

Reference Standards



TEST REPORT

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EUT Description	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC

Brand Name Intel® Wireless-AC 9260

Model Name 9260NGW

FCC / ISED ID FCC ID: PD99260NG/ISED ID: 1000M-9260NG

Date of Test Start/End 2018-10-29 / 2018-10-31

Features 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac Wireless LAN + Bluetooth 5

(see section 5)

Description Platform: TP00076D series + Jiengtai antenna

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

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FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093

RSS-102, Issue 5

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 1.06 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Test Report identification 180928-01.TR01

Rev. 00

Revision Control This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

- 1. FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- 2. FCC OET KDB 248227 D01 SAR guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters.
- 3. FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 –RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- 4. FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- 5. FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- 6. FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- 7. ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands).
- 8. ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures.
- 9. ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard.
- 10. IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS is an ISO/IEC 17025:2005 testing laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- ✓ Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED Assigned Code 1000Y.
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3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	22°C ± 2°C
Humidity	50% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	21°C ± 1°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
#01	180928-01.S01	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC	9260NGW+TP00076D series	WIFI MAC: 48:A4:72:35:C4:79 BT MAC: 48:A4:72:35:C4:7D	2018-10-01	NA
#02	180928-01.S02	Wireless Module installed in Convertible PC	9260NGW+TP00076D series	WIFI MAC: 48:A4:72:35:4F:6C BT MAC: 48:A4:72:35:4F:70	2018-10-01	NA

Sample #01 was employed for SAR measurements for WLAN 5GHz Sample #02 was employed for SAR measurements for WLAN 2.4GHz and BT

5. EUT Features

late.			
e Inte	Intel® Wireless-AC 9260		
e 926	9260NGW		
ID FCC	FCC ID: PD99260NG/ISED ID: 1000M-9260NG		
ersion 11.1	223.0-07788		
on 20.6	0.0.6		
Production Production	uction		
cation TP0	076D series		
onditions Bod	worn		
Radios 802	11b/g/n 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 11a/n/ac 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) tooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)		
ormation P/N Aux Cha P/N	Main Tx1: Jiengtai PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz (Port 2, DRTU Chain B) P/N: 025.90169.0001 Aux Tx2: Jiengtai PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT (Port 1, DRTU Chain A) P/N: 025.9016A.0001		
us Transmission WL/ wL/ WL/	WLAN 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 2.4GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WLAN 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux		
No	WAN transmitter is considered in this report		
formation 5.60	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device		
Ban	Band gap is supported by the device		
Radios Radios Blu Mai P/N Aux Cha P/N See WL/ WL/ WL/ WL/ WL/ WL/ No N	2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 11a/n/ac 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5825.0 MHz) tooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) Tx1: Jiengtai PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz (Port 2, DRTU Chair 025.90169.0001 Tx2: Jiengtai PIFA antenna. WiFi 2.4GHz & 5GHz and BT (Port 1, Dair A) 025.9016A.0001 Annex F for more details on antennas location. N 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux N 2.4GHz Main + BT Aux N 5GHz Main + BT Aux N 5GHz Main + WLAN 2.4GHz Aux N 5GHz Main + WLAN 5GHz Aux WAN transmitter is considered in this report		

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq Range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	17.50
		BPSK QPSK	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
000 44 0/2/20	4000/		5.3GHz	5250-5350	16.00
802.11a/n/ac	100%	16QAM 64QAM	5.6GHz	5475-5725	16.00
		256QAM	5.8GHz	5725-5850	16.00
BDR/EDR v5.0	77%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	11.00
Bluetooth LE v5.0	65%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	9.00

NM: Not Measured

Maximum Output pov	SISO mode			
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Main (dBm)	Aux (dBm)
	802.11b	20	17.50	17.50
DTS	802.11g	20	17.50	17.50
סוט	802.11n20	20	17.50	17.50
	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-1	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-INII- I	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac160	160	13.50	13.50
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac160	160	13.50	13.50
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00
U-NII-3	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00
U-INII-3	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00
	Bluetooth v5.0 BDR	1		11.50
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR2	1		11.00
DI	Bluetooth v5.0 EDR3	1		11.00
	BLE	2		10.00

The conducted values are obtained by applying the BIOS SAR power values to the 9260NGW Intel module installed in the TP00076D Lenovo Model identified in this report, as requested by the customer



6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.8.

7. Test Verdicts summary

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n	2.4GHz	0.42	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
802.11a/n/ac	5.3GHz	0.82	Р
002.11a/11/ac	5.6GHz	1.06	Р
	5.8GHz	1.03	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.07	Р

P: Pass

F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)				
Exposure Condition		Equipment Class		
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII	
Body Worn	0.42	0.06	1.06	
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: 0.67	Sum-SAR: 1.69	Sum-SAR: 1.69	
Simulatieous 1x	SPLSR: NA	SPLSR: 0.02	SPLSR: 0.02	

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Date	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	2018-11-14	Rafael Quiroz	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

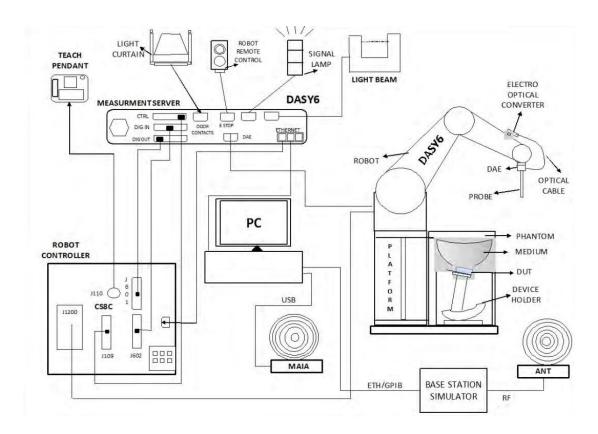
Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- ✓ The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- ✓ Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- Network emulator or RF test tool

A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm







A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)			
Shell thickness 2 mm ± 0.2 mm				
Filling volume 30 Liters approx.				
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm			

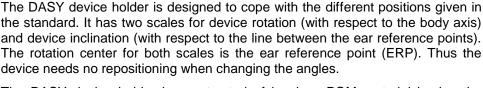




A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.



