26 27 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES.  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR.  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters.  9.3.1 General Device Setup.  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure.  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements.  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection.  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure.  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures  10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS.  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers.  10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers.  11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION.  11.1 Tissue Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  12. SAR TEST RESULTS.  12.1 Head SAR Results.  12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results.  12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results.  12.4 SAR Test Notes  13. IEEE Std 1528 –MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES.  14. CONCLUSION.  15. REFERENCES.  Attachment 1. – Probe Calibration Data	23 25 26 27 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27
9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES  9.1 Measured and Reported SAR  9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR.  9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters  9.3.1 General Device Setup  9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure  9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements  9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection  9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedures  9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers  11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION  11.1 Tissue Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  11.2 Test System Verification  12. SAR TEST RESULTS  12.1 Head SAR Results  12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results  12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results  12.4 SAR Test Notes  13. IEEE Std 1528 -MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES  14. CONCLUSION  15. REFERENCES	25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27



# 1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Environmental evaluation measurements of specific absorption rate (SAR) distributions in emulated human head and body tissues exposed to radio frequency (RF) radiation from wireless portable devices for compliance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

#### **General Information**

EUT type	Mobile Phone	Mobile Phone							
FCC ID	ZNFV300V	ZNFV300V							
Equipment model name	LGM-V300V	LGM-V300V							
Equipment add model name	LGMV300V, V300V  ■ 3 models are same mechanical, electrical and functional.  ■ The only difference is the model name, which are changed for marketing purpose.								
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype								
Mode(s) of Operation	2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b)	/g/n-HT20), Bluetooth							
	Band	Mode	Bandwidth	Frequency					
TX Frequency Range	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	HT20	2412 ~ 2462 MHz					
	Bluetooth	-	-	2402 ~ 2480 MHz					
DV Farmers Dance	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	HT20	2412 ~ 2462 MHz					
RX Frequency Range	Bluetooth	-	-	2402 ~ 2480 MHz					
		Reported SAR							
Equipment Class	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)		10g SAR (W/kg)					
S.acc		Head	Body-Worn	Phablet					
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	0.502	0.114	0.361					
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A					
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS)								
Date(s) of Tests	2017.08.03 ~ 08.25								
Antenna Type	Internal Type Antenna (Spring Tension Contact)								
Functions	VoIP is supported	_							



## 1.1 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)

#### 1.2 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
2.4 GHz WLAN	Voice/Data	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz

## 1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

#### (A) 2.4G WLAN

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]		
(0112)			Maximum	Nominal	
		1~2	16.0	15.0	
	802.11b	3~9	16.0	15.0	
		10~11	16.0	15.0	
		1~2	15.0	14.0	
2.4	802.11g	3~9	15.0	14.0	
		10~11	15.0	14.0	
		1~2	15.0	14.0	
	802.11n	3~9	15.0	14.0	
		10~11	15.0	14.0	

(B) BT

Modulated Average[dBm]					
Bluetooth	Maximum	12.5			
1 Mbps	Nominal	11.5			
Bluetooth	Maximum	12.0			
2 Mbps	Nominal	11.0			
Bluetooth	Maximum	12.0			
3 Mbps	Nominal	11.0			
Bluetooth	Maximum	2.5			
LE	Nominal	1.5			

#### 1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are  $> 9 \times 5$  cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in ZNFV300V\_Antenna Location.pdf. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. it is considered a "phablet".

Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing					
Mode	Тор	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
2.4G W-LAN	0	X	0	0	X	0

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

## 1.5 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the back cover. The SAR tests were performed with the back cover with NFC antenna already incorporated. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in ZNFV300V\_Antenna Location.pdf.

## 1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

#### (A) BT

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\textit{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\textit{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\textit{Frequency(GHz)}} \le 3.0$$

Table 1.1 SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm

Mode	Equation	Result	SAR exclusion threshold	Required SAR
Bluetooth	[(18/10)* √2.480]	2.8	3.0	X
Bluetooth LE	[(2/10)* √2.480]	0.3	3.0	X

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

#### 1.7 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

## 1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Band & Mode	Head Serial Number	Body Serial Number	Phablet Serial Number
2.4 GHz WLAN	FCC #1	FCC #1	FCC #1
Bluetooth	FCC #1	FCC #1	FCC #1

## 2. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

#### **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 2.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

## 3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

#### 3.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

Measurements are performed using the DASY5 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY5 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 3.1).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller each pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz desktop computer with Windows 7 system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5,A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robotis connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

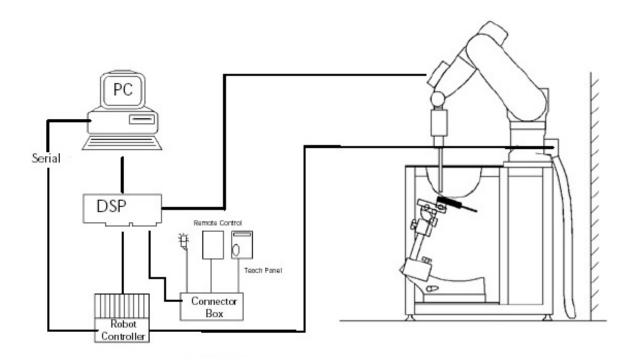


Figure 3.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail.



## 3.2 EX3DV4Probe Specification

Calibration In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at Frequencies of

750 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1750 MHz, 1900 MHz, 2300 MHz, 2450 MHz, 2600 MHz,

3500 MHz, 5200 MHz, 5300 MHz, 5500 MHz, 5600 MHz, 5800 MHz

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz

**Linearity**  $\pm 0.2 dB(30 MHz to 6 GHz)$ 

**Dynamic**  $10 \mu \text{W/g to} > 100 \text{ mW/g}$ 

Range Linearity: ±0.2dB

**Dimensions** Overall length: 337 mm

Tip length 20 mm

Body diameter 12 mm

Tip diameter 2.5 mm

Distance from probe tip to sensor center 1.0 mm

Application SAR Dosimetry Testing

Compliance tests of mobile phones

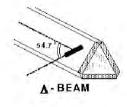


Figure 3.2 Triangular Probe Configurations



Figure 3.3 Probe Thick-Film Technique



**DAE System** 

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4, designed in the classical triangular configuration(see Fig. 3.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multitier line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.



#### 3.3 Probe Calibration Process

#### 3.3.1 E-Probe Calibration

#### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$ 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure and found to be better than  $\pm$ 2. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe is tested.

Report No.: DRRFCC1708-0087(2)

#### Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

#### **Temperature Assessment \***

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium, correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent the remits or based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

 $SAR = \frac{\left|E\right|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$ 

where: where:

 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

 $\Delta T$  = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

 $\sigma$  = simulated tissue conductivity,

 $\rho$  = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T \, / \, \Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

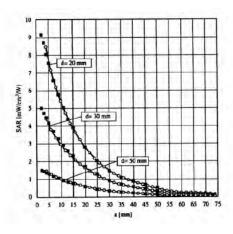


Figure 3.4 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 900MHz

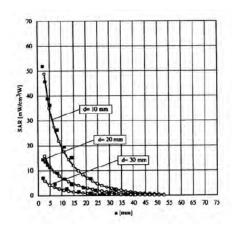


Figure 3.5 E-Field and Temperature Measurements at 1800MHz

## 3.4 Data Extrapolation

The DASY5 software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given like below;

with 
$$V_i$$
 = compensated signal of channel i (i=x,y,z)
$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad \text{(i=x,y,z)}$$

$$U_i = \text{input signal of channel i} \qquad \text{(i=x,y,z)}$$

$$cf = \text{crest factor of exciting field} \qquad \text{(DASY parameter)}$$

$$dcp_i = \text{diode compression point} \qquad \text{(DASY parameter)}$$

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes: with  $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x,y,z) Norm<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x,y,z)  $\mu V/(V/m)^2$  for E-field probes ConvF = sensitivity of enhancement in solution E<sub>i</sub> = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermetian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

 $SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$  with SAR = local specific absorption rate in W/g = total field strength in V/m = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m] p = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

 $P_{pue} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$  with  $P_{pwe} = \text{equivalent power density of a plane wave in W/cm}^2$  = total electric field strength in V/m



Construction

Report No.: DRRFCC1708-0087(2)

#### 3.5 SAM Twin PHANTOM

The SAM Twin Phantom V5.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 3.6)



Figure 3.6 SAM Twin Phantom

## **SAM Twin Phantom Specification:**

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.

Shell Thickness 2 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions Length: 1000 mm

Width: 500 mm

Height: adjustable feet

#### **Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications:**

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 3.7). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.

Figure 3.7 Sam Twin Phantom shell

#### 3.6 Modular Flat PHANTOM

## **Modular Flat Phantom Specification:**

Construction Triple Modular Phantom consists of tree identical modules which

can be installed and removed separately without emptying the

liquid. It includes three reference points for phantom installation.

Covers prevent evaporation of the liquid. Phantom material is resistant to DGBE based tissue simulating liquids. The MFP

V5.1 will be delivered including wooden support only (non-

standard SPEAG support). Applicable for system performance check from 800 MHz to 6 GHz

and dosimetric evaluations for body-worn operation.

**Shell Thickness**  $2 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm(bottom plate)}$ 

Filling Volume Approx. 9.2 liters(per module)

**Dimensions** Length: 830 mm

Width: 500 mm

#### 3.7 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c, V5.0 or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).

Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.



Figure 3.8 Mounting Device

#### 3.8 Brain & Muscle Simulation Mixture Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.



Figure 3.9 Simulated Tissue

**Table3.1 Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter** 

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)							
(% by weight)	835		1900		2450		5200 ~ 5800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.19	50.75	55.24	70.23	71.88	73.40	65.52	80.00
Salt (NaCl)	1.480	0.940	0.310	0.290	0.160	0.060	-	-
Sugar	57.90	48.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.250	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	-
Bactericide	0.180	0.100	-	-	-	-	-	-
Triton X-100	1	-	-	-	19.97	-	17.24	-
DGBE	-	-	44.45	29.48	7.990	26.54	-	-
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	17.24	-
Polysorbate (Tween) 80	-	-	-	-	-	-		20.00
Target for Dielectric Constant	41.5	55.2	40.0	53.3	39.2	52.7	-	-
Target for Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	1.40	1.52	1.80	1.95	-	-

Salt: 99 % Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar: 98 % Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16M resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether



## 3.9 SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

**Table 3.2 Test Equipment Calibration** 

	Туре	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
$\boxtimes$	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
$\boxtimes$	Robot	SCHMID	TX60L	N/A	N/A	F12/5LP5A1/A/01
$\boxtimes$	Robot Controller	SCHMID	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F12/5LP5A1/C/01
$\boxtimes$	Joystick	SCHMID	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12030401
$\boxtimes$	IntelCorei7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
$\boxtimes$	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
$\boxtimes$	Device Holder	SCHMID	Holder	N/A	N/A	SD000H01KA
$\boxtimes$	Twin SAM Phantom	SCHMID	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1679
$\boxtimes$	Triple Modular Phantom	SCHMID	QD000P51CA	N/A	N/A	1147
$\boxtimes$	Data Acquisition Electronics	SCHMID	DAE4V1	2017-05-24	2018-05-24	1392
$\boxtimes$	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SCHMID	EXDV3	2017-05-31	2018-05-31	3866
$\boxtimes$	2450MHz SAR Dipole	SCHMID	D2450V2	2016-09-23	2018-09-23	920
$\boxtimes$	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2016-12-02	2017-12-02	MY46111534
$\boxtimes$	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2016-09-09	2017-09-09	US41461520
$\boxtimes$	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2016-09-08	2017-09-08	1020
$\boxtimes$	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2016-10-18	2017-10-18	1005
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2017-01-04	2018-01-04	GB37170267
$\boxtimes$	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2017-04-11	2018-04-11	GB37170413
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2017-01-04	2018-01-04	3318A96566
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2017-01-04	2018-01-04	2702A65976
$\boxtimes$	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2017-04-11	2018-04-11	3318A96332
	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2017-07-26	2018-07-26	2889A01064
$\boxtimes$	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2016-09-08	2017-09-08	N/A
$\boxtimes$	Attenuators(3 dB)	Agilent	8491B	2017-04-11	2018-04-11	MY39260700
$\boxtimes$	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHEL	23-10-34	2017-01-04	2018-01-04	BP4387
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe kit	SCHMID	DAK-3.5	2016-11-17	2017-11-17	1092
$\boxtimes$	Dielectric Probe kit	SCHMID	DAK-3.5	2017-07-26	2018-07-26	1046
$\boxtimes$	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2017-01-11	2018-01-11	1301183
$\boxtimes$	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000B	2017-01-04	2018-01-04	3000B770243

**NOTE:** The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.



## 4. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

#### **Automated TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS:**

## **Positioner**

Robot Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60L

Repeatability 0.02 mm

No. of axis

## **Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System**

**Cell Controller** 

**Processor** Intel Core i7-3770

Clock Speed 3.40 GHz

Operating System Windows 7 Professional DASY5 PC-Board

Data Converter

Features Signal, multiplexer, A/D converter. & control logic

Software DASY5

Connecting Lines Optical downlink for data and status info

Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

**Function** 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE 4

16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probes

Model EX3DV4 S/N: 3866

**Construction** Triangular core fiber optic detection system

Frequency 10 MHz to 6 GHz

**Linearity**  $\pm$  0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

**Phantom** 

**Phantom** SAM Twin Phantom (V5.0)

Shell MaterialCompositeThickness $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

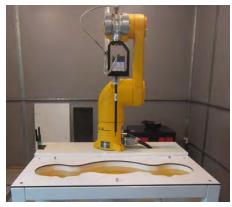


Figure 4.1 DASY5 Test System

## 5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

#### **5.1 Measurement Procedure**

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

- The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 5-1) and IEEE1528-2013.
- The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.

