

# Radio Test Report (Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Emissions Only)

For

# IW-6300H

**Supports** 

2.4 GHz / 5 GHz 802.11 a/ac/b/g/n Wi-Fi radio

FCC ID: LDKESW6300

**ISED ID: 2461B-ESW6300** 

Operating Frequency Band: UNII-1 (5150-5250 MHz)

Against the following Specifications:

47 CFR 15.407 47 CFR 15.209 47 CFR 15.205 RSS-247 issue 2 RSS-Gen issue 5



# **Cisco Systems** 170 West Tasman Drive

San Jose, CA 95134

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Version:	1.0

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#### **Section 1: Overview**

# 1.1 Test Summary

The samples were assessed against the tests detailed in section 3 under the requirements of the following specifications:

# Specifications

CFR47 Part 15.247 CFR47 Part 15.205 CFR47 Part 15.209

RSS-247 Issue 2: Feb 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 5: Nov 2018



#### Section 2: Assessment Information

#### 2.1 General

This report contains an assessment of an apparatus against Radio Standards based upon tests carried out on the samples submitted. The testing was performed by and for the use of Cisco systems Inc:

With regard to this assessment, the following points should be noted:

- a) The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of the initial assessment and the date of issue of the report. Manufactured products will not necessarily give identical results due to production and measurement tolerances.
- b) The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configuration and modes of operation defined in this report only.
- c) Where relevant, the apparatus was only assessed using the susceptibility criteria defined in this report and the Test Assessment Plan (TAP).
- d) All testing was performed under the following environmental conditions:

Temperature 15°C to 35°C (54°F to 95°F)

Atmospheric Pressure 860mbar to 1060mbar (25.4" to 31.3")

Humidity 10% to 75\*%

e) All AC testing was performed at one or more of the following supply voltages:

110V 60 Hz (+/-20%)

#### 2.2 Units of Measurement

The units of measurements defined in the appendices are reported in specific terms, which are test dependent. Where radiated measurements are concerned these are defined at a particular distance. Basic voltage measurements are defined in units of [dBuV]

As an example, the basic calculation for all measurements is as follows:

Emission level [dBuV] = Indicated voltage level [dBuV] + Cable Loss [dB] + Other correction factors [dB]

The combinations of correction factors are dependent upon the exact test configurations [see test equipment lists for further details] and may include:-

Antenna Factors, Pre Amplifier Gain, LISN Loss, Pulse Limiter Loss and Filter Insertion Loss..

Note: to convert the results from dBuV/m to uV/m use the following formula:-

Level in uV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(X dBuV/m)/20] = Y uV/m



## Measurement Uncertainty Values

voltage and power measurements	± 2 dB
conducted EIRP measurements	± 1.4 dB
radiated measurements	± 3.2 dB
frequency measurements	± 2.4 10-7
temperature measurements	± 0.54°.
humidity measurements	± 2.3%
DC and low frequency measurements	± 2.5%.

Where relevant measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Radiated emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

30 MHz - 300 MHz	+/- 3.8 dB
300 MHz - 1000 MHz	+/- 4.3 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	+/- 4.0 dB
10 GHz - 18GHz	+/- 8.2 dB
18GHz - 26.5GHz	+/- 4.1 dB
26.5GHz - 40GHz	+/- 3.9 dB

Conducted emissions (expanded uncertainty, confidence interval 95%)

A product is considered to comply with a requirement if the nominal measured value is below the limit line. The product is considered to not be in compliance in case the nominal measured value is above the limit line.

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# 2.3 Date of testing (initial sample receipt date to last date of testing)

20-Sep-2019 to 12-Nov-2019

#### 2.4 Report Issue Date

Cisco uses an electronic system to issue, store and control the revision of test reports. This system is called the Engineering Document Control System (EDCS). The actual report issue date is embedded into the original file on EDCS. Any copies of this report, either electronic or paper, that are not on EDCS must be considered uncontrolled

# 2.5 Testing facilities

This assessment was performed by:

# **Testing Laboratory**

Cisco Systems, Inc. 425 East Tasman Drive (Building 7) San Jose, CA 95134 USA

#### Headquarters

Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134 USA

# **Registration Numbers for Industry Canada**

Cisco System Site	Address	Site Identifier
Building P, 10m	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-2
Chamber	San Jose, CA 95134, USA	
Building P, 5m Chamber	125 West Tasman Dr	Company #: 2461N-1
	San Jose, CA 95134, USA	
Building I, 5m Chamber	285 W. Tasman Drive	Company #: 2461M-1
	San Jose, CA 95134, USA	
Building 7, 5m Chamber	425 E. Tasman Drive	Company #: 2461N-3
	San Jose, CA 95134, USA	

# **Test Engineers**

Farida Rahmanzai Jose Huamani

#### 2.6 Equipment Assessed (EUT)

IW-6000H

## 2.7 EUT Description

IW-6300H is the next generation Industrial Wireless Access Point designed for hazardous location environments known on a go-forward basis as the "IW-6300-Hazloc" or "IW-6300H" model. The IW-6300 supports one 5GHz radio capable of 2x2:2SS and one 2.4 Ghz radio 2x2:2SS with the capability of accommodate 5GHz Mesh and 2.4GHz access simultaneously.

Features Supported:

802.11 AC Wave 2, IP67 rated, and HazLoc Class 1 Division 2 certified Aironet Access Point supporting advanced features.

- --> Light weight and compact size
- --> Improved temperature range: -50C to 75C
- --> Powering Options: AC, DC, and POE In Power
- --> Redundant Power via AC & POE-In
- --> Dual POE Out provides industry leading versatility
- --> IoT Module: Supports a bolt-on module with USB and POE connectivity to enable Wireless HART, ISA 100.11a, and other types of functionality.