A.3 Data Evaluation

• Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.

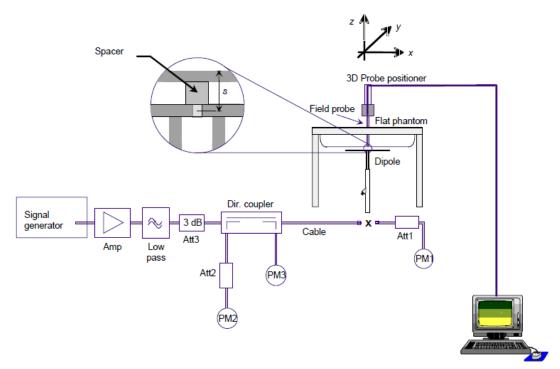
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.

A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body SAR					
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)				
150	61.9	0.80				
300	58.2	0.92				
450	56.7	0.94				
835	55.2	0.97				
900	55.0	1.05				
1450	54.0	1.30				
1800-2000	53.3	1.52				
2450	52.7	1.95				
3000	52.0	2.73				
5800	48.2	6.00				

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



Test Equipment List A.5

A.5.1 SAR System #1

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0218	Laptop Holder	P/N SM LH1 001 CD	-	SPEAG	NA	NA
0221	SAM Phantom	Twin SAM v5.0	1838	SPEAG	NA	NA
0223	Measurement SW	DASY6 6.6.0.13926	9-618AE2F1	SPEAG	NA	NA
0229	Light Beam Unit	SE UKS 030 AA	-	Di-soric	NA	NA
0231	6-axis Robot	TX60 L	F12/5MZ3A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0233	Robot Controller	CS8C	F12/5MZ3A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
0243	Electro-Optical Converter	EOC60 1076		SPEAG	NA	NA
0637	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI v8.0	2059	SPEAG	NA	NA
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	2017-12-13	2018-12-13
0418	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1496	SPEAG	2017-12-07	2018-12-07
0660	Measurement Server	DASY6 P/N SE UMS 028 BB	1548	SPEAG	NA	NA

A.5.2 Shared Instrumentation

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
0094	Thermometer	TESTO 922	33622932	Testo	2017-11-29	2019-11-29
0098	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2017-09-18	2019-09-18
0099	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2017-09-19	2019-09-19
0114	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	NA	NA
0169	Power Amplifier	SAM-01	151918	ETS-Lindgren	NA	NA
0224	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.4.0.761	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
0237	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1037	SPEAG	2017-08-22	2019-08-22
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	450V2 937 SPEAG		2018-05-18	2020-05-18
0412	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002 Amd-group		NA	NA
0587	Temperature & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32-F0DEF9	AVTECH	2018-03-05	2019-07-04
0591	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1259	SPEAG	2018-02-12	2020-02-12
0655	Vector Reflectometer	PLANAR R140	0190616	Copper Mountain Technologies	2017-09-19	2019-09-19

A.5.3 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 160630-01	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the below table:

SAR System #1

SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209-1/2016 (0.3 - 6 GHz range)								
F B foffer	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(ci)	(ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(vi)
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	veff
Measurement System	.0.55.0/	N.	4	4	4	.0.55.0/	.0.55.0/	_
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1 √3	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R		0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	8
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±3.8 %	±3.8 %	8
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty	- /					±11.9 %	±11.8 %	569
Expanded STD Uncertainty	У					±23.8 %	±23.6 %	



SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC 62209-2/2010 (30 MHz - 6 GHz range)

	· ·					0 /		
Error Description	Uncert. value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) veff
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.55 %	N	1	1	1	±6.55 %	±6.55 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9 %	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9 %	±3.9 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.6 %	±0.6 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±2.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.2 %	±1.2 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.7 %	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.04 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Probe Positioning	±0.8 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.5 %	±0.5 %	∞
Post-processing	±4.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %	5
Test sample Positioning	±2.9 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	145
Power Scaling	±0.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±0.0 %	±0.0 %	∞
Power Drift	±5.0 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±4.4 %	±4.4 %	∞
SAR correction	±1.9 %	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.6 %	±0.7 %	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4 %	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1 %	±0.1 %	8
Combined Std. Uncertainty	1					±12.1 %	±12.0 %	605
Expanded STD Uncertaint					±24.1 %	±24.0 %		

A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093 and RSS 102, Issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

Annex B. Test Results

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wireless-AC 9260 card inside a Convertible PC host platform (TP00076D series) using a set of PIFA antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version 11.1823.0-07788) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

According to FCC OET KDB 616217 D04, the back surface and edges of the tablet should be tested for SAR compliance with the tablet touching the phantom. The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations.

The closest distance from the antenna to an adjacent tablet edge is used to determine if SAR testing is required for the adjacent edges, with the adjacent edge positioned against the phantom and the edge containing the antenna positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Main	Aux
Position	Top EdgeBack Face	Top EdgeBack FaceRight Edge

See B. 1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.