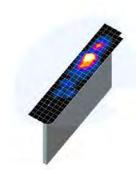


Figure 5.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

- 3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 5.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
  - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 5.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
  - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
  - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

			≤ 3 GHz	>3 GHz		
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of p		measurement point ers) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) mm ± 0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the			30°±1°	30°±1° 20°±1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan s	patial reso	lution; $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be ≤ the usion of the test device with		
Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Δx <sub>Zoom</sub> , Δy <sub>Zoom</sub>	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoon}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (1): between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤2 mm		
grid ∆z <sub>Zoon</sub> (n>1): between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1) \text{ mm}$				
Minimum zoom scan volume	V V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note:  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

Table 5.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04

<sup>\*</sup> When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 6. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

#### 6.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

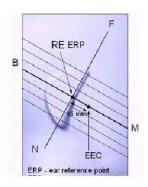


Figure 6.1 Close-up side view of ERP

#### 6.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

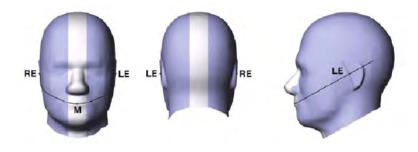


Figure 6.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

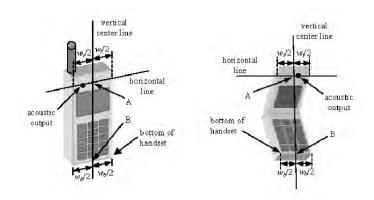


Figure 6.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points



## 7. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

#### 7.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ .

## 7.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



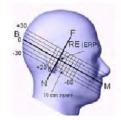
Figure 7.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
- 4. The phone was hen rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical was respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 7.2)

## 7.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degree.
- 2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
- 3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7.3).



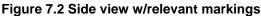








Figure 7.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15°Position

## 7.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 7.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for

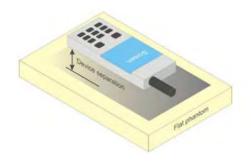


Figure 7.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

## 7.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

## 8. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

#### **Uncontrolled Environment:**

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

#### **Controlled Environment:**

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human	Exposure S	necified in	ANSI/IEEE	C95.1-1992
Table 0.1.0Alt Hallian	Exposure o	pcomea m	~!10":EEE	000.1 100 <u>2</u>

	HUMAN EXPO	SURE LIMITS
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

- 1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- 2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- 3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

## 9. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

## 9.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

## 9.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

## 9.3 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

#### 9.3.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.



#### 9.3.2 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all test position are measured.

## 9.3.3 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

#### 9.3.4 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power ware the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

#### 9.3.5 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all channels are measured.



## 9.3.6 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.



## 10. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

#### 10.1 WLAN Conducted Powers

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
	(MHz)		(dBm)
	2412	1	15.30
802.11b	2437	6	<u>15.38</u>
	2462	11	15.34
	2412	1	14.15
802.11g	2437	6	14.28
	2462	11	14.13
	2412	1	13.46
802.11n	2437	6	13.51
(HT-20)	2462	11	13.54

Table 10.1.1 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, duo to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

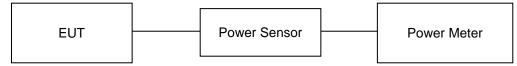


Figure 10.1.1 Power Measurement Setup

## 10.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Channel	Frequency	Burst AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps)	Burst AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps)	Burst AVG Output Power (3Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2402	10.58	9.41	9.92	8.67	9.92	8.67
Mid	2441	11.69	10.52	11.06	9.81	11.06	9.90
High	2480	9.48	8.31	8.85	7.61	8.85	7.61

Table 10.2.1 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency	Burst AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps)	Burst AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps)
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Low	2402	-0.09	-0.78	-0.08	-2.62
Mid	2440	1.38	0.65	1.37	-0.96
High	2480	0.45	-0.32	0.46	-1.95

Table 10.2.2 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

## Bluetooth Conducted Power measurement procedures

- 1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)
- 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.
  - When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 10.4(A).
- 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.
- 2. Bluetooth (LE)
- 1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.
  - When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 10.4(B).
- 3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

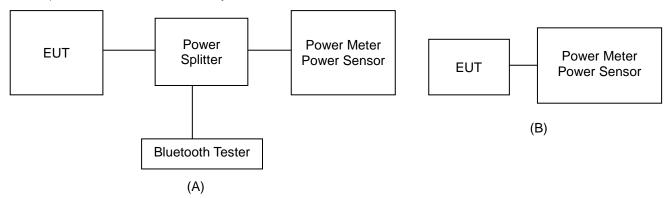


Figure 10.2.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

The average conducted output powers of Bluetooth were measured using above test setup and a wideband gated RF power meter when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power level.



## 11. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## 11.1 Tissue Verification

				MEASU	IRED TISSUE	PARAMETERS				
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, εr	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, εr	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
				2412.0	39.268	1.767	38.157	1.794	-2.83	1.53
Aug. 17. 2017	2450	21.5	22.0	2437.0	39.223	1.789	38.072	1.821	-2.93	1.79
Aug. 17. 2017	Head	21.5	22.0	2450.0	39.200	1.800	38.015	1.836	-3.02	2.00
				2462.0	39.185	1.813	37.980	1.849	-3.08	1.99
				2402.0	52.764	1.904	52.056	1.927	-1.34	1.21
				2412.0	52.751	1.914	52.030	1.937	-1.37	1.20
	0.450			2437.0	52.717	1.938	51.966	1.966	-1.42	1.44
Aug. 17. 2017	2450 Body	21.5	22.2	2441.0	52.712	1.941	51.955	1.971	-1.44	1.55
	bouy			2450.0	52.700	1.950	51.936	1.982	-1.45	1.64
				2462.0	52.685	1.967	51.908	1.995	-1.47	1.42
				2480.0	52.662	1.993	51.861	2.015	-1.52	1.10
				2402.0	52.764	1.904	51.412	1.908	-2.56	0.21
				2412.0	52.751	1.914	51.379	1.918	-2.60	0.21
	2450			2437.0	52.717	1.938	51.309	1.946	-2.67	0.41
Aug. 25. 2017	Body	21.4	21.8	2441.0	52.712	1.941	51.299	1.950	-2.68	0.46
	Doay			2450.0	52.700	1.950	51.276	1.960	-2.70	0.51
				2462.0	52.685	1.967	51.249	1.973	-2.73	0.31
				2480.0	52.662	1.993	51.195	1.991	-2.79	-0.10

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Extremity SAR was tested using body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters found in KDB Publication 648474D04v01r03.

## **Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:**

- The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight
- The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
  The complex relative permittivity , for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\varepsilon_{r}\varepsilon_{0}}{[\ln(b/a)]^{2}} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{a}^{b} \int_{0}^{a} \cos\phi' \frac{\exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_{0}\varepsilon_{r}'\varepsilon_{0})^{1/2}\right]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively,  $r^2 = \rho^2 + {\rho'}^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$ ,  $\omega$  is the angular frequency, and  $j = \sqrt{-1}$ .



# 11.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to the ± 10 % of the SAR measurement of the reference dipole at the time of calibration. (Graphic Plots Attached).

Table 11.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

			SYST	EM DIPO	LE VERIFIC	CATION TAR	RGET & N	IEASURE	D			
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Measured SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
Α	2450	D2450V2, SN: 920	Aug. 17. 2017	Head	21.5	22.0	3866	250	52.5	13.10	52.40	-0.19
Α	2450	D2450V2, SN: 920	Aug. 17. 2017	Body	21.5	22.2	3866	250	51.0	13.30	53.20	4.31

Table 11.2.2 System Verification Results (10g)

	SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	Measur ed SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	Deviation [%]	
Α	2450	D2450V2, SN: 920	Aug. 17. 2017	Body	21.5	22.2	3866	250	24.1	6.20	24.80	2.90	
Α	2450	D2450V2, SN: 920	Aug. 25. 2017	Body	21.4	21.8	3866	250	24.1	5.84	23.36	-3.07	

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2: To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.

Note3: Full system validation status and results can be found in Attachment 3.

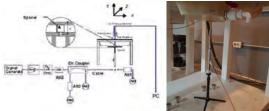


Figure 11.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo



## 12. SAR TEST RESULTS

## 12.1 Head SAR Results

#### Table 12.1.1 DTS Head SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESU	LTS							
FREQU	ENCY	Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR	Plot s
MHz	Ch	(Antenna)	[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Area Scan	[Mbps]	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	(Duty Cycle)	(W/kg)	#
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.020	Left Touch	FCC #1	0.101	1	99.0	0.107	1.153	1.010	0.125	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	-0.020	Right Touch	FCC #1	0.426	1	99.0	0.431	1.153	1.010	0.502	A1
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.170	Left Tilt	FCC #1	0.068	1	99.0	0.073	1.153	1.010	0.086	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.080	Right Tilt	FCC #1	0.186	1	99.0	0.169	1.153	1.010	0.197	
				95.1-1992- SAFI	=		_	_		ead			_		
					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)										
		Unconf	trolled Exposu	re/General Popu	ulation Ex	oosure				av	eraged	over 1 gra	m		

#### Note(s):

- Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.
   Highest reported SAR is > 0.4 W/kg. Due to the highest reported SAR for this test position, other test position is Head exposure condition were evaluated until a SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg was reported.

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUE	ENCY Ch	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	1g Scaled SAR	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR	Determine OFDM SAR	
14/11/2	OII			[dBm]	(W/kg)				[dBm		(W/kg)		
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.502	2437	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.399	X	
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.502	2437	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.399	X	
	Unc	ANSI / IEEE Controlled Expos	Spatial Pe	ak					He 1.6 W/kg averaged o	(mW/g)			

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.



## 12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Results

Table 12.2.1 DTS Body-Worn SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESULT	s							
FREQUI	ENCY	Mode	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	1g SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty	1g Scaled SAR	Plots	
MHz	Ch		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Area Scan	[Mbps]	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	Cycle)	(W/kg)	*
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.091	1	99.0	0.096	1.153	1.010	0.112	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	-0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.094	1	99.0	0.098	1.153	1.010	0.114	A2
			S	5.1-1992– SAFE patial Peak e/General Popul		osure					Boo .6 W/kg eraged ov	•	ı		

Note(s):

<sup>1.</sup> Highest reported SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
											Determine OFDM SAR		
IVITIZ	CII			[aBm]	(W/Kg)				lan		(W/Kg)		
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.114	2437	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.091	X	
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.114	2437	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.091	X	
	Unce	ANSI / IEEE Controlled Expos	Spatial Pe	ak		•	-	-	Bo 1.6 W/kg averaged o	(mW/g)	<del>:</del>	<u>-</u>	

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

## 12.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Table 12.3.1 DTS Phablet SAR

						MEASURE	MENT RESU	LTS							
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power	Conducted Power	Drift Power	Phantom Position	Device Serial	Peak SAR of	Data Rate	Duty Cycle	10g SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty	10g Scaled SAR	Plots
MHz	Ch		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	1 00.11011	Number	Area Scan	[Mbps]	0,0.0	(W/kg)	, actor	Cycle)	(W/kg)	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	-0.050	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.087	6	99.0	0.096	1.153	1.010	0.112	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	-0.040	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.259	6	99.0	0.264	1.153	1.010	0.307	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.150	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.370	6	99.0	0.294	1.153	1.010	0.342	
2437	6	802.11b	16.0	15.38	0.050	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.251	6	99.0	0.310	1.153	1.010	0.361	А3
	_		ANSI / IEEE C	95.1-1992- SAFI	ETY LIMIT		_				Ha	and			
			(	Spatial Peak							4.0 W/k	g (mW/g)			
	Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure							averaged over 10 gram							

Note(s):

<sup>1.</sup> Highest reported SAR is ≤ 1.0 W/kg. Therefore, further SAR measurements within this exposure condition are not required.

	Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUI	ENCY	Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	10g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR	
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.361	2437	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.287	x	
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	16.0	0.361	2437	802.11n	OFDM	15.0	0.794	0.287	x	
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Hand 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg.

#### 12.4 SAR Test Notes

#### General Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication447498 D01v06.
- 2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
- 3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
- 4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
- 5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
- 6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- 7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
- 8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR tests were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg.