IW-6000H has 3 versions,

IW-6300H-AC-X-K9 with ESW-6300-CON-X-K9 is DUPLO with AC Power(100-240V, 50/60Hz) IW-6300H-DC-X-K9 with ESW-6300-CON-X-K9 is DUPLO with DC Power (44-57VDC) IW-6300H-DCW-X-K9 with ESW-6300-CON-X-K9 is DUPLO with DC Power (10.8-36VDC)

#### Wireless Protocols support

- Wi-Fi: IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac
  - 2.4GHz WLAN Radio Supported Modes:
  - 802.11b (1Mbps 11Mbps)
  - 802.11g (6Mbps 54Mbps)

# MIMO single antenna

- 802.11n (HT20, M0 M7)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 M7)

## MIMO dual antenna

- 802.11n (HT20, M0 M15)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 M15)

#### **5GHz WLAN Radio Supported Modes:**

• 802.11a (6Mbps – 54Mbps)

#### MIMO Single antenna

- 802.11n (HT20, M0 M7)
- 802.11n (VHT20, M0 M7)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 M7)
- 802.11n (VHT40, M0 M7)

#### MIMO dual antenna

- 802.11n (HT20, M0 M15)
- 802.11n(VHT20, M0 M15)
- 802.11n (HT40, M0 M15)
- 802.11n (VHT40, M0 M15)

# MIMO Single/Dual antenna

- 802.11ac (VHT20, M0 M9)
- 802.11ac (VHT40, M0 M9)
- 802.11ac (VHT80, M0 M9)

# **Model Differences**

IW-6300H-AC-x-K9, IW-6300H-DC-x-K9, IW-6300-DCW-x-K9 and ESW-6300-CON-x-K9, all have the same identical components, electronics circuitries, PCB layout and enclosure.

The only differences are listed as below:

IW-6300H-AC-x-K9 IW-6300H-DC-x-K9 IW-6300-DCW-x-K9 ESW-6300-CON-x-K9

Where "x" can be replaced with another letter to indicate country domain. Domain letters: A, B, C, D, E, F, H, I, L, M, N, Q, R, S, T, Z

Where "AC" is Alternating Current (AC power supply)
Where "DC" is Direct Current (DC power supply), 54V native input
Where "DCW" is Direct Current; wide range 10-36VDC
Where "K9" is encryption software.



# **Antenna Specification**

The following antennas are supported by this product series.

Frequency	Part Number	Antenna Type	Antenna Gain (dBi)
	AIR-ANT2450V-N	Single Band Omni	5
	AIR-ANT2450V-N-HZ	Single Band Omni, Hazloc	5
2.4 GHz	AIR-ANT2480V-N	Single Band Omni	8
2.4 0112	AIR-ANT2450HG-N	Horizontal Polarized Omni	5
	AIR-ANT2450VG-N	Vertical Polarized Omni	5
	AIR-ANT2413P2M-N	Single Band, Dual Polarized Directional Patch	13
	AIR-ANT5180V-N	Single Band Omni	4
5 CU-	AIR-ANT5150HG-N	Horizontal Polarized Omni	4
5 GHz	AIR-ANT5150VG-N	Vertical Polarized Omni	6
	AIR-ANT5114P2M-N	Single Band, Dual Polarized Directional Patch	8
	AIR-ANT2547V-N=	Dual-band Omni	4/7
	AIR-ANT2547VG-N=	Dual-band Omni, Gray	4/7
2.4 GHz/5GHz	AIR-ANT2547V-N-HZ=	Dual-band Omni, Hazloc	4/7
	AIR-ANT2568VG-N	Dual-band Omni	6/8
	AIR-ANT2588P3M-N=	Dual-band/Dual Polarized Directional, Patch	8/8
	AIR-ANT2513P4M-N	Dual-band Polarization Diverse Patch Array	13 / 13

**Note:** The data included in this report represent the worst case data for all antennas.



# **Section 3: Result Summary**

# 3.1 Results Summary Table

	RF Conducted Emissions	
Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407	Output Power: (a) (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.	Pass See Note
	(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBiIf transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output powershall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).  (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.  (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 WFixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, p	See Note

Note1: See FCC Radio test report EDCS#xxxxxxxx

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RF Conducted Emissions (continue)			
Basic	•		
Standard			
FCC 15.407	Power Spectral Density (a) (1)	Pass	
	For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.	See	
	(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25	Note1	
	GHzthe maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in		
	any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain		
	greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output		
	power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by		
	the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.		
	The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as		
	measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).		
	(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz		
	the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1		
	megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater		
	than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and		
	the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in		
	dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-		
	5.25 GHzthe maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17		
	dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may		
	employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any		
	corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For		
	fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain		
	greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output		
	power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB		
	of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations		
	exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional		
	applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same		
	information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is		
	professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that		
	systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively		
	for fixed, point-to-point operations.		
	(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz		
	bandthe maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in		
	any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain		
	greater than 6 dBi are used the maximum power spectral density		
	shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the		
F00 45 40=	antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	_	
FCC 15.407	Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge (b)	Pass	
	(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions	See	
	outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -	Note1	
	27dBm/MHz.		