B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 v06 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$for 100MHz \ to \ 1500MHz$$
 (2)
$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 for 1500MHz and $\leq 6GHz$ (3)

LAN	Pond	Output	power	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
Antenna	Band Name	dBm	mW	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge
	DTS	17.5	56.2	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	R	R	R
\A/I A \ I	U-NII-1	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN Main	U-NII-2A	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	R	R	R
IVIAIII	U-NII-2C	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	R	R	R
	U-NII-3	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	>50	>50	Т	Т	R	R	R
	DTS	17.5	56.2	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R
	U-NII-1	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R
Aux	U-NII-2C	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R
	U-NII-3	16.0	39.8	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R
	BT	11.5	14.1	<50	<50	>50	<50	>50	Т	Т	Т	R	R

T: Tested position R: Reduced

See Annex *F* for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when
	the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{W/kg}$.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.
	The <u>initial test configuration</u> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power
	channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Ma	ain	Aı	ux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test ?
			1	2412	17.43	17.50	17.49	17.50	Yes
	802.11b	1Mbps	6	2437	17.50	17.50	17.45	17.50	Yes
			11	2462	17.47	17.50	17.47	17.50	No ³
			1	2412		16.50		17.00	
2.40	802.11g	6Mbps 6 11	6	2437		17.50		17.50	
문			2462		17.00		16.50		
2.4GHz (DTS)			1	2412		16.00	1	16.50	No ³
TS)	802.11n20		6	2437	NR^1	17.50	NR^1	17.50	
		HT0	11	2462		16.00		16.50	
	H	піо	3	2422		14.00		13.50	
	802.11n40	11n40		6 2437		16.00		16.00	
			9	2452		14.50		14.50	

- NR: Not Required As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n20/n40 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Ma	ain	Aı	JX	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test ?
		6Mbps	36	5180		16.00		16.00	
	802.11a		40	5200	-	16.00		16.00	
	002.11a	GIVIDPS	44	5220		16.00		16.00	
5.0			48	5240		16.00		16.00	No ²
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)			36	5180		16.00		16.00	
ر د (د	802.11n20		40	5200	NR¹	16.00	NR¹	16.00	
Ė	002.111120	HT0	44	5220		16.00	_	16.00	
<u> </u>		ПІО	48	5240		16.00		16.00	
	802 11p40		38	5190		16.00		16.00	
	802.11n40	46	5230		16.00		16.00		
	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210		16.00		16.00	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

					M	lain		Aux	SAR																							
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																							
			52	5260		16.00		16.00																								
		6Mbps	56	5280		16.00		16.00																								
			60	5300		16.00		16.00																								
Οī			64	5320		16.00		16.00																								
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)					52	5260	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{2,5}																					
Hz (802.11n20												56	5280	INIX.,°	16.00	INIX.,°	16.00	INO ^{2,0}													
\(\frac{1}{2} \)	602.111120	ЦΤΩ	60	5300		16.00		16.00	-																							
-2		HT0	64	5320		16.00		16.00																								
A)	802.11n40		<u>-</u>		Ī									-					-	_							54	5270	16.00		16.00	
			62	5310		15.50		15.50																								
	802.11ac80	VHT0	58	5290	15.98	16.00	16.00	16.00	Yes																							
	802.11ac160	VHT0	50	5250	NR¹	13.50	NR¹	13.50	No ^{2,5}																							

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 6. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					М	ain		Aux	SAR
Ba nd	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			100	5500		16.00		16.00	
			104	5520		16.00		16.00	ı
			108	5540		16.00		16.00	
	802.11a	CMbaa	112	5560		16.00		16.00	
	802.11a	6Mbps	116	5580		16.00		16.00	
			120	5600		16.00		16.00	
			124	5620		16.00		16.00	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00	
			100	5500		16.00		16.00	
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			104	5520	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{4,6}
1 3H2			108	5540		16.00	- NK ',**	16.00	
Ċ	000 44 = 20		112	5560		16.00		16.00	
Ė	802.11n20		116	5580		16.00		16.00	
-2C)		ЦΤΩ	120	5600		16.00		16.00	
		HT0	124	5620		16.00		16.00	
			128	5640		16.00		16.00	
			102	5510		16.00		16.00	
	000 44 = 40		110	5550		16.00		16.00	
	802.11n40		118	5590		16.00		16.00	1
	002.44==00	126	5630		16.00		16.00		
			106	5530	15.97	16.00	15.99	16.00	Yes
	802.11ac80	VHT0	122	5610	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	Yes
	802.11ac160		114	5570	NR¹	13.50	NR¹	13.50	No ^{3,4,5}

- NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Ma	ain	А	ux	SAR
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?
			132	5660		16.00		16.00	
			136	5680		16.00		16.00	
			140	5700		16.00		16.00	
	802.11a	01.41	149	5745	NR ^{1,3}	16.00		16.00	
		6Mbps	153	5765		16.00		16.00	
			157	5785		16.00		16.00	
			161	5805		16.00		16.00	
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			165	5825		16.00		16.00	
			132	5660		16.00		16.00	No ^{3,4,5}
5.8	ת ת		136	5680		16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	
Ŷ			140	5700		16.00	INIX ',º	16.00	
z (L	802.11n20		149	5745		16.00	- - -	16.00	
ż	602.111120		153	5765		16.00		16.00	
1-3)		HT0	157	5785		16.00		16.00	
		ПІО	161	5805		16.00		16.00	
			165	5825		16.00		16.00	
			134	5670		16.00		16.00	
	802.11n40		142	5710		16.00		16.00	
			151	5755		16.00		16.00	
			159	5795		16.00		16.00	
	000 110000	200 44 00 14:70	138	5690	16.00	16.00	15.97	16.00	Vac
	802.11ac80	VHT0	155	5775	16.00	16.00	15.95	16.00	Yes

- NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered 2. as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested
- The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, then ac)
- When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.