#### WLAN Notes:

- The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- 2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required duo to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 3. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
- 4. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

# 13. IEEE Std 1528 - MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

## 2450 MHz Head

Free Description	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard	vi 2 or
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	DIVISOR	1g	(1g)	Veff
Measurement System		_				
Probe calibration	± 6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞
Axial isotropy	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.5 %	∞
Boundary Effects	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.46 %	∞
Probe Linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞
Detection limits	± 0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.14 %	∞
Readout Electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0 %	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.46 %	∞
Integration time	± 2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.23 %	∞
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.58 %	∞
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %	145
Device Holder	± 3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %	5
Power Drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞
SAR Scaling	± 2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %	∞
Physical Parameters						
Phantom Shell	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 2.9 %	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	± 3.9	Normal	1	0.64	± 3.9 %	∞
Liquid permittivity (Target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 2.9 %	8
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	± 4.2	Normal	1	0.6	± 4.2 %	8
Temp. unc Conductivity	± 1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	± 1.1 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity	± 1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.23	± 1.1 %	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 12 %	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)					± 24 %	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

## 2450 MHz Body

Favor Decembries	Uncertainty	Probability	Divisor	(Ci)	Standard	vi 2 or	
Error Description	value ±%	Distribution	Divisor	1g	(1g)	Veff	
Measurement System				•		<u>.</u>	
Probe calibration	± 6.0	Normal	1	1	± 6.0 %	∞	
Axial isotropy	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	8	
Hemispherical isotropy	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 5.5 %	∞	
Boundary Effects	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.46 %	∞	
Probe Linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7 %	∞	
Detection limits	± 0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.14 %	∞	
Readout Electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0 %	∞	
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.46 %	∞	
Integration time	± 2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.5 %	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
Probe Positioner	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.23 %	∞	
Probe Positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7 %	∞	
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.58 %	∞	
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	± 2.9	Normal	1	1	± 2.9 %	145	
Device Holder	± 3.6	Normal	1	1	± 3.6 %	5	
Power Drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.9 %	∞	
SAR Scaling	± 2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.2 %	∞	
Physical Parameters							
Phantom Shell	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3 %	∞	
Liquid conductivity (Target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	± 2.9 %	∞	
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	± 4.1	Normal	1	0.64	± 4.1 %	∞	
Liquid permittivity (Target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 2.9 %	∞	
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	± 4.2	Normal	1	0.6	± 4.2 %	∞	
Temp. unc Conductivity	± 1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.78	± 1.0 %	8	
Temp. unc Permittivity	± 1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	± 1.0 %	∞	
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 12 %	330	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)		-			± 24 %		

Report No.: DRRFCC1708-0087(2)

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

## 14. CONCLUSION

#### **Measurement Conclusion**

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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## Attachment 1. - Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3866

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01 v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25 v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: May 31, 2017

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-16 (No. ES3-3013_Dec16)	Dec-17
DAE4	SN: 660	7-Dec-16 (No. DAE4-660_Dec16)	Dec-17
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-16)	In house check: Oct-17

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: MIchael Weber Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: May 31, 2017

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

Page 1 of 38

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
   NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 - SN:3866 May 31, 2017

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:3866

Manufactured: February 2, 2012 Calibrated: May 31, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

Page 3 of 38

EX3DV4-SN:3866

May 31, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.41	0.32	0.36	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	98.7	104.7	105.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	128.8	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		129.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		116.6	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

#### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V-1	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V-1	T6
X	80.45	604.4	36.15	27.57	2.71	5.008	0.000	0.922	1.011
Υ	55.76	412.0	35.04	17.20	1.60	4.942	0.529	0.571	1.004
Z	46.51	343.2	34.91	16.57	1.418	4.95	1,280	0.347	1.004

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4-SN:3866

May 31, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.18	10.18	10.18	0.51	0.81	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.60	9.60	9.60	0.50	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.45	9.45	9.45	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.32	8.32	8.32	0.38	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.93	7.93	7.93	0.42	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.48	7.48	7.48	0.33	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.28	7.28	7.28	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.20	1.25	± 13.1 9
5200	36.0	4.66	5.34	5.34	5.34	0.35	1.80	±13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.77	4.77	4.77	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.68	4.68	4.68	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

G Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and a) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3 6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4-SN:3866

May 31, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha G	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.67	9.67	9.67	0.45	0.80	±12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.44	9.44	9.44	0,46	0.82	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.68	9.68	9.68	0.34	0.98	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.31	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.36	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.39	0.85	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.29	0.92	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.20	1.30	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.98	4.98	4.98	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.78	4.78	4.78	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.21	4.21	4.21	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5,77	4.03	4.03	4.03	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.24	4.24	4.24	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

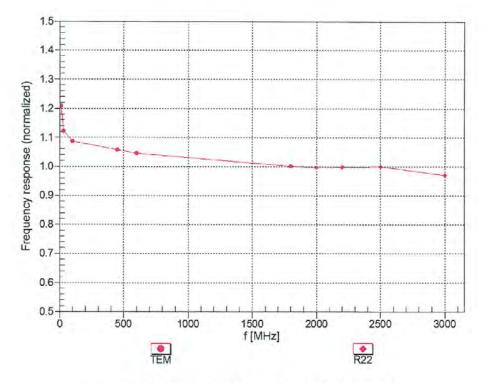
Full Attraction of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target fiestly a parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target fiestly a parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip



## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

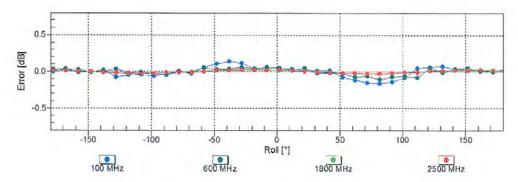


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

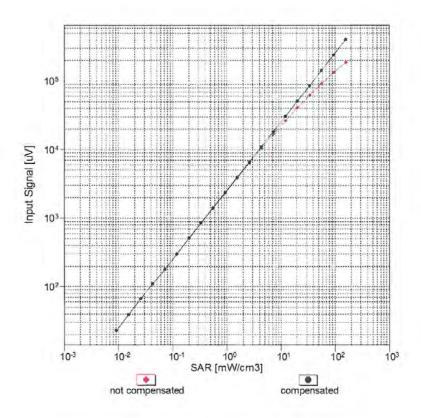


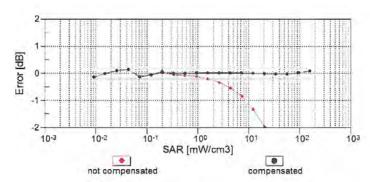


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



## Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





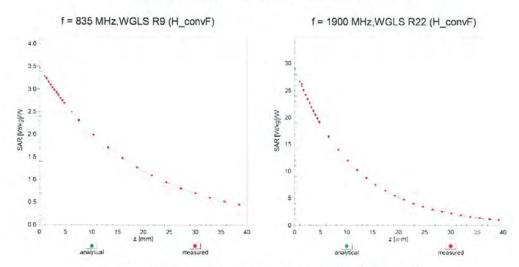
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

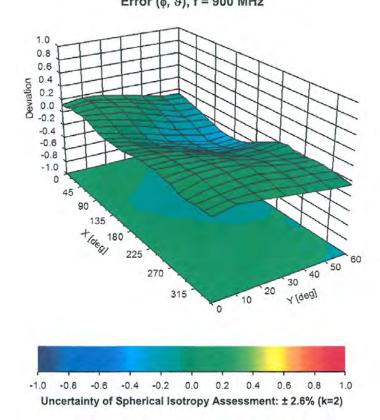
Page 9 of 38



## **Conversion Factor Assessment**



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

Page 10 of 38

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3866

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	61.9
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm



EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	dB	VR mV	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	128.8	± 3.8 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		129.9	
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		116.6	
10010- CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	X	5.95	74.05	16.36	10.00	20.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.07	66.56	11.43		20.0	
-		Z	2.99	66.54	11.31		20.0	
10011- CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	1.28	70.56	17.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.08	68.10	15.82		150.0	
10010		Z	1.04	67.68	15.48		150.0	
10012- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	×	1.32	65.32	16.30	0.41	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.20	64.03	15.24		150.0	
40045	VICES CON 12 AUGUST STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	Z	1.19	63.96	15.11		150.0	-
10013- CAB	IEEE 802,11g WIFI 2,4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	5.19	66.67	17.18	1.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.90	66.40	16.75		150.0	
40004	CON CDD (TDM) CHOIC	Z	4.82	66.51	16.77		150.0	
10021- DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	12.15	85.52	22.11	9.39	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.07	75.16	16.30		50.0	
40000	Short the training of the state	Z	6.56	76.45	16.67		50.0	-
10023- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	X	11.50	84.56	21.84	9.57	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.84	74.50	16.08		50.0	
10001		Z	6.17	75.47	16.33		50.0	- 222
10024- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	X	26.23	96,72	23.98	6.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.12	74.76	14.90		60.0	
40000		Z	5.82	76.45	15.41		60.0	
10025- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	X	10.67	88.40	32.75	12.57	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.12	65.62	21.59		50.0	
		Z	6.56	79.23	28.97		50.0	
10026- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	X	14.94	95.03	32.08	9.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.51	87.13	28.83		60.0	
4005-	Sans can (Sall)	Z	10.55	91.01	30.74	12.22	60.0	
10027- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	100.00	113.33	27.03	4.80	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.60	77.09	14.96		80.0	
10028- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	Z	7.37 100.00	80.07 113.17	15.84 26.19	3.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
DAG		Y	9.35	83.25	16.28		100.0	_
		Z	18.35	89.71	17.97	-	100.0	
10029-	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	X	10.87	88.71	28.82	7.80	80.0	±9.6 %
DAC	EUGLA DO (TOWA, OF SK, TN 0-1-2)	Ŷ	6.75	(223,7)	340000	7.00	80.0	1 3.0 %
		Z	6.88	80.75 82.26	25.47	-	80.0	
10030- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	X	43.82	102.79	26.43 24.81	5.30	70.0	±9.6 %
UNA		Y	4.19	73.20	13.74		70.0	
		Z	4.19	74.19	14.00		70.0	
10031- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	X	100.00	114.49	25.34	1.88	100.0	±9.6 %
J/M		Y	12.27	86.90	16.08		100.0	
_	12	Z	14.50	88.27	16.33		100.0	
			17.00	00.21	10.00		100.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10032- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Х	100.00	120.23	26.73	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	100.00	107.05	20.40		100.0	
		Z	100.00	107.01	20.33		100.0	
10033- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	×	10.94	88.62	24.03	5.30	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.82	76.42	18.22		70.0	
		Z	4.75	76.24	17.84		70.0	
10034- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	X	5.09	82.37	21.18	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
	10,10/	Y	2.44	72.17	15.93		100.0	
1 - 1		Z	2.33	71.44	15.08		100.0	
10035- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	×	3.40	78.37	19.72	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.93	70.75	15.37		100.0	
		Z	1.84	70.11	14.50		100.0	
10036- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	X	12.65	91.14	24.92	5,30	70.0	±9.6 %
THE T		Y	5.32	77.99	18.87		70.0	
		Z	5.25	77.78	18,47		70.0	
10037- CAA	IEEE 802,15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	х	4.98	82.11	21.03	1.88	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.35	71.76	15.72		100.0	
		Z	2.23	70.95	14.85		100.0	
10038- CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	×	3.51	79.08	20.06	1.17	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.95	71.10	15.61		100.0	
		Z	1.86	70.41	14.73		100.0	
10039- CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	2.56	75.42	18.82	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2,30	75.01	17.60		150.0	
		Z	1,99	73.47	16.29		150.0	
10042- CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4- DQPSK, Halfrate)	X	16.20	89.31	21.91	7.78	50.0	± 9.6 %
1270		Υ	4.76	72.97	14.33		50.0	
		Z	5.04	73.85	14.55		50.0	
10044- CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	×	0.00	102.20	0.07	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.00	102.73	3.92		150.0	
	THE TAKE OF SHIP AS A STREET OF THE SHIP	Z	0.00	99.33	2.98		150.0	
10048- CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	X	8.75	77.87	21.22	13.80	25.0	±9,6 %
		Y	5.51	70.74	16.23		25.0	
		Z	5.63	71,35	16.31		25.0	
10049- CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	X	9.70	81.24	21.09	10.79	40.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.71	73.25	15.92		40.0	
		Z	5.84	73.83	16.00		40.0	
10056- CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	х	10,12	82.67	22.58	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.84	76.82	18.79		50.0	
	Lagrangian Company	Z	7.14	77.75	18.94		50.0	1
10058- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	X	8.43	84.30	26.55	6.55	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.31	76.88	23.34		100.0	
-		Z	5.24	77.48	23.87		100.0	
10059- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	X	1.47	67.27	17.17	0.61	110.0	± 9.6 %
	L'Y	Y	1.25	65.09	15.65		110.0	
1997-		Z	1.24	65.01	15.54	H-T-I	110.0	
10060- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	X	100.00	130.10	33.13	1.30	110.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.36	86.40	21.16		110.0	-
		Z	4.61	87.44	21.51		110.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10061- CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2,4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	X	6.73	88.90	24.38	2.04	110.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.67	75.57	19.02		110.0	
	And the Control of th	Z	2.69	76.06	19.25	7	110.0	
10062- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	X	4.98	66,68	16.67	0.49	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.73	66.55	16.37		100.0	
		Z	4.63	66.59	16.34		100.0	
10063- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	X	5.01	66.81	16.78	0.72	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.74	66.60	16.43		100.0	
		Z	4.65	66.64	16.40		100.0	
10064- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	X	5.39	67.18	17.03	0.86	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.05	66.88	16.64		100.0	
		Z	4.92	66.88	16.60		100.0	TITE TO
10065- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	X	5.25	67.10	17.11	1.21	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.91	66.74	16.67		100.0	
702.5.4		Z	4.79	66.75	16.65	i mag e	100.0	1000
10066- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	X	5.29	67.18	17.29	1.46	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.92	66.72	16.78		100.0	
		Z	4.81	66.75	16.77	HET B	100.0	
10067- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	Х	5.60	67.22	17.68	2.04	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	66.76	17.12		100.0	
		Z	5.09	66.89	17.16		100.0	
10068- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	Х	5.73	67.57	17,99	2.55	100.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.27	66.90	17.33		100.0	
70777		Z	5.15	66.94	17.34		100.0	
10069- CAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	X	5.78	67.36	18.10	2.67	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.35	66.82	17.48		100.0	
15.450		Z	5.23	66.94	17.52		100.0	
10071- CAB	(DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	X	5.31	66.82	17,48	1.99	100.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.99	66.45	16.98		100.0	
12.252		Z	4.92	66.57	17.02	100	100.0	
10072- CAB	(DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	Х	5.36	67.31	17.73	2.30	100.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.99	66.78	17,15		100.0	
10073-	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz	X	4.90 5.46	66.87 67.54	17.19 18.06	2.83	100.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	(DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	W	Enr	PP 00	47.40		400 n	
		Y	5.05	66.89	17.40		100.0	
10074- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	Z X	4.97 5.46	67.03 67.56	17.47 18.30	3.30	100.0	± 9.6 %
LAL.	ואים ופוסטוסו ביווין, ביו ואוטף	Y	5.03	66.79	17.52		100.0	
		Z	4.97	66.96	17.60		100.0	
10075- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	X	5.61	68.07	18,77	3.82	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.10	67.00	17.83		90.0	
		Z	5.03	67.12	17,89		90.0	
10076- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	x	5.58	67.75	18.81	4.15	90.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.10	66.74	17.89		90.0	
		Z	5.05	66.96	18.02		90.0	
10077- CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	×	5.60	67.82	18.90	4.30	90.0	± 9,6 %
	2000	Y	5.12	66.79	17.97		90.0	
		Z	5.08	67.04	18.11		90.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10081-	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	1.27	70.24	16.36	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	Transaction and the second			Part States				
		Y	0.98	67.71	14.08		150.0	
¥0000		Z	0,86	66.59	12.87		150.0	
10082- CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4- DQPSK, Fullrate)	×	1,73	62.11	7.60	4.77	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.89	58.75	4.35		80.0	
	Land Street, Street, Land on the same	Z	0.86	58.91	4.38		80.0	
10090- DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	Х	25.29	96.24	23.88	6.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.08	74.63	14.87		60.0	
		Z	5.76	76.30	15.37		60.0	
10097- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	×	2.01	68.55	16.75	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.89	68.09	16.11		150.0	
	The same of the sa	Z	1.85	68.04	15.86		150.0	
10098- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	X	1.97	68.53	16.72	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.85	68.03	16.07		150.0	
		2	1.81	67.98	15.83		150.0	
10099- DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	Х	14.91	94.93	32.04	9.56	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.53	87.13	28.81		60.0	
		Z	10.57	91.01	30.73		60.0	
10100- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.70	72.32	17.65	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.30	71.07	17.03		150.0	
		Z	3.15	70.59	16.83		150.0	
10101- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.59	68.49	16.54	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.34	67.87	16.11		150.0	
020274		Z	3.24	67.63	15.98		150.0	
10102- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	3.68	68.35	16.59	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.45	67.84	16.22		150.0	
*****		Z	3.34	67.61	16.07		150.0	
10103- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.82	75.74	19.97	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.01	72.79	18.45		65.0	
	and the state of t	Z	6.25	74.01	19.06		65.0	
10104- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.19	75,35	20.72	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.66	73.01	19.41		65.0	
		Z	6.53	73.21	19.57		65.0	
10105- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.58	73.89	20,39	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.04	71.14	18.90		65.0	
		Z	6.27	72.37	19.53		65.0	
10108- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.27	71.37	17.44	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.89	70.23	16.85		150.0	
	Land Control of the C	Z	2.74	69.80	16.65	-	150.0	
10109- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.27	68.30	16.53	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.01	67.74	16.08		150.0	
		Z	2.90	67.51	15.90	1.00	150.0	
10110- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.70	70.25	17.14	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2,36	69,21	16.48		150.0	
		Z	2.22	68.90	16.25		150.0	
10111- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	2.98	68.82	16.94	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.76	68.70	16.56		150.0	
		Z	2.63	68.51	16.27		150.0	



EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10112- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.38	68.12	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.13	67.71	16.13		150.0	
		Z	3.02	67.52	15.96		150.0	
10113- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.13	68.77	16.98	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.91	68.81	16.68		150.0	
	Towns or the second of the second	Z	2.79	68.66	16.40		150.0	
10114- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	5.38	67.36	16.61	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.19	67.25	16.45		150.0	
		Z	5.11	67.25	16.43		150.0	
10115- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.86	67.90	16.87	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.54	67.52	16.58		150.0	
		Z	5.39	67.35	16.49		150.0	
10116- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.53	67.63	16.65	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.31	67.49	16.49		150.0	
		Z	5.20	67.43	16.45		150.0	
10117- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	5.38	67.35	16.62	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.18	67.22	16.45		150.0	
		Z	5.07	67.11	16.38		150.0	
10118- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16- QAM)	Х	5.83	67.70	16.77	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.61	67.67	16.66		150.0	
2.7.00		Z	5.46	67.54	16.59		150.0	
10119- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64- QAM)	X	5.48	67.51	16.62	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.28	67.43	16.47		150.0	
		Z	5.18	67.38	16.43		150.0	
10140- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	3.74	68.35	16.51	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.49	67.83	16.13		150.0	
		Z	3.38	67.61	15.99		150.0	10
10141- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.85	68.30	16.62	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.61	67.92	16.30		150.0	
		Z	3.50	67.72	16.16		150.0	
10142- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	Х	2.47	70.19	17.11	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.15	69.32	16.33		150.0	
		Z	2.01	68,99	15.96		150.0	
10143- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	2.89	69.59	17.08	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.67	69.73	16.56		150.0	
		Z	2.52	69.44	16.05		150.0	
10144- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.70	67.64	15.72	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.40	67.16	14.83		150.0	
		Z	2.24	66.84	14.28		150.0	
10145- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	1.97	70.10	16.38	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.52	67.65	13.88		150.0	
		Z	1.24	65.51	11.97		150.0	
10146- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	4.51	76.77	18.96	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	2.44	68.50	13.41		150.0	
		2	1.88	65.68	11.07		150.0	
10147- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	5.75	80.68	20.67	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.03	71.42	14.87		150.0	
		Z	2.20	67.48	12.06		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10149- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.28	68.36	16.57	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.02	67.81	16.13		150.0	
		Z	2.90	67.58	15.95		150.0	
10150- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.39	68.17	16,56	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.14	67.77	16.18		150.0	
		Z	3.03	67.57	16.00		150.0	
10151-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,	X	8.20	77.58	20.81	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
CAC	QPSK)	Y	6.49	75.24	19.50	0.00	65.0	20.0 70
_		Z	6.49	75.92	19.85		65.0	_
10152- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.78	75.36	20.58	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
	10 20 11/	Y	6.15	72.70	19.01		65.0	
		Z	6.01	72.92	19.11		65.0	
10153- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	8.10	76.01	21,20	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.53	73.66	19.80		65.0	
		Z	6.41	73.92	19.91		65.0	-
10154- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.79	70.93	17.54	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.43	69.84	16.85		150.0	
		Z	2.28	69.36	16.54		150.0	
10155- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.97	68.79	16.93	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	2.75	68.70	16.56		150.0	
		2	2.64	68.53	16.29		150.0	
10156- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	2.38	70,70	17.32	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.03	69.70	16.35		150.0	
		Z	1.86	69.17	15.79		150.0	
10157- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	2.56	68.45	16.06	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.27	67.99	15.08		150.0	
		Z	2.10	67.52	14.38		150.0	
10158- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.14	68.82	17.02	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.92	68.88	16.73		150.0	
	The state of the s	Z	2.79	68.73	16.45		150.0	
10159- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	2.69	68.91	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.41	68.63	15.46		150.0	
		Z	2.22	68.05	14.69		150.0	
10160- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	Х	3.11	69.55	16.94	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	2.84	68.95	16.51		150.0	
		Z	2.74	68.78	16.38		150.0	
10161- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	3.28	68.03	16,53	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.04	67.71	16.14		150.0	
		Z	2.93	67.53	15.94		150.0	
10162- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	3.37	67.94	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.15	67.79	16.21		150.0	
		Z	3.04	67.69	16.05		150.0	
10166- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.28	70.28	19.69	3.01	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	3.74	69.45	18.87		150.0	
		Z	3.63	69.87	19.11		150.0	
10167- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	5.55	73.25	20.22	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.69	72.31	19.32		150.0	-