Note1: See FCC Radio test report EDCS#xxxxxxxx

RF Conducted Emissions (continue)		
Basic	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
Standard		
FCC 15.407	99% & 26 dB Bandwidth  The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.  The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.	Pass See Note1
	AC Conducted Emissions	
FCC 15.207	AC Conducted Emissions: (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the section, as measured using a 50 µH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).	Pass

Note1: See FCC Radio test report EDCS#xxxxxxxx

Radiated Spurious Emission		
Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result
FCC 15.407	Undesirable emission limits: (b) (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.	Pass
	(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.	
FCC 15.209	TX Radiated emissions limits: (a)  Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the table of this subpart.	
FCC 15.407	Restricted band: (b) (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.	Pass
FCC 15.205	<ul><li>(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed in the table of this subpart.</li><li>(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209.</li></ul>	

Note2: MPE calculation to be reported in separate report

	RF Conducted Emissions		
Basic Standard	Technical Requirements / Details	Result	
RSS-247	99% & 26 dB Bandwidth: The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. There is no limit for 99% OBW.	Pass See Note3	
	The 26 dB emission is the width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 26 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.		
RSS-247	Power Limits: 6.2.1.1	Pass	
	For OEM devices installed in vehicles, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 30 mW or 1.76 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever is less stringent. Devices shall implement transmitter power control (TPC) in order to have the capability to operate at least 3 dB below the maximum permitted e.i.r.p. of 30 mW.	See Note3	
	For other devices, the maximum e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 200 mW or 10 + 10 log10B, dBm, whichever power is less. B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz.		
RSS-247	Power Spectral Density: 6.2.1.1	Pass See Note3	
	The e.i.r.p. spectral density shall not exceed 10 dBm in any 1.0 MHz band.		
RSS-247	Conducted Spurious Emissions / Band-Edge: 6.2.1.2 For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of - 27dBm/MHz.	Pass See Note3	

Note3: See RSS Radio test report EDCS#xxxxxxxx

AC Conducted Emissions			
Basic Technical Requirements / Details Standard			
RSS-Gen	AC Conducted Emissions: Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4, as measured using a 50 $\mu H$ / 50 $\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network.	Pass	

Unwanted emission limits: 6.2.1.2 For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250MHz: All emissions outside the band 5.150-5.350 GHz shall not exceed - 27dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.	Pass
TX Spurious Emissions: 8.9 Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.	
Restricted band: 8.10	Pass
Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of Table 6 shall	
	For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250MHz: All emissions outside the band 5.150-5.350 GHz shall not exceed - 27dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.  TX Spurious Emissions: 8.9  Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table 4 and Table 5 below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.  Restricted band: 8.10

Note2: MPE calculation to be reported in separate report



# **Section 4: Sample Details**

Note: Each sample was evaluated to ensure that its condition was suitable to be used as a test sample prior to the commencement of testing. Please also refer to the "Justification for worst Case test Configuration" section of this report for further details on the selection of EUT samples.

4.1 Sample Details

Sample No.	Equipment Details	Manufacturer	Hardware Rev.	Firmware Rev.	Software Rev.	Serial Number
S01	IW-6300H (radiated sample)	Cisco	12	9.1.8.1	2.4.26	FOC23241G3L
S02	IW-6300H (AC conducted sample)	Cisco	12	9.1.8.1	2.4.26	FOC23241G3Q
S03	Air-ANT2513P4M-N Antenna	Cisco	Production			MAS19440415
S04	IW-6300H-AC-X-K9 Power Supply	Delta	Production			DTH2329000P

4.2 System Details

System #	Description	Samples
1	IW-6000H	S01, S03, S04
2	IW-6000H	S02, S03, S04

4.3 Mode of Operation Details

Mode (# of Antenna) Setting#	Wi-Fi Mode	Modulation	Data Rate
	Single Mode	Antenna	
1 (single antenna)	802.11a*	BPSK	6 Mbps
2 (single antenna)	802.11an (HT20)	BPSK	6.5 Mbps (MCS0)
3 (single antenna)	802.11an (HT40)	BPSK	13.5 Mbps (MCS0)
4 (single antenna)	802.11ac (VHT20)	BPSK	6.5 Mbps (MCS0)
5 (single antenna)	802.11ac (VHT40)	BPSK	13.5 Mbps (MCS0)
6 (single antenna)	802.11ac (VHT80)	BPSK	29.3 Mbps (MCS0)
	<b>Dual Mode</b> A	Antenna	
7 (dual antenna)	802.11an (HT20)	BPSK	13.0 Mbps (MCS0)
8 (dual antenna)	802.11an (HT40)*	BPSK	27.0 Mbps (MCS0)
9 (dual antenna)	802.11ac (VHT20)	BPSK	13.0 Mbps (MCS0)
10 (dual antenna)	802.11ac (VHT40)	BPSK	27.0 Mbps (MCS0)
11 (dual antenna)	802.11ac (VHT80)	BPSK	58.5 Mbps (MCS0)

**Note**: Table above represents the worst case scenarios for all modulations and data rate combination of each mode.

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<sup>\*:</sup> Setting# was determined to be the worst case emissions of all modes and selected for RSE testing.



# **Appendix A: RF Conducted Emissions**

# Target Maximum Channel Power

The following table details the maximum supported Total Channel Power for all operating modes.