B.2.3 Bluetooth

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
	5 1		0	2402		10.26	11.50
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		10.75	11.50
	VO.0	OI OIX	78	2480		11.00	11.50
	D	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	0	2402		NR¹	11.00
	Bluetooth v5.0		39	2441	Aux		11.00
2.40	VO.0	III-I DQI OIC	78	2480			11.00
2.4GHz	District	Davis	0	2402			11.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441			11.00
	VO.0	o bi oit	78	2480			11.00
	District		0	2412			10.00
	Bluetooth v5.0	Low energy GFSK	20	2442			10.00
	VO.0	OI OIL	39	2480			10.00

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required

B.3 Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq.	Target Pa	Target Parameters		red TSL neters	Devia	ation (%)	Date
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε'	σ	
2450	52.70	1.95	51.08	2.10	-3.08	7.69	2018-10-30
5300	48.88	5.41	45.76	5.55	-6.37	2.59	2018-10-30
5500	48.61	5.65	45.39	5.82	-6.62	3.01	2018-10-30
5600	48.47	5.76	45.18	5.97	-6.80	3.65	2018-10-30
5800	48.20	6.00	44.76	6.27	-7.14	4.50	2018-10-30

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Body Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/Kg)	Measured SAR (W/Kg)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date	
2450	1g	49.40	2.52	2.02		2018-10-30	
2450	10g	23.40	1.16	0.00		2016-10-30	
2450	1g	49.40	2.26	-8.50		2018-10-31	
	10g	23.40	1.08	1.08 -6.90		2016-10-31	
F200	1g	75.60	3.75	1.49	.10	2019 10 20	
5300	10g	21.20	1.05	1.45	±10	2018-10-30	
5600	1g	78.20	3.61	-7.08		2018-10-30	
5600	10g	21.70	1.06	-1.85		2016-10-30	
5600	1g	78.20	3.69	-5.02		2018-10-31	
3000	10g	21.70	1.07	-0.93		2010-10-31	

See Annex C for more details.

B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 802.11b/g/n - 2.4GHz - DTS

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Main			6	2437	Top Edge	0.00	0.13	0.13	
IVIAIII			0		Back Face	0.00	0.42	0.42	1
	802.11b 1Mbps	20			Top Edge	0.01	0.14	0.14	
Aux	TIVIDPS		1	2412	Back Face	0.01	0.25	0.25	
					Right Edge	0.01	0.29	0.29	2

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
Main	802.11ac	90	F0	5290	Top Edge	0.02	0.81	0.82	3
IVIAIII	VHT0	80	58		Back Face	0.02	0.53	0.53	
			·		Top Edge	0.00	0.60	0.60	4
Aux	802.11ac VHT0	80	58	5290	Back Face	0.00	0.38	0.38	
	VIIIO			-	Right Edge	0.00	0.15	0.15	

B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
			122	5610	Top Edge	0.00	1.06	1.06	5
Main	Main 802.11ac 80 VHT0 80	80	122	3010	Back Face	0.00	0.49	0.49	
	VIII 0		106	5550	Top Edge	0.03	0.98	0.99	
					Top Edge	0.00	0.42	0.42	
Aux	Aux 802.11ac 80 123		122	5610	Back Face	0.00	0.44	0.44	6
					Right Edge	0.00	0.16	0.16	



2ev 00

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ac - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
			138	5600	Top Edge	0.00	1.03	1.03	7
Main	802.11ac VHT0	80	130	5690	Back Face	0.00	0.52	0.52	
	VIII 0		155	5775	Top Edge	0.00	1.00	1.00	
	000.44				Top Edge	0.03	0.44	0.44	
Aux	802.11ac VHT0	80	138	5690	Back Face	0.03	0.47	0.47	8
					Right Edge	0.03	0.18	0.18	

B.5.5 Bluetooth - 2.4GHz - DSS

Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct.Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
802.15 DH5	1	78	2480	Top Edge	0.50	0.03	0.03	
				Back Face	0.50	0.04	0.05	
				Right Edge	0.50	0.06	0.07	9

B.5.6 SAR Measurement Variability

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is ≥0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is <1.45 W/kg with <20% variation, only one repeated measurement is required to confirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations.

A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured results for the initial repeated measurement are within 10% of the SAR limit or vary by more than 20%.

A third repeated measurement is required only if the original, first or second repeated measurement ≥ 1.5 W/Kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurement is > 1.2.

Band / Mode	Position	Ch#	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	1 st Repeated SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2 nd Repeated SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Highest Ratio
5.3GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	58	5290	0.81	0.81		1.00
5.5GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	106	5550	0.96	0.98		1.02
5.6GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	122	5690	1.06	1.06		1.00
5.8GHz 802.11ac80 VHT0	Top Edge	155	5775	1.00	1.00		1.00

B.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antonno	Position	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/Kg)				
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth		
	Top Edge	0.13	1.06			
Main	Back Face	0.42	0.53			
	Right Edge	0.40*	0.40*			
Aux	Top Edge	0.14	0.60	0.03		
	Back Face	0.25	0.47	0.05		
	Right Edge	0.29	0.18	0.07		

^{*} According to FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, when standalone test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated to 0.4 W/Kg for 1-g SAR when the test separation is > 50mm in order to determine simultaneous transmission test exclusion.