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10168- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	6.00	74.91	21.24	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
1	A 4 A A	Y	5.28	74.84	20.79	4.0	150.0	
		Z	5.27	76.11	21.29		150.0	
10169- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	Х	4.34	73.27	20.82	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.28	69.91	19.02		150.0	
		Z	3.11	69.87	19.09	_	150.0	
10170- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	6.52	79.56	22.99	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAG	16-QAM)	Y	4.00	70.70	04.00		450.0	
		Z	4.86	76.70 77.55	21.63		150.0	
10171-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz,	X	5.30			2.04		
AAC	64-QAM)	100		75.06	20.34	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.78	71.45	18.41		150.0	
		Z	3.67	72.20	18.78		150.0	
10172- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	X	14.20	92.21	27.61	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
4.0		Y	6.31	80.40	22.75		65.0	
		Z	7.75	85.93	25.05	to Tale	65.0	
10173- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	15.48	90.10	25.55	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	9.20	83.52	22.24		65.0	
		Z	10.68	87.60	23.70		65.0	
10174- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	12.86	86.06	23.83	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.38	74.78	18.72		65.0	
		Z	8.28	82.76	21.60		65.0	
10175- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.26	72.82	20.52	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAD	Qr ory	Υ	3.23	69.49	18.71		150.0	
		z	3.07	69.51	18.82		150.0	
10176- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.53	79.58	23.00	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
OND	10-QAW)	Y	4.87	76.73	21.64		150.0	
		Z	4.75	77.58	22.03		150.0	
10177- CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	×	4.31	73.06	20.67	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
Uni	Gr GR)	Y.	3.26	69.71	18.85		150.0	
		Z	3.10	69.68	18.92		150.0	
10178- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16- QAM)	X	6.40	79.18	22.81	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
UNU	(CAIVI)	Y	4.78	76.35	21.45		150.0	
	+	Z	4.69	77.29	21.89		150.0	
10179- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.82	77.04	21.48	3.01	150.0	±9,6 %
UNU	U-SANIVI)	Y	4.23	73.75	19.80		150.0	
		z	4.23	74.64	20.22	-	150.0	
10180- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-	X	5.26	74.91	20.25	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAD	QAM)	Y	3.76	71.33	18.33		150.0	
		-					-	
10101	LTE EDD /OC EDMA 4 DD 45 MM	Z	3.66	72.12	18.72	3.01	150.0	±9.6 %
10181- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.30	73.03	20,65	3,01	150.0	± 3.0 %
		Y	3,26	69.69	18.83		150.0	
		Z	3.09	69.66	18.91	- 02:	150.0	225
10182- CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.39	79.15	22.80	3.01	150,0	± 9.6 %
7.4		Y	4.77	76.32	21.44		150.0	
A-1	The second secon	Z	4.68	77.26	21.88	-	150.0	1
10183- AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.26	74.89	20.24	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
	1		0.75	74.04	40.00		450.0	
		Y	3.75	71.31	18.32		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10184- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.32	73.09	20,68	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.27	69.74	18.86		150.0	
	A COLUMN TO SERVICE SE	Z	3.10	69.71	18.94		150.0	7.7
10185- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16- QAM)	×	6.42	79.23	22,83	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.80	76.41	21.48		150.0	
		Z	4.71	77.35	21.92		150.0	
10186- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64- QAM)	х	5.28	74.95	20.27	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.77	71.37	18.36		150.0	
		Z	3.67	72.16	18.75		150.0	
10187- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	4.32	73.09	20.70	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.28	69.77	18.91		150.0	
		Z	3.11	69.77	19.00		150.0	
10188- CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	6.69	80.08	23.26	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.03	77.38	21.99		150.0	
		2	4.91	78.22	22.37	1	150.0	Car to a
10189- AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	5.42	75.48	20.58	3.01	150.0	± 9.6 %
	1 - 10	Y	3.87	71.90	18.68		150.0	
		Z	3.77	72.68	19.06		150.0	
10193- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	4.82	66.68	16.41	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	17.5 %	Y	4.61	66.69	16.22		150.0	
		Z	4.51	66.70	16.15		150.0	-
10194- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	Х	5.04	67.10	16.51	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.80	67.04	16.34		150.0	
		Z	4.68	67.00	16.27		150.0	
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.08	67.07	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.84	67.06	16.35		150.0	
		Z	4.72	67.03	16.29		150.0	
10196- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	Х	4.85	66.81	16.45	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.63	66.78	16.25		150.0	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Z	4.51	66.75	16.16	1000	150.0	
10197- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.06	67.11	16.51	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.81	67.06	16.35		150.0	
		Z	4.69	67.02	16.28		150.0	
10198- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64- QAM)	X	5.09	67.08	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.84	67.07	16.36		150.0	
		Z	4.72	67.05	16.30	1.1.	150.0	
10219- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.81	66.84	16.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.58	66.79	16.22		150.0	
		Z	4.46	66.77	16.13		150.0	
10220- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	Х	5.07	67.12	16,52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.81	67.04	16.34		150.0	
		Z	4.68	66.99	16.27		150.0	
10221- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64- QAM)	X	5.09	67.03	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.85	67.00	16.34		150.0	
.,.,.		Z	4.73	66.97	16.28		150.0	
10222- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.37	67.40	16.64	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.16	67.24	16.45		150.0	
			0.10	201-1-1	10.40		100.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10223- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.74	67.56	16.72	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.49	67.44	16.57		150.0	
		Z	5.34	67.30	16.48		150.0	
10224- CAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	×	5.45	67.58	16.65	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.21	67.34	16.43		150.0	
		Z	5.10	67.24	16.36		150.0	1000
10225- CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	X	3.09	66.39	16.04	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.90	66.33	15.61		150.0	1
		Z	2.80	66.28	15.36		150.0	
10226- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	16.00	90.76	25.85	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.66	84.39	22.63	-	65.0	
		Z	11.34	88.68	24.14		65.0	
10227- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	14.05	87.61	24,43	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.75	81.87	21.28		65.0	
		Z	10.02	85.56	22.56		65.0	-
10228- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	Х	16.43	95.41	28.75	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.49	85.80	24.72		65.0	
		Z	9.08	88.93	26.11		65.0	
10229- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16- QAM)	Х	15.52	90.13	25.57	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.26	83.61	22.28	100	65.0	
		Z	10.75	87.69	23.74		65.0	
10230- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64- QAM)	X	13.65	87.05	24.18	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.41	81.19	20.97		65.0	
		Z	9.53	84.70	22.20		65.0	
10231- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	15.89	94.70	28.45	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.15	85.00	24.36		65.0	
		Z	8.68	88.03	25.73	Facilities .	65.0	
10232- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16- QAM)	X	15.51	90.13	25.57	6,02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.24	83.59	22.27		65.0	
		Z	10.74	87.68	23.73		65.0	
10233- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64- QAM)	Х	13.64	87.05	24.18	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.39	81.18	20.97		65.0	
		Z	9.51	84.69	22.19		65.0	
10234- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	Х	15.33	93.90	28.11	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.84	84.19	23.97		65.0	
		Z	8.32	87.14	25.32		65.0	
10235- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	15.52	90.15	25.58	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.24	83.60	22,28		65.0	
		Z	10.74	87.70	23.74		65.0	
10236- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	×	13.71	87.13	24.20	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.44	81.24	20.98		65.0	
		Z	9.58	84.78	22.22		65.0	
10237- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	х	15.95	94.80	28.48	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.16	85.03	24.37		65.0	
		Z	8.69	88.09	25.75		65.0	
10238- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	15.50	90.13	25.57	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	9.23	83.56	22,26		65.0	
	+	Z	10.71	87.65	23.72		65.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10239- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	13.64	87.06	24.18	6.02	65.0	±9.6%
		Y	8.38	81.16	20.96		65.0	
		Z	9.49	84.66	22.18		65.0	
10240- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	15.91	94.76	28.47	6.02	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.13	84.99	24.36		65.0	
	The second secon	Z	8.67	88.05	25.74	1000	65.0	100
10241- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	11.13	82.41	25.70	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.34	78.68	23.38		65.0	
		Z	8.64	80.88	24.34	50.00	65.0	
10242- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	9.91	79.85	24.58	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	7.20	75.75	22.09		65.0	
		Z	7.99	79.38	23.68		65.0	
10243- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.27	77.94	24.58	6.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.98	73.27	21.82		65.0	
		Z	6.43	76.20	23.27		65.0	
10244- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.97	79.15	21.15	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.58	72.44	16.74		65.0	
		Z	5.08	71.38	15.69		65.0	
10245- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	×	8.92	78.82	20.99	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
	Y. a. Y.	Y	5.56	72.17	16.58		65.0	
		Z	5.02	71.01	15.49		65.0	-
10246- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.93	79.91	21.09	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.97	73.86	17.47		65.0	
		Z	4.55	72.94	16.66		65.0	
10247- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.23	76.19	20.23	3,98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.17	72.08	17.43		65.0	
		Z	4.86	71.50	16.77		65.0	
10248- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.29	75.82	20.08	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.24	71.81	17.31		65.0	
	Andready in the same of the control	Z	4.89	71.20	16.64		65.0	
10249- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.41	80.65	21.74	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.79	76.14	19.09		65.0	
		Z	5.65	76.27	18.90		65.0	
10250- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	7.86	77.32	21.56	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.11	74.47	19.80		65.0	
		Z	5.97	74.64	19.74		65.0	
10251- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.54	75.43	20.55	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.90	72.73	18.76		65.0	
		Z	5.74	72.89	18.69		65.0	
10252- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.41	79.71	21.76	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.35	76.72	20.07		65.0	
		Z	6.39	77.53	20.37		65.0	7.1
10253- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.57	74.80	20.44	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.02	72.23	18.84		65.0	
		Z	5.91	72.49	18.92		65.0	100,00
10254- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.91	75.46	21.02	3.98	65.0	±9.6 %
		Y	6.39	73.13	19.56		65.0	
		Z	6.27	73.41	19.63		65.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10255- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.97	77.29	20.97	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.28	74.88	19.59	1	65.0	-
		Z	6.29	75.56	19.91		65.0	
10256- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.49	78.25	20.21	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.62	69.68	14.65		65.0	
		Z	3.97	67.90	13.13		65.0	-
10257- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	8.47	77.86	20.00	3.98	65.0	±9.6 %
27,20	100 127 51 50 107	Y	4.61	69.35	14.43	_	65.0	
		Z	3.94	67.51	12.87		65.0	
10258- CAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	X	7.49	79.02	20.38	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.13	71.05	15.63		65.0	
		Z	3.55	69.20	14.22		65.0	
10259- CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	7.45	76.46	20.64	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	5.53	72.93	18.27		65.0	
		Z	5.29	72.68	17.86		65.0	
10260-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz,	X	7.53	76.34	20.62	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	64-QAM)	Y	5.60	72.83	18.25	0.00	65.0	2 3.0 76
		Z		72.52				
10261-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz.		5.33	-	17.80	2.00	65.0	1000
CAB	QPSK)	X	8.18	79.85	21.65	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
_		Y	5.83	75.89	19.33		65.0	_
10060	LTE TOD (SC FDMA 400W DO F 11)	Z	5.75	76.27	19.31	2.00	65.0	
10262- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	Х	7.86	77.29	21.53	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.10	74.42	19.75		65.0	
70.05		Z	5.95	74.58	19.70		65.0	
10263- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	7.54	75.44	20.55	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.89	72.72	18.75	-	65.0	
		Z	5.73	72.88	18.68		65.0	
10264- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	Х	8.37	79.61	21.70	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.30	76.58	19.99		65.0	
		Z	6.33	77.37	20.28		65.0	
10265- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	х	7.78	75.36	20.58	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.14	72.70	19.01		65.0	
		Z	6.01	72.92	19.12		65.0	
10266- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	X	8.10	76.01	21.19	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.53	73.65	19.79		65.0	
4.7		Z	6.41	73.91	19.90		65.0	
10267- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	X	8.19	77.55	20.80	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.48	75.21	19.49		65.0	
		Z	6.48	75.89	19.83		65.0	
10268- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	X	8.29	75.07	20.77	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.83	72.94	19.54		65.0	
		Z	6.70	73.16	19.68		65.0	
10269- CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	Х	8.21	74.70	20.71	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.81	72.63	19.48		65.0	
		Z	6.69	72.85	19.62		65.0	100.7
	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15	X	8.08	75.76	20.23	3.98	65.0	± 9.6 %
10270- CAC		177						
10270- CAC	MHz, QPSK)	Υ	6.62	73.80	19.12		65.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

	Transaction of the second of t	Total T		r	-			
10274-	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP	X	2.76	66.59	15,87	0,00	150.0	± 9.6 %
CAB	Rel8.10)	Y	2.64	66.60	15.48		450.0	
		Z	2.59	66.69	15.48	-	150.0 150.0	
10275-	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP	X	1.90	69.79	16.94	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
CAB	Rel8.4)	^	1.30	09.79	10.54	0.00	150.0	1 3.0 %
O/ LD	1100,47	Y	1.69	68.48	15.99		150.0	
		Z	1.62	68.20	15.71		150.0	
10277-	PHS (QPSK)	X	5.02	68.20	13.47	9.03	50.0	±9.6 %
CAA	The fair only	0	5.02	00.20	15.41	3.00	30.0	1 3.0 %
2121		Y	3.07	63.14	8.94		50.0	
		Z	2.83	62.55	8.24		50.0	
10278-	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	X	8.60	78.91	20.42	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
CAA		157	- 6.675	0.000	237.7		47.2	7 213072
		Y	4.73	69.97	14.69		50.0	
		Z	4.23	68.38	13.48		50.0	
10279-	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	X	8.80	79.14	20.52	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
CAA		14.0		I Y			1.000	W. C.
		Y	4.84	70.19	14.82		50.0	
		Z	4.32	68,59	13.61		50.0	
10290-	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	X	2.08	72.13	17.20	0.00	150.0	±9.6%
AAB							1	
		Y	1.73	70.79	15.54		150.0	
		Z	1.49	69.39	14.25		150.0	
10291-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	X	1.23	69.84	16.17	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	The second second			100		100	1007	- Y
		Y	0.95	67.41	13.92		150.0	
	Service in the service of the servic	Z	0.84	66.34	12.73		150.0	
10292-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	X	1.63	75.37	19.05	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAB			7.42					
		Y	1.33	73.19	16.99		150.0	
******		Z	1.19	71.89	15.72		150.0	
10293-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	X	2.37	81.78	22.06	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
AAB			0.54	00.07	04.00		150.0	
_		Y	2.51	83.07	21,32		150.0	
10000	CDMARDON DC4 DC9 4/9# D-4- 05 6	Z	2.33	81.64	20.01	0.00	150.0	. 0 0 0
10295- AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	8.12	78.82	22.36	9.03	50.0	± 9.6 %
AAD		Y	6.35	75.25	19.41		E0.0	
	-	Z	6.85	76.57			50.0	
10297-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz,	X	3.29	71.49	19.54	0.00	50.0	+0.00
AAB	QPSK)	^	3.28	11.49	17,51	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAU	arsk)	Y	2.91	70.36	16.93		150.0	
		2	2.76	69.91	16.72	_	150.0	_
10298-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz,	X	2.19	70.68	16.97	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
AAC	QPSK)	^	2.10	10.00	10.57	0.00	100.0	1 3.0 %
		Y	1.81	69.34	15.44		150.0	
		Z	1.58	68.11	14.28		150.0	
10299-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz,	X	4.44	75.75	18.97	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
AAC	16-QAM)		614	1000	1,0,07	0.00	100.0	2 3.0 70
71.71		Y	3.00	70.72	15.22	T	150.0	
		Z	2.65	69.43	13.85		150.0	
10300-	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz,	X	3.42	70.62	16.09	0.00	150.0	±9.6%
AAC	64-QAM)	17.1	1300	1027	4-3-4	(2.77)		
		Y	2.26	66.10	12.36		150.0	
		Z	1.94	64.85	10.97		150.0	
10301-	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms,	X	5.45	66.39	18.27	4.17	50.0	±9.6 %
AAA	10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	1.1	3.74	1,15,190		1.00	2,400	A 110
		Υ	4.76	65.03	17.30	7	50.0	7
		Z	4.59	65.00	17.17		50.0	
10302-	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms,	Х	5.95	67.03	18.97	4.96	50.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	T-	777		- 77		11.00	4.0
		Y	5.29	65.83	18.09	7	50.0	
		Z	0.16.0	00.00	10.00		00.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10303- AAA	(EEE 802.16e WIMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	X	5.78	67.02	19.02	4.96	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.06	65.55	17.98		50.0	
		Z	4.97	65.86	18.03		50.0	
10304- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WIMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	X	5.48	66,51	18.31	4.17	50.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.84	65.37	17.46		50.0	
		Z	4.75	65.67	17.49		50.0	
10305- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	X	6.08	72.50	22.89	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
3.77		Y	4.70	67.98	19.95		35.0	
		Z	4.73	69.00	20.20		35.0	
10306- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	X	5.79	68.34	20.52	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.91	66.57	19.26		35.0	
		Z	4.87	67.25	19.44		35.0	Factor Co.
10307- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	Х	5.95	70.24	21.57	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.86	66.96	19.34		35.0	
-		Z	4.81	67.58	19.49		35.0	
10308- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	X	5.95	70.59	21.77	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	67.14	19.47		35.0	
		Z	4.80	67.86	19.67		35.0	
10309- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	Х	5.89	68.57	20.63	6.02	35.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.98	66.81	19.41		35.0	
		Z	4.92	67.45	19.58		35.0	
10310- AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	X	5.76	68.46	20.49	6.02	35.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.87	66.70	19.27		35.0	
		Z	4.84	67.39	19.46		35.0	
10311- AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	X	3.67	70.83	17.17	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.29	69.70	16.59		150.0	
		Z	3.13	69.21	16.37		150.0	
10313- AAA	IDEN 1:3	Х	5.42	73.66	16.54	6.99	70.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.23	68.66	13.67		70.0	
		Z	3.24	69.09	13.89		70.0	
10314- AAA	IDEN 1:6	Х	6.44	77.53	20.45	10.00	30.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.71	71.31	17.32		30.0	
		Z	3.76	72.02	17.68		30.0	
10315- AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	1.19	65.03	16.23	0.17	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	1.10	64.01	15.31		150.0	
		Z	1.09	63.89	15.13		150.0	
10316- AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	4.88	66.71	16.46	0.17	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.64	66.59	16.19		150.0	
		Z	4.54	66.61	16.15		150.0	7.7
10317- AAB	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	X	4.88	66.71	16.46	0.17	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.64	66.59	16.19		150.0	
		Z	4.54	66.61	16.15	127	150.0	
10400- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	х	5.07	67.13	16.48	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.80	67.07	16.31		150.0	
		Z	4.66	67.04	16.26		150.0	
10401- AAC	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.65	67.18	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.44	67.12	16.38	1	150.0	
			0.44		10.00			