	Maximun Power	
	Frequen	cy (MHz)
Operating Mode		



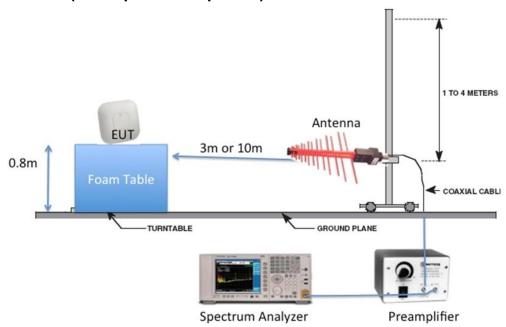
# Appendix B: Radiated Spurious and AC Conducted Emissions

Testing Laboratory: Cisco Systems, Inc., 125 West Tasman Drive, San Jose, CA 95134, USA

# **B.1** Radiated Spurious Emissions

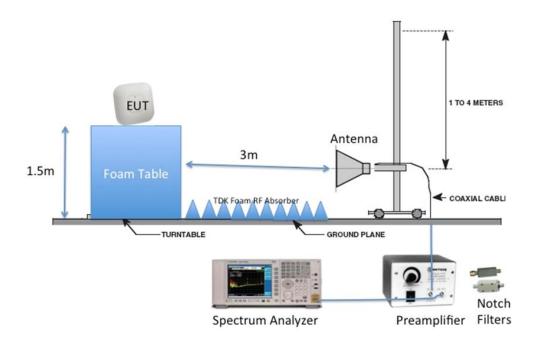
# **B1.1** Setup Diagram

# **Below 1G (Preamp used is optional)**





# **Above 1G**





## **B1.2** Restricted Bands

**15.407** (b) (7) The provisions of 15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section

**15.205** (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. Refer to limit section for detailed limits.

	Restricted Bands for FCC				
MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz		
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15		
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46		
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75		
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5		
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2		
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5		
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7		
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4		
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5		
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2		
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4		
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12		
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0		
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8		
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5		
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	Above 38.6		
13.36-13.41					

# **RSS-Gen 8.10**

- (b) Unwanted emissions that fall into restricted bands of <u>Table 6</u> shall comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen.
- (c) Unwanted emissions that do not fall within the restricted frequency bands of <u>Table 6</u> shall comply either with the limits specified in the applicable RSS or with those specified in this RSS-Gen.

**Table 6 Restricted Bands** 

MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	74.8-75.2	9.0-9.2
2.1735-2.1905	108-138	9.3-9.5
3.020-3.026	156.52475-156.52525	10.6-12.7
4.125-4.128	156.7-156.9	13.25-13.4
4.17725-4.17775	240-285	14.47-14.5
4.20725-4.20775	322-335.4	15.35-16.2
5.677-5.683	399.9-410	17.7-21.4
6.215-6.218	608-614	22.01-23.12
6.26775-6.26825	960-1427	23.6-24.0
6.31175-6.31225	1435-1626.5	31.2-31.8
8.291-8.294	1645.5-1646.5	36.43-36.5
8.362-8.366	1660-1710	Above 38.6
8.37625-8.38675	1718.8-1722.2	*
8.41425-8.41475	2200-2300	
12.29-12.293	2310-2390	
12.51975-12.52025	2655-2900	
12.57675-12.57725	3260-3267	
13.36-13.41	3332-3339	
16.42-16.423	3345.8-3358	
16.69475-16.69525	3500-4400	
16.80425-16.80475	4500-5150	
25.5-25.67	5350-5460	
37.5-38.25	7250-7750	
73-74.6	8025-8500	



#### **B1.3** Limits

## Below 1 GHz

## FCC 15.209

The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the table specified in the table in FCC§15.209(a).

## FCC15.407

(b) (6) Unwanted emissions below 1GHz must comply with general field strength limits set forth in §15.209.

**RSS-Gen 8.9:** Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emissions from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in Table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission

_	General Field Strength Limits Table			
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (uV/meter)	Field strength (dBuV/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	
30-88	100**	40 Qp	3	
88-216	150**	43.5 Qp	3	
216-960	200**	46 Qp	3	
Above 960	500	54 Av / 74 Pk	3	

#### Above 1 GHz

**15.407** (b) *Undesirable emission limits*. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

#### **RSS-247** 6.2.1.2

For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.



# **Limit Conversion (power to field strength)**

The field strength limit in  $dB\mu V$  can be converted from power (logarithmic) by using the field strength (linear) approach formula as follows:

$$V/m = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times Pt \times gt}}{d}$$

where: pt = transmitter output power in watts,

gt = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unit less),

 $\mathbf{E}$  = electric field strength in V/m,

 $\mathbf{d}$  = measurement distance in meters (m).

From the equation above, unit conversion from log => linear with a known power limit of -27 dBm.

#### (1) Conversion from dBm to Watt

dBm to Watts W = 10((dBm - 30)/10)

$$P(W) = 10^{(-27 - 120)/20}$$
  
= 10 -5.7  
= 1.995 x 10 -6

# (2) Convert from Watt to field strength

a. Convert from Watt to V/m @ 3m distance

$$V/m = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times Pt \times gt}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{30 \times 0.000001995 \times 1}}{3}$$

$$= 0.00257$$

b. Convert field strength to power density (V/m to  $dB\mu V/m$ )

$$dB\mu V/m = 20 \log (V/m) + 120$$
  
= 68.2

#### **B1.4** Test Procedure

Ref. ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.5 & 6.6, Cispr16-1-1

ANSI C63.10: 2013 section 4.1.4 / section 12.7.5 (Quasi-Peak), section 12.7.6 (peak), section 12.7.3 (average)

#### Test parameters

- (i) Span = Entire frequency range or segment if necessary.
- (ii) Reference Level = 80 dBuV
- (iii) RBW = 100 kHz (less than or equal to 1 GHz); 1 MHz (above 1 GHz)
- (iv) VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW
- (v) Detector = Peak & Quasi-Peak (frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz);

Peak & Average (frequency range above 1 GHz); Change VBW to 10 Hz for average measurement

(vi) Sweep Time = Couple

Using Vasona, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown below (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer). Place the radio in continuous transmit mode.

Terminate the access Point RF ports with 50 ohm loads.

Maximize Turntable (find worst case table angle), Maximize Antenna (find worst case height)

30MHz - 18GHz,

Save plots: Peak plot (Vertical and Horizontal) @3m

Above 18 GHz,

Save plots: Peak plot (Vertical and Horizontal) @1m

Place a marker at the end of the restricted band closest to the transmit frequency to show compliance. Also measure any emissions in the restricted bands.