Position	Simultaneous Tx /	Antenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
	Main Antenna	Aux Antenna			
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.66		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz + BT	1.69		
Top Edge	WLAN 5GHz	ВТ	1.09		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.27		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	ВТ	0.16		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	1.00		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz + BT	1.03		
Back Face	WLAN 5GHz	ВТ	0.58	1.6	
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.67		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	ВТ	0.47		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz	0.58		
	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.64		
Right Edge	WLAN 5GHz	ВТ	0.47		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.69		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	ВТ	0.47		





In case the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation

Position	Antenna	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Σ SAR 1g (W/Kg)	Peak Location (mm) (x,y,z)	SAR to peak location separation ratio	Limit
Top Edge	Main WLAN 5GHz	1.06	1.66	(9.0, 59.0, -177.4)	0.02	
Top Eage	Aux WLAN 5GHz	0.60	1.00	(6.0, 151, -176.6)		0.04
Top Edge	Main WLAN 5GHz	1.06		(9.0, 59.0, -177.4)	0.02*	
	Aux WLAN 5GHz	0.60	1.69	(6.0, 151, -176.6)		
	Aux BT	0.03		(9.6, 151, -176.6)		

^{*} The worst case for simultaneous SAR to peak location separation ratio calculation was made considering the sum of 3 SAR results and the closest maxima distance between Main and Aux antenna (i.e. the closest distance between the peak location between Main WLAN to Aux WLAN and Main WLAN to Aux BT).

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission evaluation exclusions described in FCC OET KDB 447498 D01, no enlarged zoom scan measurements are required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Main Antenna – Back Face	37
2.	DTS - 802.11b, CH1, Aux Antenna – Right Edge	38
3.	U-NII-2A - 802.11ac, CH58, Main Antenna – Top Edge	39
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5.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac, CH122, Main Antenna – Top Edge	41
6.	U-NII-2C - 802.11ac, CH122, Aux Antenna – Back Face	42
7.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac, CH138, Main Antenna – Top Edge	43
8.	U-NII-3 - 802.11ac, CH138, Aux Antenna – Back Face	44
9.	BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux Antenna – Right Edge	45
10.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz - 2018-10-30	46
11.	System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz - 2018-10-31	47
12.	System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz	48
13.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz - 2018-10-30	49
14.	System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz - 2018-10-31	50



1. DTS - 802.11b, CH6, Main Antenna - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:4F:6C	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	WLAN	WLAN,	2437.0,	7.77	2.08	51.1
MSL	0.0	2.4GHz	10012-CAB	6			

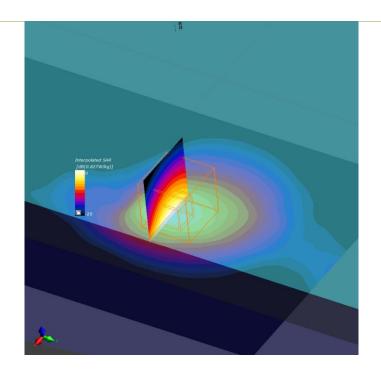
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 264.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

mousui cilicili itosu	113	
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-31, 09:11	2018-10-31, 09:17
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.404	0.417
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.192	0.192
Power Drift [dB]	-0.12	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





2. DTS - 802.11b, CH1, Aux Antenna - Right Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:4F:6C	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE RIGHT,	WLAN	WLAN,	2412.0,	7.77	2.06	51.1
MSL	5.0	2.4GHz	10012-CAB	1			

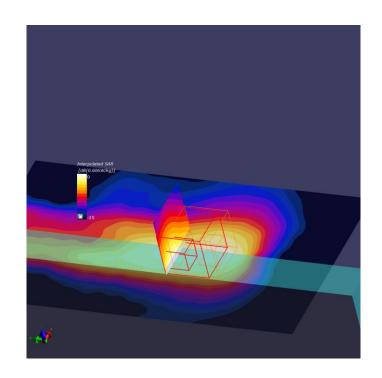
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

ocan octup		
·	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	96.0 x 168.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 19:20	2018-10-30, 19:27
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.280	0.290
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.151	0.149
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	-0.04
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





3. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac, CH58, Main Antenna - Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5290.0,	4.67	5.53	45.8
MSL	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	58			

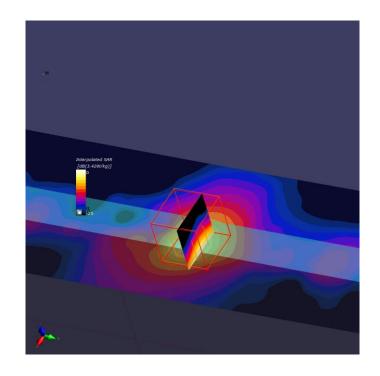
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
ĺ	Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 260.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
	Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
	Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
	[mm]		
	Graded Grid	No	Yes
	Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
	MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
	Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
	Scan Method	Measured	Measured

moacai oilloile i toca	noucui ciniciti riccuito							
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan						
Date	2018-10-30, 12:53	2018-10-30, 13:00						
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.972	0.812						
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.333	0.241						
Power Drift [dB]	0.11	0.06						
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled						
Scaling Factor								
[dB]								
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction						





4. U-NII-2A - 802.11ac, CH58, Aux Antenna - Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5290.0,	4.67	5.53	45.8
MSL	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	58			

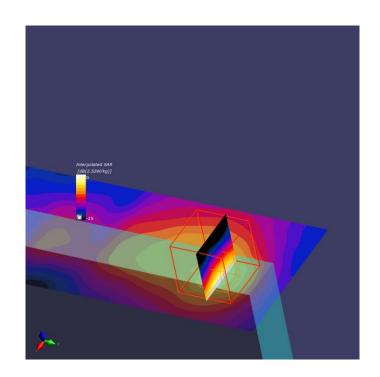
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
ĺ	Grid Extents [mm]	60.0 x 260.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
	Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
	Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
	Graded Grid	No	Yes
	Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
	MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
	Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
	Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 09:54	2018-10-30, 10:00
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.601	0.601
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.215	0.193
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.01
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





5. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac, CH122, Main Antenna - Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5610.0,	4.06	5.99	45.2
MSL	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	122			