EX3DV4-- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10403- AAB  10404- AAB  10406- AAB  10410- AAB  10415- AAA	99pc duty cycle)  CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)  CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)  CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y Z X X Y Y X X X Y Y X X Y Y X X X Y Y X X Y X Y X X Y Y X X Y X Y X X Y Y X X Y X Y X X Y Y X X Y X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X Y X X X Y X X X Y X X X X Y X X X X Y X	5.73 5.61 2.08 1.73 1.49 2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05	67.64 67.51 72.13 70.79 69.39 72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68 63.25 63.14	16.50 16.42 17.20 15.54 14.25 17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	150.0 150.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 % ± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10404- AAB  10406- AAB  10410- AAB  10415- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)  CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.61 2.08 1.73 1.49 2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05	67.51 72.13 70.79 69.39 72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	16.42 17.20 15.54 14.25 17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	150.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10404- AAB  10406- AAB  10410- AAB  10415- AAA  10416- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)  CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X Y Z X X X X	2.08 1.73 1.49 2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	72.13 70.79 69.39 72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68 63.25	17.20 15.54 14.25 17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10406- AAB 10410- AAB 10415- AAA 10416- AAA 10416-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Z X Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X	1.49 2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05	69.39 72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	14.25 17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10406- AAB 10410- AAB 10415- AAA 10416- AAA 10416-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X	1.49 2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05	69.39 72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	14.25 17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10406- AAB 10410- AAB 10415- AAA 10416- AAA 10416-	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X Y Z X	2.08 1.73 1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	72.13 70.79 69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	17.20 15.54 14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	0.00	115.0 115.0 115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 % ± 9.6 %
10410- AAB 10415- AAA 10416- AAA 10416-	Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	Z X Y Z X Y Z X	1.49 25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05	69.39 105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	14.25 28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52 14.93	3.23	115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 %
10410- AAB 10415- AAA 10416- AAA 10416-	Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	X Y Z X Y Z X	25.96 35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02	105.00 107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68 63.25	28.55 27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52 14.93	3.23	115.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 %
10410- AAB 1 10415- AAA 1 10416- AAA (	Rate  LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	Y Z X Y Z X	35.97 100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02	107.39 117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68	27.34 28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52	3.23	100.0 100.0 80.0 80.0 80.0	± 9.6 %
10415- AAA 1 10416- AAA (	QPSK, UL Subframe=2.3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	Z X Y Z X Y Z	100.00 39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	117.41 105.40 78.79 80.71 63.68 63.25	28.38 27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52 14.93		100.0 80.0 80.0 80.0	
10415- AAA 1 10416- AAA (	QPSK, UL Subframe=2.3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	X Y Z X Y Z	39.66 5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	78.79 80.71 63.68 63.25	27.14 17.37 17.76 15.52 14.93		80.0 80.0 80.0	
10415- AAA 1 10416- AAA (	QPSK, UL Subframe=2.3,4,7,8,9)  IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	Y Z X Y Z	5.60 6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	78.79 80.71 63.68	17.37 17.76 15.52		80.0 80.0	
10416- I AAA I	Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	Z X Y Z X	6.13 1.05 1.02 1.01	80.71 63.68 63.25	17.76 15.52 14.93	0.00	80.0	± 9.6 %
10416- AAA	Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	X Y Z X	1.05 1.02 1.01	63.68 63.25	15.52 14.93	0.00		± 9.6 %
10416- AAA	Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)  IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-	X Y Z X	1.05 1.02 1.01	63.68 63.25	15.52 14.93	0.00		± 9.6 %
AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	1.01					
AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X		63.14			150.0	
AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	1			14.73		150.0	
		v	303	66.68	16.41	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
40447		1	4.61	66.73	16.27		150.0	
40447		Z	4.51	66,73	16.21		150.0	
	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	×	4.81	66.68	16.41	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.61	66.73	16.27		150.0	
		Z	4.51	66.73	16,21		150.0	
AAA (	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preambule)	X	4.80	66.82	16.41	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.60	66.88	16.28		150.0	
		Z	4.50	66.90	16.24		150.0	
AAA (	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preambule)	×	4.82	66.78	16.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.62	66.83	16.29		150.0	-
		Z	4.52	66.84	16.24		150.0	11.
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	X	4.96	66.79	16.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.75	66.83	16.30	-	150.0	
		Z	4.64	66.83	16.25		150.0	
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.21	67.23	16.59	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.94	67.18	16.43		150.0	
		Z	4.80	67.14	16.36		150.0	
10424- 1	IEEE 802,11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2	X	5.10	67.16	16.55	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
AAA I	Mbps, 64-QAM)	Y	4.85	67.13	16.40	5.00	150.0	± 3.0 %
		Z	4.72	67.09	16.33		150.0	
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	X	5.64	67.50	16.68	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	5.42	67.40	16.52		150.0	
		Z	5.31	67.34	16.48	-	150.0	
	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	X	5.66	67.55	16.69	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	7.77	Y	5.42	67.41	16.52	_	150.0	_
-		Z	5.32	67.37	16.49		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10427- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	X	5.70	67.63	16.73	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.44	67.42	16.53		150.0	
		Z	5.33	67.35	16.48		150.0	
10430- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	4.61	70.13	18.46	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.54	71.62	18.84		150.0	
		Z	4.34	71.47	18.45		150.0	-
10431- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	x	4.62	67.28	16.57	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.33	67.30	16.34		150.0	
		Z	4.19	67.30	16.21		150.0	
10432- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	4.90	67.21	16.56	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.62	67.17	16.36		150.0	
227		Z	4.49	67.16	16.28		150.0	
10433- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	X	5.13	67.24	16.60	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
100		Y	4.86	67.17	16.42		150.0	
2.7		Z	4.73	67.13	16.35	1	150.0	
10434- AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	Х	4.70	70.75	18.51	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.71	72.68	18.95		150.0	
		Z	4.48	72.50	18.48		150.0	
10435- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	37.53	104.49	26.87	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.44	78.34	17.17		80.0	
		Z	5.88	80.12	17.53		80.0	
10447- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	Х	3.97	67.39	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.65	67.40	15.84		150.0	
		Z	3.48	67.35	15.53		150.0	-
10448- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clippin 44%)	X	4.41	67.05	16.43	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.16	67.08	16.20		150.0	
		Z	4.03	67.09	16.08		150.0	
10449- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Cliping 44%)	Х	4.65	67.03	16.47	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
777		Y	4.42	67.01	16.27		150.0	
		Z	4.30	66.99	16.19		150.0	
10450- AAA	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	Х	4.81	66.98	16.46	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.61	66.94	16.28		150.0	
		Z	4,50	66.91	16.21		150.0	
10451- AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	X	3.93	67.73	16.20	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	3.57	67.69	15.58		150.0	
		Z	3.37	67.51	15.13		150.0	
10456- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6.49	68.19	16.87	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.27	67.99	16.68		150.0	
		Z	6,17	67.89	16.63		150.0	
10457- AAA	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	X	3.92	65.38	16.20	0.00	150.0	± 9,6 %
	1	Y	3.83	65.36	16.00		150.0	
		Z	3.78	65.38	15.92		150.0	
10458- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	X	3.67	66.56	15.63	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	3.38	66.92	15.01		150.0	
		Z	3.18	66.77	14.47		150.0	
10459- AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	X	4.75	64.52	15.97	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.38	64.72	15.57		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10460- AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	X	1.12	71.77	18.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.94	69.07	16.80		150.0	
		Z	0.91	68.55	16.38		150.0	
10461- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	119.31	30.82	3.29	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.10	73.05	16.04		80.0	
		Z	2.89	73.54	16.13		80.0	
10462- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	18.95	88.90	20.75	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.38	61.26	8.79		80.0	
		Z	1.06	60.00	7.67		80.0	
10463- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	10.36	80.77	17.93	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	Programme to the second	Y	1.23	60.00	7.78		80.0	
to the		Z	1.08	60.00	7.25		80.0	
10464- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	117.71	29.93	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.52	70.33	14.54		80.0	
		Z	2.25	70.28	14.39		80.0	
10465- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	14.09	85.26	19.62	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.33	60.91	8.56		80.0	
		Z	1.06	60.00	7.62		80.0	
10466- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	х	8.41	78.26	17.06	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
5.000		Y	1.23	60.00	7.74		80.0	
		Z	1.08	60.00	7.21		80.0	
10467- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	117.87	30.00	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.60	70.71	14.71		80.0	
		Z	2.33	70.74	14.59		80.0	
10468- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	15.00	86.04	19.87	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.34	60.98	8.61		80.0	
		Z	1.05	60.00	7.63		80.0	
10469- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	×	8.49	78.39	17.10	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.23	60.00	7.73		80.0	
1		Z	1.08	60.00	7.21		80.0	
10470- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	117.89	30.01	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
1		Y	2.59	70.68	14.70		80.0	
		Z	2.32	70.72	14.58		80.0	
10471- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	14.99	86.02	19.85	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.33	60.96	8.58		80.0	
		Z	1.05	60.00	7.62		80.0	
10472- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	8.47	78,36	17.08	3.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Y	1.23	60.00	7.72		80.0	
		Z	1.08	60.00	7.20	- 3	80.0	
10473- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	100.00	117.86	30.00	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.58	70.66	14.68		80.0	
		Z	2.32	70.69	14.56		80.0	
10474- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	14.86	85.93	19.82	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	1.33	60.94	8.58		80.0	
LVC		Z	1.05	60.00	7.62		80.0	
10475- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	8.43	78.30	17.07	3,23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.23	60.00	7.73		80.0	-
		Z	1.07	60.00	7.20	_	80.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10477- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	14.24	85.37	19.64	3.23	0.08	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.32	60.87	8.52		80.0	
		Z	1.05	60.00	7.60	The State of	80.0	
10478- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64- QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	×	8.34	78.16	17.01	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.23	60.00	7.72		80.0	
		Z	1.08	60.00	7.19		80.0	77.77
10479- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	7.58	82.44	22.68	3.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Y	3.59	72.16	17.26		80.0	1100
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Z	3.82	73.96	17.62		80.0	
10480- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	8.66	80.46	20.82	3.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.62	69.25	14.74	-	80.0	
		Z	3.25	68.73	13.95		80.0	
10481- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	8.32	79.39	20.20	3.23	80.0	±9.6 %
7 1		Y	3.30	67.75	13.82		80.0	
	A STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	Z	2.81	66.70	12,77		80.0	1.2
10482- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	х	4.61	74.84	18.74	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
-		Y	2.45	67.42	14.54		80.0	
		Z	2.17	66.40	13.61		80.0	
10483- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	7.04	78.01	20.15	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.22	67.65	14.25		80.0	
		Z	2.72	66.06	12.91		80.0	P
10484- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.88	77.42	19.95	2.23	80.08	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.19	67.33	14.13		80.0	
		Z	2.68	65.67	12.75		80.0	
10485- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.87	75.43	19.35	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.80	68.87	15.89		80.0	
		Z	2.65	68.70	15.57		80.0	
10486- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.39	71.11	17.61	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.97	66.86	14.77		80.0	
		Z	2.74	66.32	14.11		80.0	
10487- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	х	4.42	70.85	17.52	2,23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.01	66.70	14.70		80.0	
		Z	2.77	66.11	14.01		80.0	
10488- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.15	74.67	19.27	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.29	69.38	16.67		80.0	
		Z	3.18	69.51	16.70		80.0	
10489- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	4.57	70.52	17.95	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.41	67.34	16.01		80.0	
		Z	3.29	67.38	15.90		80.0	
10490- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.64	70.21	17.86	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.52	67.30	16.03		80.0	
		Z	3.39	67.34	15.91		80.0	
10491- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.16	72.89	18.65	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.65	68.85	16.62		80.0	
		Z	3.54	68.96	16.70		80.0	
10492- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.86	69.73	17.79	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	The state of the s	Y	3.83	67.17	16.24	-	80.0	
			0.00	01-11	10.24		00.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10493- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.93	69.55	17.75	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
, Ind	04 WANT, OL GUOTIATTIC-2,3,4,1,0,3)	Y	3.91	67.12	16.25		80.0	-
		Z	3.79	67.17	16.23		80.0	-
10494- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.74	74.72	19.14	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	3 511 62 666 and 2151411 1010)	Y	3.85	69.89	16.87		80.0	
		Z	3.73	69.95	16.96		80.0	
10495-	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz.	X	4.96	70.37	18.01	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
AAB	16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Y	3.85	67.52	16.39	2.20	80.0	2 3.0 %
		Z	3.74	67.53	16.38	-	80.0	
10496- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.01	69.97	17.90	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.95	67.37	16.38		80.0	
		Z	3.83	67.39	16.37		80,0	1
10497- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	4.01	73.25	17.74	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.93	64.71	12.56		80.0	
		Z	1.59	62.88	11.00		80.0	
10498- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	х	3,65	69.30	15.53	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.84	62.00	10.41		80.0	
January 19	beautiful transmitted and the state of	Z	1.45	60.03	8.60		80.0	-
10499- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	х	3.67	69.04	15.33	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.83	61.70	10.14		80.0	
		Z	1.46	60.00	8.46		80.0	
10500- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	4.83	74.54	19.13	2.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Y	2.97	68.88	16.15		80.0	
		Z	2.85	68.93	16.01		80.0	
10501- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.45	70.72	17.68	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.17	67.08	15.27		80.0	
		Z	2.99	66.87	14.86		80.0	
10502- AAA	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.49	70.49	17.57	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.24	67.03	15.21		80.0	
		Z	3.05	66.79	14.78		80.0	
10503- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	5.08	74.48	19.18	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	HERVINE THE THE THE THE THE THE	Y	3.26	69.22	16.59		80.0	
		Z	3.14	69.35	16.62		80.0	1.00
10504- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.55	70.45	17.91	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.39	67.26	15.96		80.0	
		Z	3.27	67.30	15.84		80.0	
10505- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	4.62	70.13	17.82	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.50	67.21	15.98		80.0	
1000		Z	3.38	67.26	15.86		80.0	
10506- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	Х	5.70	74.57	19.08	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	3.82	69.76	16.81		80.0	
7505-		Z	3.70	69.84	16.89		80.0	
10507- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	4.94	70.30	17.97	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.84	67.45	16.35	-	80.0	
		Z	3.72	67.47	16.34		80.0	