**Note**: The data displayed on the plots detailed in the graphical test results section were measured using a 'Peak Detector'. Please refer to the results table for the detectors used during formal measurements.



This report represents the worst case data for all supported operating modes with antenna which has maximum gain.

Samples, Systems, and Modes

 stem ımber	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
4	EUT	IW-6300H with Air-ANT2513P4M-N antenna	$\checkmark$	
1	Support	IW-6300H-AC-X-K9 power supply		$\checkmark$

Mode Setting#	Wi-Fi Mode	Modulation	Data Rate
1 (single antenna)	802.11a*	BPSK	6 Mbps
8 (dual antenna)	802.11an (HT40)*	BPSK	27.0 Mbps (MCS0)

Tested By:	Date of testing:
Test Engineer(s): Farida Rahmanzai, Jose Huamani	20-Sep-2019 - 08-Oct-2019
Test Result: PASS	•

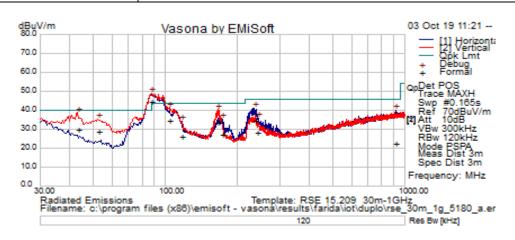
# **Test Equipment**

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



# **B1.5** TX Radiated Spurious Emissions Graphical Data Results

Subtest Date:	03-Oct-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 36 (5180 MHz)
Results	



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 30MHz-1GHz – Ch36 (5180 MHz)

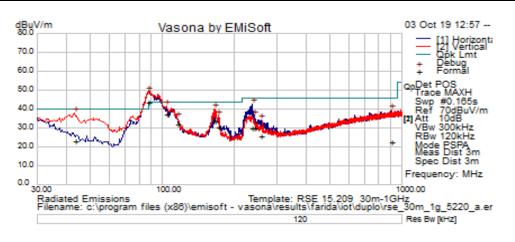
Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity			Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
87.532	36.03	0.98	7.5	44.51	Quasi Max	Н	211	116	50*	-5.49	Pass	See notes
43.22975	17.82	0.68	11.56	30.06	Quasi Max	V	117	148	40	-9.94	Pass	
103.868	22.43	1.06	10.96	34.45	Quasi Max	Н	294	131	43.5	-9.05	Pass	
165.1568	20.55	1.36	11.78	33.69	Quasi Max	V	100	195	43.5	-9.81	Pass	
52.4445	20.51	0.79	7.41	28.7	Quasi Max	V	120	107	40	-11.3	Pass	
235.1743	21.33	1.6	11.5	34.43	Quasi Max	Н	102	214	46	-11.57	Pass	
912.3215	-2.88	3.16	22.2	22.48	Quasi Max	V	394	139	46	-23.52	Pass	
172.6913	14.64	1.39	11.23	27.27	Quasi Max	Н	186	18	43.5	-16.23	Pass	
116.4638	11.88	1.14	13.39	26.4	Quasi Max	V	163	58	43.5	-17.1	Pass	
242.496	14.84	1.62	11.7	28.16	Quasi Max	Н	103	192	46	-17.84	Pass	

**Note1:** 87.53MHz is determined to be non-radio related signal. FCC part15.109 class A limit applied. Also see FCC Part15.109 test report.

Note2: \* means FCC part15.109 class A limit.

Page No: 29 of 55

Subtest Date:	03-Oct-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai
	Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 44 (5220 MHz)
Results	



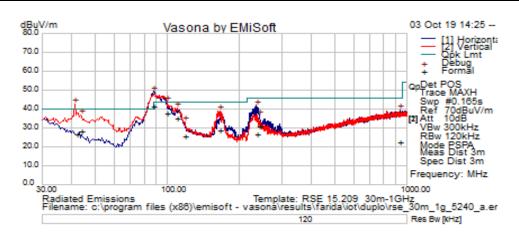
Titte: I	LA Spu	rious En	nissions troi	m SUMH	Z-IGHZ	– Cn4	14 (5220	(MHZ)
Cab	A TO	T1			TT - 2 - 1- 4	A _4	T ::4	N/

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	_		Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
87.61925	34.87	0.98	7.5	43.35	Quasi Max	Н	208	85	50*	-6.65	Pass	See notes
104.2818	25.05	1.06	11.06	37.17	Quasi Max	V	123	132	43.5	-6.33	Pass	
43.072	10.83	0.68	11.66	23.17	Quasi Max	V	269	207	40	-16.83	Pass	
164.7975	20.33	1.36	11.8	33.49	Quasi Max	V	101	177	43.5	-10.01	Pass	
237.2633	16.53	1.61	11.6	29.74	Quasi Max	Н	166	209	46	-16.26	Pass	
905.612	-2.92	3.16	22.1	22.34	Quasi Max	Н	161	230	46	-23.66	Pass	
170.4845	17.44	1.38	11.35	30.17	Quasi Max	Н	115	213	43.5	-13.33	Pass	
115.3523	17.41	1.13	13.24	31.77	Quasi Max	Н	244	221	43.5	-11.73	Pass	
242.4548	16.74	1.62	11.7	30.06	Quasi Max	Н	114	207	46	-15.94	Pass	
258.743	12.1	1.68	11.87	25.65	Quasi Max	Н	107	125	46	-20.35	Pass	

**Note1:** 87.62MHz is determined to be non-radio related signal. FCC part15.109 class A limit applied. Also see FCC Part15.109 test report.