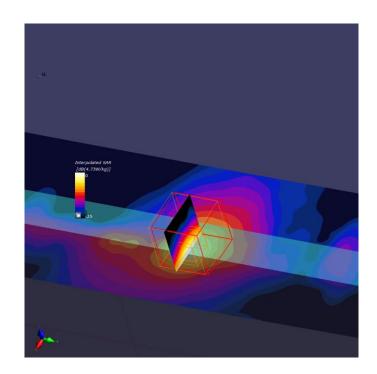
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
ĺ	Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 260.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
	Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
	Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
	[mm]		
	Graded Grid	No	Yes
	Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
	MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
	Surface Detection	Mother Scan	All points
	Scan Method	Measured	Measured

nouour ornorit recourse						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-10-30, 11:31	2018-10-30, 11:41				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.36	1.06				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.444	0.297				
Power Drift [dB]	0.10	-0.04				
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled				
Scaling Factor						
[dB]						
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





6. U-NII-2C - 802.11ac, CH122, Aux Antenna - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	WLAN	WLAN,	5610.0,	4.06	5.99	45.2
MSI	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	122			

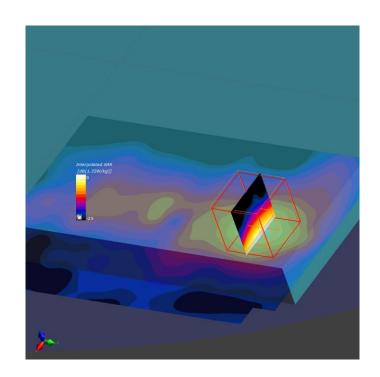
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	100.0 x 140.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

nouour ornorit recourse						
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan				
Date	2018-10-31, 10:58	2018-10-31, 11:05				
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.457	0.437				
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.165	0.152				
Power Drift [dB]	-0.01	-0.02				
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled				
Scaling Factor						
[dB]						
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction				





7. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac, CH138, Main Antenna - Top Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC I	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE TOP,	WLAN	WLAN,	5690.0,	4.06	6.11	45.0
MSL	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	138			

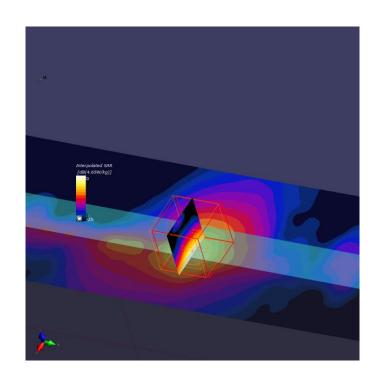
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	80.0 x 260.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	All points
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 12:06	2018-10-30, 12:16
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	1.32	1.03
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.432	0.295
Power Drift [dB]	-0.00	0.09
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





8. U-NII-3 - 802.11ac, CH138, Aux Antenna - Back Face

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	WLAN MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:C4:79	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK,	WLAN	WLAN,	5690.0,	4.06	6.11	45.0
MSL	0.0	5GHz	10402-AAD	138			

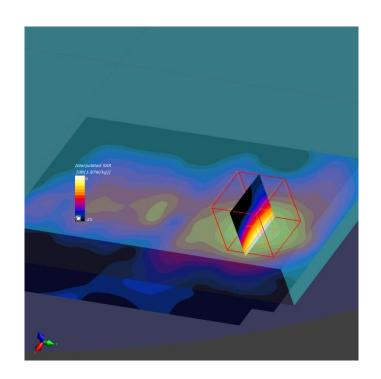
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

		Area Scan	Zoom Scan
ĺ	Grid Extents [mm]	100.0 x 140.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
	Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
	Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
	[mm]		
	Graded Grid	No	Yes
	Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
	MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
	Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
	Scan Method	Measured	Measured

mododi omoni ricodiio								
	Area Scan	Zoom Scan						
Date	2018-10-31, 11:10	2018-10-31, 11:16						
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.479	0.470						
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.172	0.166						
Power Drift [dB]	0.07	-0.15						
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled						
Scaling Factor								
[dB]								
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction						





9. BT - 802.15, CH78, Aux Antenna - Right Edge

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	BT MAC	DUT Type
TP00076D, Lenovo	333.0 x 228.0 x 18.6	48:A4:72:35:4F:70	Laptop

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE RIGHT,	ISM 2.4	Bluetooth,	2480.0,	7.77	2.13	51.0
MSL	5.0	GHz Band	10032-CAA	78			

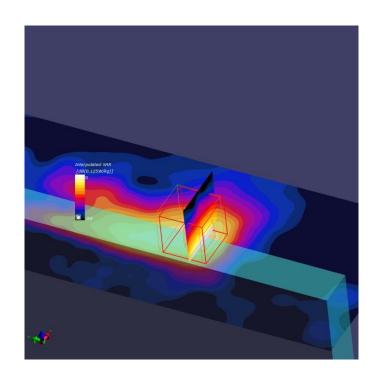
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	96.0 x 216.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 18:17	2018-10-30, 18:23
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	0.059	0.058
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.031	0.029
Power Drift [dB]	0.12	0.07
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





10. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz - 2018-10-30

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 2.45GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,		,_	2450.0,	7.77	2.10	51.1
MSI			0	0			

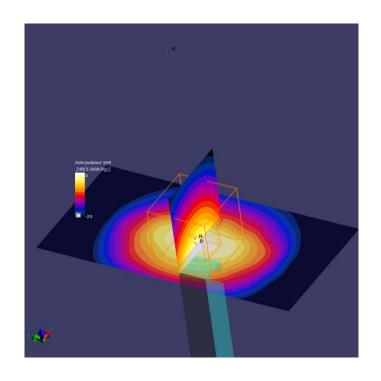
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 96.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 17:12	2018-10-30, 17:18
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	2.54	2.52
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.17	1.16
Power Drift [dB]	0.00	-0.01
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