EX3DV4- \$N:3866 May 31, 2017

10508- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.00	69.91	17.86	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
	S EXERCISING	Y	3.94	67.30	16.34		80.0	
		Z	3.82	67.33	16.33		80.0	77.5
10509- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.79	72.95	18.48	2.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.26	69.29	16.69		80.0	
		Z	4.14	69.32	16.77		80.0	
10510- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.42	70.01	17.89	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.37	67.55	16.52		80.0	
200		Z	4.25	67.52	16.53		80.0	
10511- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.43	69.67	17.81	2.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.43	67.38	16.51		80.0	
		Z	4.31	67.37	16.51		80.0	
10512- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	6.25	74.86	19.04	2.23	80.0	±9.6 %
		Υ	4.32	70.27	16.92		80.0	
		Z	4.20	70.27	16.99		80.0	
10513- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.36	70.54	18.07	2.23	80.0	± 9.6.%
		Y	4.24	67.74	16.56		80.0	
		Z	4.12	67.67	16.56		80.0	
10514- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	X	5.30	69.96	17.91	2.23	80.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.27	67.44	16.51		80.0	
		Z	4.16	67.39	16.51		80.0	
10515- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	1.02	63.96	15.65	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
	The state of the s	Y	0.98	63.45	15.00		150.0	
		Z	0.97	63.33	14.80		150.0	
10516- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	0.94	78.96	21.94	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.63	71.55	18.18		150.0	
1000		Z	0.60	70.68	17.59	0.00	150.0	
10517- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	0.92	67.01	16.91	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.84	65.58	15.77	_	150.0	_
40540	TEER DOO 11-A MEET F OUT TOERS! O	Z	0.82	65.26	15.47	0.00	150.0	1000
10518- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.82	66.79	16.42	0.00	150.0	± 9,6 %
		Y	4.61	66,81	16.26	_	150.0	
10519- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.50 5.08	66.81 67.12	16.20 16.56	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
7000	mope, eapo duty cycle/	Y	4.81	67.06	16.38		150.0	
		Z	4.68	67.02	16.30		150.0	
10520- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.92	67.13	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.67	67.05	16.31		150.0	
	The state of the s	Z	4.53	66.99	16.23		150.0	
10521- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.85	67.15	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	4.60	67.05	16.30		150.0	
		Z	4.47	66.98	16.22		150.0	
10522- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.87	66.98	16.46	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
1.1	WAR THE STATE OF T	Y	4.65	67.07	16.35		150.0	
		Z	4.53	67.08	16.31		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10523- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.75	66.99	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	A. H. Carretta	Υ	4.53	66.97	16.21		150.0	
		Z	4.42	66.97	16.17		150.0	
10524- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	4.84	66.98	16.47	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.60	67.01	16.33		150.0	
		Z	4.47	67.00	16.27		150.0	
10525- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.77	66.04	16.07	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.57	66.07	15.93		150.0	
and the same	Legal to the state of the state	Z	4.47	66.07	15.88		150.0	V
10526- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.00	66.46	16.21	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.76	66.45	16.07		150.0	
		Z	4.63	66.42	16.01		150.0	
10527- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.92	66.48	16.20	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.67	66.43	16.03		150.0	
1000		Z	4.55	66.38	15.96	1 1	150.0	
10528- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.94	66.50	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.69	66.44	16.06		150.0	
1000		Z	4.56	66.40	15.99		150.0	
10529- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.94	66.50	16.23	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.69	66.44	16.06		150.0	
24501		Z	4.56	66.40	15.99		150.0	27.7
10531- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.97	66.67	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.70	66.57	16.08		150.0	
		Z	4.55	66.49	16.00	200	150.0	
10532- AAA	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.82	66.62	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	Market and the St. Co.	Y	4.55	66.44	16.02		150.0	
18000		Z	4.42	66.35	15.93		150.0	
10533- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	4.96	66.50	16.19	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Y	4.70	66.48	16.04		150.0	
		Z	4.58	66.46	15.98		150.0	
10534- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	×	5.43	66.70	16.27	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.21	66.56	16.10		150.0	
13510		Z	5.10	66.47	16.03		150.0	
10535- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.52	66.87	16.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.27	66.70	16.15	-	150.0	
		Z	5.16	66.64	16.11		150.0	
10536- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.37	66.84	16.31	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.14	66.69	16.13		150.0	
inee-		Z	5.03	66.60	16.07	L	150.0	
10537- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.44	66.79	16.28	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.20	66.65	16.12	1	150.0	-
10000		Z	5.09	66.56	16.06	12.00	150.0	
10538- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 99pc duly cycle)	Х	5.57	66.89	16.36	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.31	66.69	16.18	I all a set	150.0	
10010	1555 000 44 NUE	Z	5.17	66,57	16.10	T. T.	150.0	PARTY.
10540- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.44	66.79	16.33	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.22	66.67	16.18		150.0	
		Z	5.10	66.57	16.12	1	150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10541- AAA	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5,46	66.82	16.35	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.20	66.57	16.13		150.0	
		Z	5.08	66.47	16.05		150.0	47 - 4
10542- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.58	66.75	16.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.35	66.62	16.16		150.0	
		Z	5.24	66.54	16.10		150.0	
10543- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.72	66.87	16.39	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.43	66.64	16.19		150.0	
30 and		Z	5.31	66.56	16.13		150.0	
10544- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.68	66.81	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.50	66.67	16.09		150.0	
		Z	5.41	66.59	16.03		150.0	+ 11/1/
10545- AAA	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.89	67.14	16.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.69	67.04	16.21		150.0	
		Z	5.59	66.96	16.17	E-Complet	150.0	
10546- AAA	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.81	67.15	16.37	0.00	150.0	± 9,6 %
	The state of the s	Y	5.58	66.92	16.17		150.0	
		Z	5.47	66.77	16.09		150.0	2.34
10547- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.91	67,23	16.39	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.66	66.98	16.19		150.0	
		Z	5.54	66.81	16.10		150.0	2000
10548- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6.14	68.03	16.76	0.00	150.0	±9,6 %
		Y	5.88	67.79	16.56		150.0	
		Z	5.73	67.57	16.45	-5-72	150.0	
10550- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.82	67.06	16.33	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.60	66.89	16.16		150.0	
		Z	5.50	66.80	16,11		150.0	
10551- AAA	IEEE 802,11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.83	67.13	16.32	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.61	66,96	16.16		150.0	
	The state of the s	Z	5.50	66.84	16.09		150.0	
10552- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.74	66.94	16.25	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.52	66.75	16.07		150.0	
	STATE OF THE STATE OF	Z	5.43	66.67	16.02		150.0	
10553- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.83	66.97	16.29	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.61	66.80	16.12		150.0	
		Z	5.50	66.69	16.05		150.0	
10554- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	6.06	67.19	16.34	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
	de / - deb. / - deb.	Υ	5.90	67.03	16.17		150.0	
VW-24		Z	5.82	66.94	16.11	277	150.0	
10555- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6.26	67.62	16.52	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	6.03	67.32	16.29		150.0	
		Z	5.93	67.21	16.22		150.0	
10556- AAA	IEEE 1602,11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6.24	67.53	16.47	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.05	67.36	16.30		150.0	
		Z	5.96	67.26	16.24		150.0	7000
10557- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 99pc duty cycle)	×	6.24	67.54	16.50	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.03	67.30	16.29		150.0	
		Z	5.92	67.17	16,22		150.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10558- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 99pc duty cycle)	×	6.30	67.71	16.59	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.08	67,47	16.38		150.0	
		Z	5.97	67.32	16.31		150.0	
10560- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6,32	67.63	16.59	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.08	67.33	16.36		150.0	
		Z	5.97	67.18	16.28		150.0	
10561- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	6,21	67.53	16.58	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.99	67.28	16.37		150.0	
		Z	5.89	67.14	16.29	broad St.	150.0	
10562- AAA	IEEE 1602 11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 99pc duty cycle)	X	6.36	67.97	16.80	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.12	67.67	16.56		150.0	
		Z	5.99	67.47	16.46	-77.04	150.0	-
10563- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	6.56	68.09	16.80	0.00	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.44	68.16	16.75		150.0	
		Z	6.14	67.53	16.44		150.0	
10564- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 9 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.15	66.88	16.56	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.93	66.82	16.35		150.0	
		Z	4.82	66.84	16.31		150.0	
10565- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 12 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.46	67.42	16.90	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
1		Y	5.18	67,32	16.70		150.0	
	Company of the State State of the State of t	Z	5.04	67.27	16.63		150.0	
10566- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 18 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.28	67.29	16.72	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.01	67.17	16.51		150.0	
	The state of the s	Z	4.88	67.12	16.44		150.0	
10567- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 24 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	Х	5.30	67.69	17.07	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
	the production of a section	Y	5.04	67.62	16.90		150.0	
		Z	4.91	67.53	16.81		150.0	
10568- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 36 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.16	66.90	16.42	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.90	66.84	16.21		150.0	
1		Z	4.78	66.86	16.19		150.0	
10569- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 48 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.23	67.67	17.07	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.99	67.67	16.93		150.0	
		Z	4.87	67.63	16.87		150.0	1
10570- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WIFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 54 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	X	5.28	67.45	16.98	0.46	150.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.03	67.51	16.88		150.0	
		Z	4.90	67.48	16.81	1	150.0	
10571- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	1.35	66.13	16.64	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	1.19	64.43	15.36		130.0	
		Z	1.18	64.35	15.23		130.0	
10572- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	1.38	66.86	17.05	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.20	65.01	15.71		130.0	
		Z	1.19	64.89	15.56		130.0	
10573- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	11.19	110.54	30.57	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.73	81.41	21.20		130.0	
		Z	1.63	80.44	20.78		130.0	74
10574- AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	1.76	75.02	20.84	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.35	70.98	18.69		130.0	
		Z	1.30	70.28				

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10575- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.93	66.62	16.56	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.69	66.49	16.28		130.0	
		Z	4.59	66.53	16.25	1	130.0	
10576- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.96	66.79	16.64	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.72	66.67	16.36		130.0	
		Z	4.61	66.70	16.32		130.0	
10577- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.24	67.17	16.82	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4,94	67.00	16.54		130.0	
		Z	4.81	66.98	16.49		130.0	
10578- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.13	67.36	16.93	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.84	67.19	16.67		130.0	
		Z	4.71	67.15	16.60		130.0	
10579- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4,90	66.75	16.31	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.59	66.39	15.91		130.0	
		Z	4.46	66.37	15.86	-	130.0	
10580- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.95	66.65	16.27	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.63	66.38	15.90		130.0	
		Z	4.51	66.41	15.89		130.0	
10581- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.05	67.49	16.90	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.73	67.22	16.59		130.0	
		Z	4.61	67.17	16.53		130.0	
10582- AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS- OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.87	66.47	16.10	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.53	66.11	15.67		130.0	
		Z	4.40	66.12	15.64		130.0	
10583- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.93	66.62	16.56	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.69	66.49	16.28		130.0	
		Z	4.59	66.53	16.25		130.0	
10584- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	4.96	66.79	16.64	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.72	66.67	16.36		130.0	
		Z	4.61	66.70	16.32		130.0	
10585- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.24	67.17	16.82	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	4.94	67.00	16.54		130.0	
		Z	4.81	66.98	16.49		130.0	
10586- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.13	67.36	16.93	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
- 7		Y	4.84	67.19	16.67		130.0	
		Z	4.71	67.15	16.60		130.0	
10587- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.90	66.75	16.31	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.59	66.39	15.91		130.0	
		Z	4.46	66.37	15.86		130.0	
10588- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.95	66.65	16.27	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.63	66.38	15.90		130.0	
		Z	4.51	66.41	15.89		130.0	
10589- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.05	67.49	16.90	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.73	67.22	16.59		130.0	
		Z	4.61	67.17	16.53		130.0	
10590- AAA	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.87	66.47	16.10	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.53	66.11	15.67		130.0	
		Z	4.40	66.12	15.64		130.0	