Note2: \* means FCC part15.109 class A limit.

Subtest Date:	03-Oct-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai
	Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	30MHz - 1GHz
Comments on the above Test	802.11a, Tx Channel 48 (5240 MHz)
Results	



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 30MHz-1GHz – Ch48 (5240 MHz)

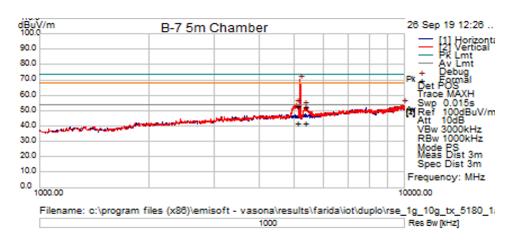
										/		
Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)		Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
87.2255	33.26	0.98	7.5	41.73	Quasi Max	Н	257	78	50*	-8.27	Pass	See notes
41.642	13.27	0.67	12.75	26.69	Quasi Max	V	106	71	40	-13.31	Pass	
99.67525	26.66	1.03	9.84	37.53	Quasi Max	V	121	142	43.5	-5.97	Pass	
109.9983	21.85	1.1	12.2	35.15	Quasi Max	Н	223	210	43.5	-8.35	Pass	
43.59775	16.17	0.68	11.34	28.19	Quasi Max	V	171	127	40	-11.81	Pass	
235.5163	13.84	1.6	11.5	26.94	Quasi Max	Н	186	94	46	-19.06	Pass	
165.7375	15.89	1.37	11.73	28.98	Quasi Max	Н	111	201	43.5	-14.52	Pass	
934.7258	-2.99	3.19	22.4	22.6	Quasi Max	V	141	257	46	-23.4	Pass	
242.1415	17.68	1.62	11.7	31	Quasi Max	Н	129	220	46	-15	Pass	
118.0745	10.77	1.14	13.61	25.52	Quasi Max	V	107	336	43.5	-17.98	Pass	

**Note1:** 87.22MHz is determined to be non-radio related signal. FCC part15.109 class A limit applied. Also see FCC Part15.109 test report.

Note2: \* means FCC part15.109 class A limit.



Subtest Date:	26-Sep-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 36 (5180 MHz)
Results	



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1GHz-10GHz – Ch36 (5180 MHz) Cab Results **Frequency** Raw AF Level Limit | Margin Height Azt **Detector** | Polarity Loss Pass / | Comments (MHz) (dBuV) (dB) (dBuV) (cm) (Deg) (dBuV) (dB) (dB) Fail Peak 5173.75 66.88 9.02 -5.71 70.2 ٧ 100 18 Ignored Fundamental N/A N/A Peak 5061.25 49.85 8.93 -5.83 52.95 ٧ 107 15 -15.25 68.2 **Pass** RB 5061.25 38.92 8.93 -5.83 42.02 ٧ 107 15 -11.98 Average 54 **Pass** RB ٧ 5336.875 48.73 9.19 -5.53 52.39 Peak 115 21 68.2 -15.81**Pass** RB

٧

115

21

54

-12.18

**Pass** 

RB

Note: RB means restricted band

9.19

-5.53

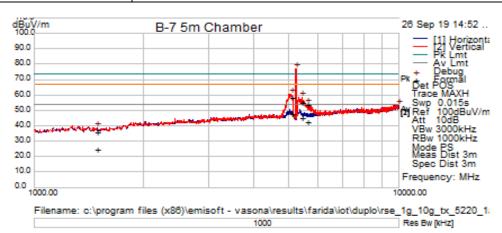
41.82

38.16

5336.875

Average

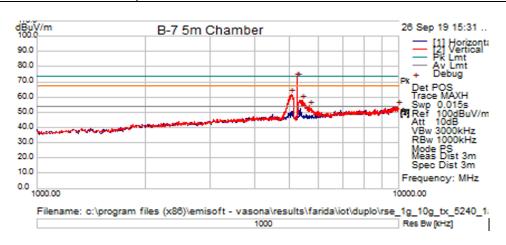
Subtest Date:	26-Sep-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai
	Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 44 (5220 MHz)
Results	



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1GHz-10GHz - Ch44 (5220 MHz) Results Cab **AF** Frequency Raw Level Height Azt Limit | Margin Polarity Pass / |Comments Loss **Detector** (MHz) (dBuV) (dB) (dBuV) (cm) (Deg)(dBuV) (dB) (dB) Fail Peak 125 5224.375 73.95 9.06 -5.77 77.23 ٧ 19 N/A N/A Ignored Fundamental 5066.875 55.68 8.93 -5.87 58.75 Peak ٧ -9.45 163 19 68.2 **Pass** 5066.875 -5.87 47.75 ٧ 44.68 8.93 Average 163 19 54 -6.25**Pass** ٧ RB 5426.875 51.73 9.25 -5.51 55.46 Peak 141 26 68.2 -12.74**Pass** 5426.875 9.25 44.95 ٧ RB 41.21 -5.51 Average 141 26 54 -9.05 **Pass** 5612.5 125 49.8 9.43 -5.32 53.9 Peak ٧ 24 68.2 -14.3 **Pass** 5612.5 38.47 9.43 -5.32 42.58 ٧ 125 24 Average 54 -11.42 **Pass** 



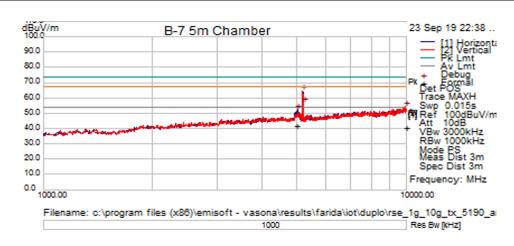
Subtest Date:	26-Sep-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test Results	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 48 (5240 MHz)