11. System Check Body Liquid 2450MHz - 2018-10-31

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 2.45GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	937	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,	,	2450.0,	7.77	2.10	51.1
MSI		0	0			

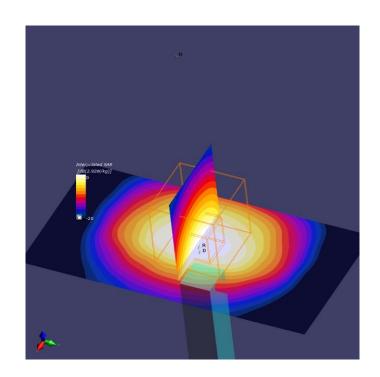
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	48.0 x 96.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	12.0 x 12.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 5.0
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	No
Grading Ratio	n/a	n/a
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-31, 15:04	2018-10-31, 15:10
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	2.26	2.36
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.08	1.09
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	0.01
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





12. System Check Body Liquid 5300MHz

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Bar Distance [mm]	nd Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,	,	5300.0,	4.67	5.55	45.8
MSL		0	0			

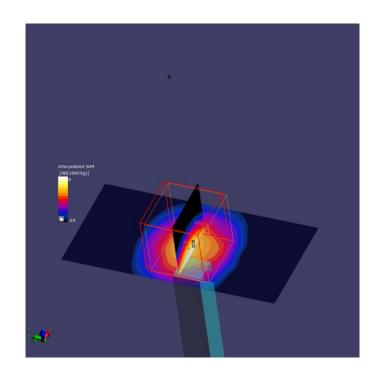
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 17:00	2018-10-30, 17:07
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.44	3.75
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.996	1.05
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	0.05
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





13. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz - 2018-10-30

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,	,	5600.0,	4.06	5.97	45.2
MSI		0	0			

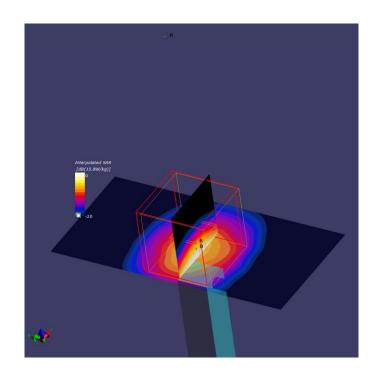
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-30, 16:18	2018-10-30, 16:24
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.27	3.61
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	1.02	1.06
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.03
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction





14. System Check Body Liquid 5600MHz - 2018-10-31

Device under Test Properties

Name, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
Dipole 5GHz, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1259	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,		,	5600.0,	4.06	5.97	45.2
MSI			0	0			

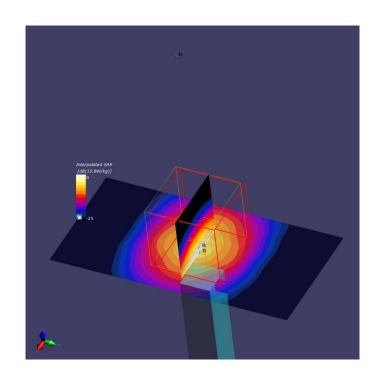
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) - 2059	MBBL-600-6000 , 2018-Oct-30	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2017-12-13	DAE4 Sn1496, 2017-12-07

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	No	Yes
Grading Ratio	n/a	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	Mother Scan	6-point verification
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2018-10-31, 15:16	2018-10-31, 15:22
SAR 1g [W/Kg]	3.36	3.69
SAR 10g [W/Kg]	0.988	1.07
Power Drift [dB]	0.02	-0.04
Power Scaling Scaling Factor [dB]	Disabled	Disabled
TSL Correction	No correction	No correction

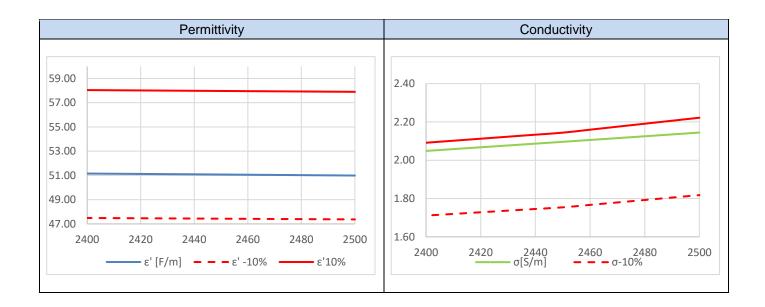




Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

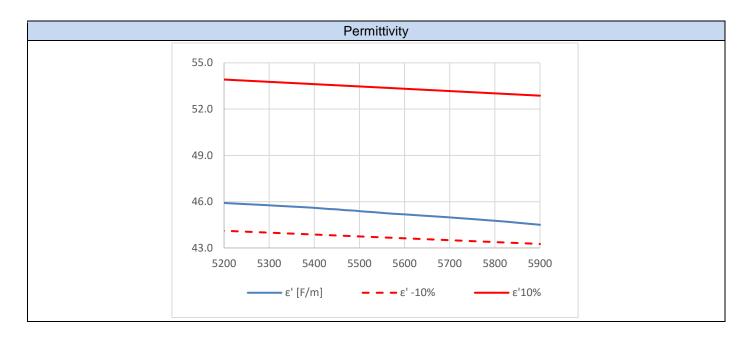
D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