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10591- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	×	5.09	66.69	16.66	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.84	66.58	16.40		130.0	
		Z	4.74	66.60	16.36	-	130.0	
10592- IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, AAA MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.29	67.05	16.77	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %	
		Y	5.01	66.92	16.53		130.0	
	the state of the s	Z	4.89	66.93	16.49		130.0	
10593- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.23	67.04	16.70	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4,93	66.84	16.41		130.0	
	Lagrange Control of the Control	Z	4.80	66.82	16.36		130.0	
10594- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.27	67.16	16.83	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	Charles of American	Y	4.99	67.01	16.57		130.0	
77.4		Z	4.86	66.99	16.52		130.0	1
10595- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.27	67.18	16.76	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.95	66.95	16.45		130.0	
		Z	4.82	66.94	16.41		130.0	
10596- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.19	67.13	16.73	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Y	4.89	66.93	16.44		130.0	
		Z	4.76	66.93	16.41		130.0	
10597-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.15	67.11	16.67	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	MCS6, Supc duty cycle)	Y	4.84	66.84	16.33	_	130.0	
		Z						
10598-	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 20MHz,	X	4.71	66.82	16.28	0.40	130.0	
AAA	MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	1000	5,13	67.41	16.95	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.83	67.13	16.63		130.0	
- C C C C C		Z	4.70	67.07	16.55		130.0	
10599- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.77	67.42	16.87	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.50	67.15	16.59		130.0	-
		Z	5.39	67.08	16.55		130.0	
10600- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.99	68.01	17.13	0,46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.64	67.53	16.75		130.0	
		Z	5.50	67.43	16.69		130.0	-
10601- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.84	67.66	16.97	0,46	130.0	± 9.6 %
10.14	PV-7 112	Y	5.53	67.30	16.65		130.0	
		Z	5.41	67.23	16.61		130.0	
10602- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.96	67.73	16.92	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
1		Y	5.61	67.25	16.54	-	130.0	
		Z	5.51	67.30	16.56		130.0	
10603- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.09	68.14	17.25	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.71	67.64	16.87		130.0	
		Z	5.58	67.56	16.83	-	130.0	
10604- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.79	67.43	16.89	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.50	67.09	16.59		130.0	
		Z	5.43	67.15	16.61		130.0	
10605- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.88	67.61	16.98	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	7.57-52	Y	5.60	67.34	16.70		130.0	
		Z	5.50	67.35	16.70		130.0	
10606- AAA	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 40MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.64	67.11	16.61	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	The section of the se							
rvvi		Y	5.38	66.83	16.31		130.0	

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17



EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10607- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	4.91	65.98	16.27	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.67	65.88	16.01		130.0	
		Z	4.58	65.91	15.98		130.0	
10608- IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	×	5.16	66.42	16.42	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %	
		Y	4.87	66.29	16.18		130.0	
		Z	4.75	66.30	16.14		130.0	
10609-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS2,	X	5.04	66.34	16.31	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	90pc duty cycle)	Y	4.76	66.13	16.01	0.70	130.0	2 0.0 %
		Z	4.64	66.13	15.97		130.0	
10610- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.10	66.49	16.46	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.81	66.31	16.18		130.0	
		Z	4.69	66.30	16.14		130.0	
10611- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	5.04	66.38	16.34	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Y	4.73	66.11	16.02		130.0	
		Z	4.61	66.09	15.98		130.0	
10612-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS5,	X	5.05	66.47	16.34	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
AAA	90pc duty cycle)				Lada 1			1500
		Y	4.74	66.23	16.04		130.0	
1441-		Z	4.61	66.23	16.01	·	130.0	
10613- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.07	66.42	16,27	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.75	66.14	15.94		130.0	
		Z	4.61	66.10	15.89		130.0	
	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.00	66.68	16.54	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.69	66.38	16.21		130.0	
		Z	4.56	66.32	16.14		130.0	
10615- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.03	66.12	16.09	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.72	65.88	15.77		130.0	
		Z	4.60	65.91	15.74		130.0	
10616- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.57	66.66	16.47	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.32	66.41	16.21		130.0	
		2	5.21	66.36	16.18		130.0	
10617- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.66	66.81	16.51	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.37	66.51	16.23		130.0	
		Z	5.28	66.52	16.23		130.0	
10618- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.53	66.83	16.55	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.27	66.59	16.29		130.0	
	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	Z	5.17	66.54	16.25		130.0	
10619- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	×	5.55	66.62	16.38	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.29	66.38	16.11		130.0	
		Z	5.18	66.32	16.08		130.0	
10620- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.70	66.80	16.51	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.39	66.47	16.20		130.0	
		Z	5.27	66.37	16.15	-	130.0	
10621- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WIFi (40MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.67	66.88	16.66	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.39	66.61	16.40		130.0	
		Z	5.28	66.53	16.35		130.0	-
10622- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.64	66.90	16.67	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
7.5.		-					-	
		IY	5.39	66.71	16.44		130.0	

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17

EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10623-	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS7,	X	5.58	66.69	16.45	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
AAA	90pc duty cycle)	,	0,00	00.00	10.43	0.40	150.0	1 3.0 %
		Y	5.27	66.24	16.08		130.0	
		Z	5.16	66.20	16.05		130.0	4.00
10624- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5,72	66.66	16.50	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.46	66.44	16.25		130.0	
	Late to the second second	Z	5.35	66.40	16.21		130.0	
10625- AAA	JEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.02	67.31	16.86	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.83	67.39	16.77		130.0	
		Z	5.66	67.19	16.66		130.0	
10626- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.80	66.70	16.41	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.59	66.47	16.17		130.0	
10000		Z	5.51	66.43	16.14		130.0	
10627- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.04	67.10	16.54	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.82	66.97	16,37		130.0	
		Z	5.73	66.93	16.35		130.0	
10628- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.89	66.92	16.41	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.64	66.58	16.10		130.0	
1000		Z	5,53	66.47	16.06		130.0	
10629- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	×	6.00	67.02	16.44	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.73	66.66	16.13		130.0	
		Z	5.60	66.52	16.07		130.0	
10630- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.47	68.52	17.19	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	6.14	68.04	16.82		130.0	
		Z	5.94	67.72	16.68		130.0	
10631- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.47	68.60	17.41	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	6.09	68.05	17.04		130.0	
		Z	5.91	67.74	16.88		130.0	
10632- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.09	67.42	16.84	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.81	67.11	16.59		130.0	
		Z	5.71	67.03	16.54		130.0	
10633- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.02	67,23	16.58	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Υ	5.72	66.79	16.24		130.0	
		Z	5.61	66.68	16.19		130.0	
10634- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.01	67.25	16.65	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	5.71	66.84	16.34		130.0	
1435		Z	5.59	66.71	16.27		130.0	
10635- AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	X	5.88	66.55	16.04	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	5.57	66.09	15.67		130.0	
1434		Z	5.46	66.00	15.63	100	130.0	_ 1.5 -
10636- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.19	67.09	16.50	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.00	66.85	16.26		130.0	
10007	IEEE LOOP IN THE PARTY OF THE P	Z	5.92	66.78	16.22		130.0	
10637- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS1, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.42	67.60	16.73	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.15	67.20	16.41		130.0	
10007	Name and the column a	Z	6.07	67.13	16.38	111	130.0	
10638- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS2, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	6.36	67.41	16.61	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
17.5		Y	6.15	67.18	16.37		130.0	
		Z	6.07	67.12	16.35		130.0	

Certificate No: EX3-3866\_May17



EX3DV4- SN:3866 May 31, 2017

10639- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS3, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.39	67.51	16.71	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
14.11		Y	6.15	67.18	16.43		130.0	
		Z	6.05	67.07	16.37		130.0	
10640- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS4, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.42	67.57	16.68	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.15	67.18	16.36	-	130.0	
		Z	6.04	67.05	16.30		130.0	
10641- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS5, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.42	67.34	16.58	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
11.11		Y	6.17	67.01	16.29		130.0	
		Z	6.09	66.98	16.28		130.0	
10642- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS6, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.53	67.76	16.96	0.46	130.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	6.25	67.39	16.66		130.0	
		Z	6.14	67.25	16.60	1,	130.0	
10643- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS7, 90pc duty cycle)	X	6.32	67.36	16.66	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	6.06	66.99	16.35		130.0	
	2 - Carrier Town Committee Committee	Z	5.97	66.91	16.32		130.0	
10644- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS8, 90pc duty cycle)	×	6.56	68.07	17.04	0.46	130.0	±9.6 %
		Y	6.25	67.56	16.65		130.0	
		Z	6.11	67.33	16.55	100	130.0	
10645- AAA	IEEE 1602.11ac WiFi (160MHz, MCS9, 90pc duty cycle)	Х	6.75	68.14	17.02	0,46	130.0	± 9.6 %
2.5		Y	6.64	68.25	16.94	11	130.0	
		Z	6.31	67.55	16.62		130.0	
10646- AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	Х	17.14	96.60	31.35	9,30	60.0	± 9.6 %
		Y	11.66	91.33	28.76		60.0	
		Z	14.54	98.42	31.68		60.0	
10647- AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,7)	Х	17.01	97.08	31.61	9,30	60.0	±9.6 %
		Y	11.05	90.83	28.68		60.0	
		Z	13.46	97,50	31,51		60.0	
10648- AAA	CDMA2000 (1x Advanced)	Х	1.00	66.85	14.21	0.00	150.0	±9.6 %
		Y	0.78	64.69	11.99		150.0	
		Z	0.68	63.70	10.81		150.0	

E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# Attachment 2. – Dipole Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: D2450V2-920\_Sep16

# CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN:920

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: September 23, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288/02289)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02288)	Apr-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	06-Apr-16 (No. 217-02289)	Apr-17
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02292)	Apr-17
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	05-Apr-16 (No. 217-02295)	Apr-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	15-Jun-16 (No. EX3-7349_Jun16)	Jun-17
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Dec-15 (No. DAE4-601_Dec15)	Dec-16
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-442A	SN: GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	In house check: Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Jun-15)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Seef Illy
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Duc

Issued: September 26, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
   No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	(market)

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.6 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		500

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.1 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.9 Ω + 2.3 jΩ			
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB			

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω + 5.0 jΩ			
Return Loss	- 25.5 dB			

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

r					
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns				

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG				
Manufactured on	December 19, 2012				

#### DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:920

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 114.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

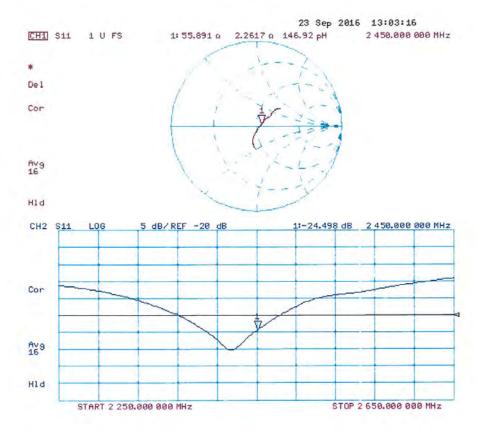
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.4 W/kg



0 dB = 22.4 W/kg = 13.50 dBW/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 23.09.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:920

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 2.04 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(7.79, 7.79, 7.79); Calibrated: 15.06.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.12.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 106.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

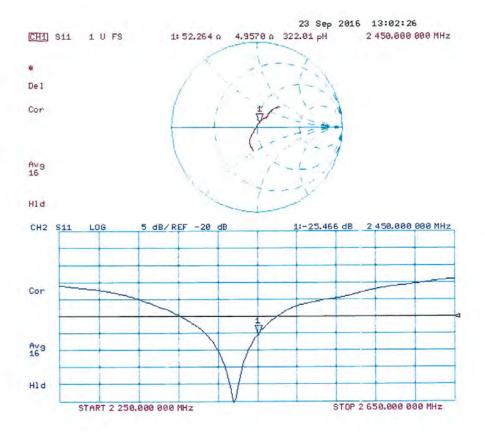
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.2 W/kg



0 dB = 21.2 W/kg = 13.26 dBW/kg



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



# Attachment 3. - SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION

OFDM

OFDM

PASS

PASS

PAR

PASS

PASS



SAR

System

Α

Freq.

[MHz]

2450

2450

# SAR System Validation

Probe

SN

3866

3866

EX3DV4

FX3DV4

2450

2450

Head

Body

Date

2017-06-21

2017-06-21

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

Report No.: DRRFCC1708-0087(2)

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

· ····································									
Probe Type	Probe CAL. Point	PERM.	COND.	CW Validation			MOD. Validation		
		(er)	(σ)	Sensi- tivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isortopy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	F

PASS

PASS

PASS

PASS

PASS

PASS

1.859

2 015

**Table Attachment 3.1 SAR System Validation Summary** 

38.565

51.985

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both a CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.