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1GHz-10GHz – Ch48 (5240 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)		Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5246.875	69.54	9.09	-5.71	72.93	Peak	V	125	18	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
5050	58.75	8.91	-5.87	61.8	Peak	V	110	21	68.2	-6.40	Pass	RB
5050	47.77	8.91	-5.87	50.81	Average	V	110	21	54	-3.19	Pass	RB
5404.375	51.81	9.24	-5.53	55.52	Peak	V	142	10	68.2	-12.68	Pass	RB
5404.375	40.46	9.24	-5.53	44.17	Average	V	142	10	54	-9.83	Pass	RB
5685.625	48.76	9.46	-5.22	53	Peak	V	119	18	68.2	-15.2	Pass	
5685.625	38.02	9.46	-5.22	42.26	Average	V	119	18	54	-11.74	Pass	

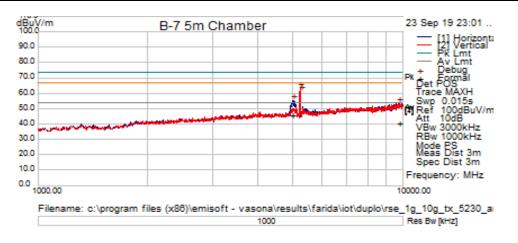
Subtest Date:	23-Sep-2019
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai
	Jose Huamani
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11n40</b> , Tx Channel 38 (5190 MHz)
Results	



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1GHz-10GHz - Ch38 (5190 MHz)												
Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity		Azt (Deg)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5173.75	61.15	9.02	-5.71	64.47	Peak	V	100	322	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
5016.25	49.52	8.86	-5.91	52.48	Peak	Н	100	316	68.2	-15.72	Pass	RB
4978.008	39.17	8.85	-5.99	42.03	Average	Н	99	312	54	-11.97	Pass	RB



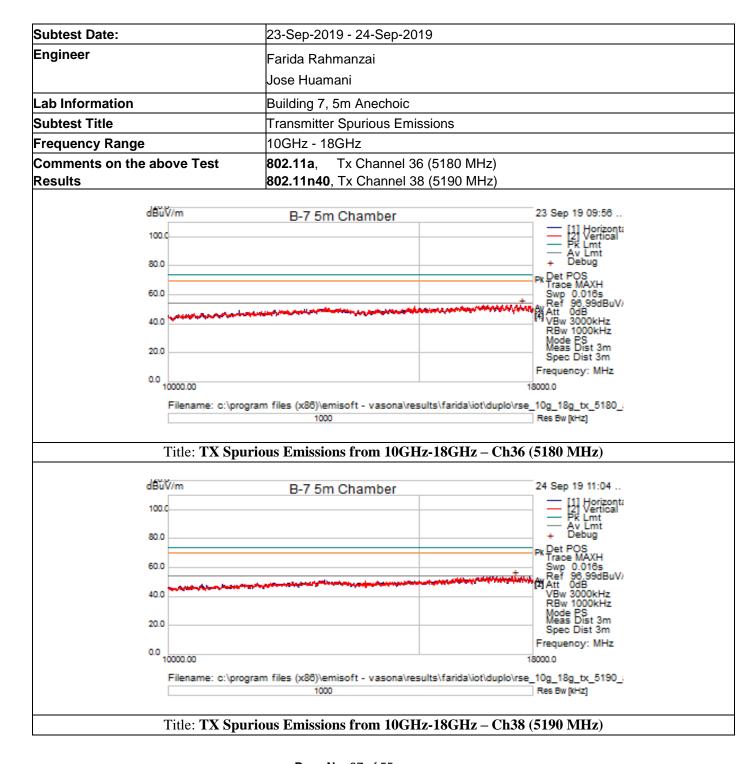
Subtest Date:	23-Sep-2019					
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai Jose Huamani					
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic					
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions					
Frequency Range	1GHz - 10GHz					
Comments on the above Test	<b>802.11n40</b> , Tx Channel 46 (5230 MHz)					
Results						



Title: TX Spurious Emissions from 1GHz-10GHz – Ch46 (5230 MHz)

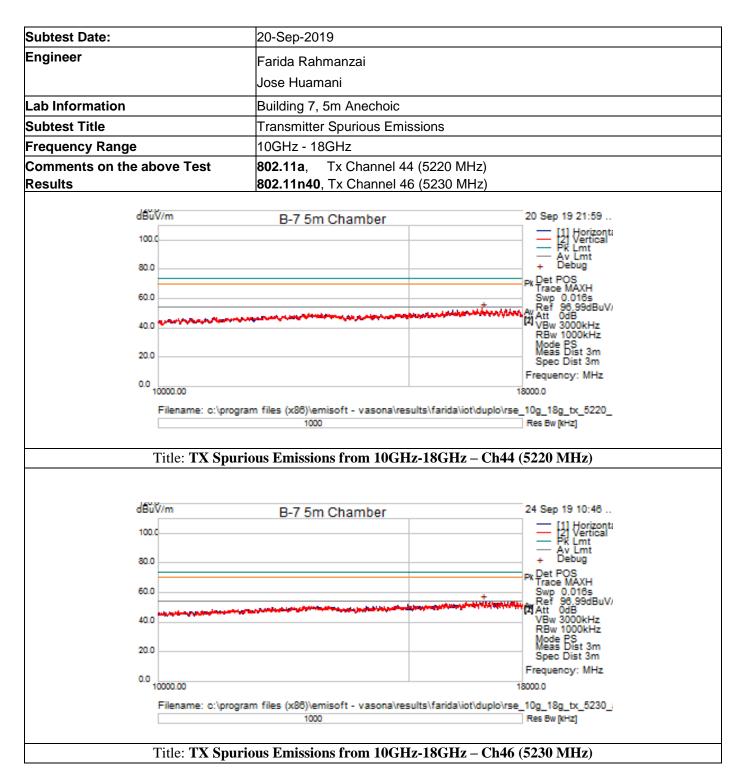
Frequency (MHz)	Raw (dBuV)	Cab Loss (dB)	AF (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Detector	Polarity	Height (cm)		Limit (dBuV)	Margin	Results Pass / Fail	Comments
5224.375	59.99	9.06	-5.77	63.27	Peak	V	150	309	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
5246.875	57.91	9.09	-5.71	61.29	Peak	Н	100	316	N/A	N/A	Ignored	Fundamental
5016.25	52.41	8.86	-5.91	55.36	Peak	Н	100	308	68.2	-12.84	Pass	RB
4972.98	42.86	8.84	-6	45.69	Average	Н	110	315	54	-8.31	Pass	RB