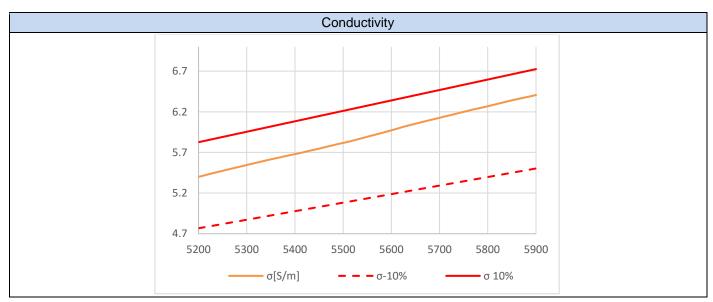
				10-30
Freq.	Tar	get	Meas	sured
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)
2400	52.77	1.90	51.16	2.05
2410	52.75	1.91	51.14	2.06
2420	52.74	1.92	51.12	2.07
2430	52.73	1.93	51.11	2.08
2440	52.71	1.94	51.09	2.09
2450	52.70	1.95	51.08	2.10
2460	52.69	1.96	51.06	2.11
2470	52.67	1.98	51.04	2.12
2480	52.66	1.99	51.03	2.13
2490	52.65	2.01	51.01	2.13
2500	52.64	2.02	50.99	2.14



D.2 Body 5200MHz-5800MHz

			2018-10-30		
Freq.		get		sured	
(MHz)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	ε' (F/m)	σ (S/m)	
5180	49.04	5.27	45.95	5.37	
5190	49.03	5.29	45.93	5.38	
5200	49.01	5.30	45.92	5.40	
5210	49.00	5.31	45.90	5.41	
5220	48.99	5.32	45.88	5.43	
5230 5240	48.97 48.96	5.33 5.34	45.87 45.85	5.45 5.46	
5250	48.95	5.36	45.84	5.47	
5260	48.93	5.37	45.82	5.49	
5270	48.92	5.38	45.81	5.50	
5280	48.91	5.39	45.80	5.52	
5290	48.89	5.40	45.78	5.53	
5300	48.88	5.41	45.76	5.55	
5310	48.87	5.43	45.75	5.56	
5320	48.85	5.44	45.73	5.57	
5330	48.84	5.45	45.71	5.59	
5340	48.82	5.46	45.70	5.60	
5350	48.81	5.47	45.68	5.62	
5360 5370	48.80 48.78	5.48	45.67 45.65	5.63 5.64	
5370	48.78	5.50 5.51	45.65	5.64 5.65	
5390	48.76	5.52	45.62	5.67	
5400	48.74	5.53	45.60	5.68	
5500	48.61	5.65	45.39	5.82	
5510	48.59	5.66	45.36	5.83	
5520	48.58	5.67	45.34	5.85	
5530	48.57	5.68	45.32	5.86	
5540	48.55	5.69	45.30	5.88	
5550	48.54	5.71	45.27	5.89	
5560	48.53	5.72	45.25	5.91	
5570	48.51	5.73	45.23	5.92	
5580	48.50	5.74	45.21	5.94	
5590 5600	48.49 48.47	5.75 5.76	45.19 45.18	5.96 5.97	
5610	48.46	5.78	45.16	5.99	
5620	48.44	5.79	45.14	6.01	
5630	48.43	5.80	45.12	6.02	
5640	48.42	5.81	45.10	6.04	
5650	48.40	5.82	45.08	6.05	
5660	48.39	5.83	45.06	6.07	
5670	48.38	5.85	45.04	6.08	
5680	48.36	5.86	45.02	6.10	
5690	48.35	5.87	45.00	6.11	
5700	48.34	5.88	44.98	6.13	
5710	48.32	5.88	44.96	6.14	
5720	48.31	5.89 5.91	44.94	6.16	
5730 5740	48.30 48.28	5.91	44.92 44.89	6.17 6.18	
5740	48.28	5.92	44.89	6.20	
5760	48.25	5.94	44.85	6.21	
5770	48.24	5.95	44.83	6.23	
5780	48.23	5.96	44.81	6.24	
5790	48.21	5.98	44.78	6.25	
5800	48.20	5.99	44.76	6.27	
5810	48.19	6.00	44.74	6.28	
5820	48.17	6.01	44.72	6.30	
5830	48.16	6.02	44.69	6.31	
5840	48.15	6.03	44.66	6.33	
5850	48.13	6.05	44.64	6.34	
5860	48.12	6.06	44.61	6.35 6.37	
5870 5880	48.10 48.09	6.07 6.08	44.58 44.55	6.38	
5890	48.08	6.09	44.53	6.39	
5900	48.06	6.10	44.50	6.41	
	10.00	0.10	1 1.00	U. T I	







Annex E. Calibration Certificates

ID	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Calibration Certificate
0260	Dosimetric E-field Probe	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	
0239	2450MHz System Validation Dipole	D2450V2	937	SPEAG	(
0591	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzV2	1259	SPEAG	(

Dipole calibration

According to the KDB 865664 D01, a dipole must be calibrated using a fully validated SAR system according to the tissue dielectric parameters and SAR probe calibration frequency required for device testing. However, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements.

- 1. When the most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 20% from the previous measurement (i.e. value in dB \times 0.2) or not meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2. When the most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by more than 5 Ω from the previous measurement



The below results show the latest return loss and impedance measurements for each dipole performed by the lab:

Dipole ID #0239							
Dipole 2450MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-27.80	50.4 + 4.1 j	2018-05-18				
Dipole ID #0591							
Dipole 5200MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance [Ω]	Date				
Last	-22.7	50.0 – 7.4 j	2018-02-12				
Dipole 5300MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date				
Last	-42.5	49.4 + 0.4 j	2018-02-12				
Dipole 5500MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date				
Last	-33.8	48.0 + 0.0 j	2018-02-12				
Dipole 5600MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date				
Last	-28.3	52.9 + 1.0 j	2018-02-12				
Dipole 5800MHz Body TSL							
	Return Loss [dB]	Impedance $[\Omega]$	Date				
Last	-28.0	52.9 – 2.9 j	2018-02-12				