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Subtest Date:	20-Sep-2019		
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai		
	Jose Huamani		
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic		
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions		
Frequency Range	10GHz - 18GHz		
Comments on the above Test	802.11a, Tx Channel 48 (5240 MHz)		
Results			
deuV/m 100.c 80.0 60.0 40.0 20.0 Filename: c:\pro	B-7 5m Chamber  20 Sep 19 21:08  [1] Horizont:  [2] Vertical  — Fk Lmt  — Av Lmt  + Debug  Pk Der POS  Trace MAXH Swp 0.016s  Av Att 0dB VBw 3000kHz RBw 1000kHz Mode PS Meas Dist 3m Spec Dist 3m Frequency: MHz  18000.0  Res Bw (kHz)  Res Bw (kHz)		
	The DW [M12]		
Title: TX Spu	urious Emissions from 10MHz-18GHz – Ch48 (5240 MHz)		



Subtest Date:	08-Oct-2019				
Engineer	Farida Rahmanzai				
	Jose Huamani	Jose Huamani			
Lab Information	Building 7, 5m Anechoic				
Subtest Title	Transmitter Spurious Emissions				
Frequency Range	18GHz - 40GHz				
Comments on the above Test Results	<b>802.11a</b> , Tx Channel 44 (5220 MI	Hz)			
dBuV/m 90.0	Vasona by EMiSoft	08 Oct 19 22:11			
80.0		Pk — [1] Horizonti Vertical			
70.0		+ Debug			
60.0 50.0		Det 0 [2] Trace 0"			
40.0		Swp "#0.043s Ref 90dBuV/m Att 10dB			
30.0		VBw 1000kHz RBw 1000kHz			
20.0		Mode PSPA Meas Dist 1m			
10.0		Spec Dist 1m Frequency: MHz			
18000.0	Tourist DOE 45	26500.0			
	issions Template: RSE 15.: program files (x88)\emisoft - vasona\results\duplo\				
dBuV/m 90.0	Vasona by EMiSoft	08 Oct 19 22:05			
80.0		Pk [1] Horizont: Pk Pk Little			
70.0		+ Debug			
80.0	and the same of th	[2] Det 0 Trace 0"			
40.0		Swp "#0.105s Ref 90dBuV/m Att 10dB VBw 1000kHz			
30.0		VBw 1000kHz RBw 1000kHz			
20.0		Mode PSPA Meas Dist 1m			
10.0		Spec Dist 1m Frequency: MHz			
0.0 26500.0		40000.0			
Radiated Em Filename: c:\	issions Template: RSE 15. program files (x86)\emisoft - vasona\results\duplo\	209 Pk 28-40GHz rse\rse_28.5-40ghz_5220mhz_p.			
Title: <b>TX Spu</b>	rious Emissions from 26.5GHz-40G	Hz – Ch44 (5220 MHz)			



### **B.2** AC Conducted Emissions

### **B2.1** Limits

**FCC 15.207:** (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

	Conducted Limits			
Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Quasi-Peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*		
0.5 – 5	56	46		
5 – 30	60	50		

**RSS-Gen 8.8:** Unless stated otherwise in the applicable RSS, for radio apparatus that are designed to be connected to the public utility AC power network, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the range 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in table 4 (AC power-line conducted emissions limit), as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H / 50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network. This requirement applies for the radio frequency voltage measured between each power line and the ground terminal of each AC power-line mains cable of the EUT.

#### **B2.2 Test Procedures**

**Ref:** C63.10:2013, section 6.2.2

### **Section 6.2.2 Measurement requirements**

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe or across the 50  $\Omega$  LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50  $\Omega$  measuring instrument, or where permitted or required, the emission currents on the power line sensed by a current probe. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer, and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements, using a LISN, the 50  $\Omega$  measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having a 50  $\Omega$  input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50  $\Omega$  loads. Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 show typical test setups for ac power-line conducted emissions testing (see 6.13). For information about the use of a RF-shielded (screen) room, vertical conducting plane and voltage probe, see ANSI C63.4.

Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size, 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screen) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

#### Section 6.2.5 Final ac power-line conducted emission measurements

Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT performed in 6.2.4, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit is selected for the final measurement, while applying the appropriate modulating signal to the EUT. If the EUT is relocated from an exploratory test site to a final test site, the highest emissions shall be remaximized at the final test location before final ac powerline conducted emission measurements are performed. The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment in the system) is then performed for the full frequency range for which the EUT is being tested for compliance without further variation of the EUT arrangement, cable positions, or EUT mode of operation. If the EUT is comprised of equipment units that have their own separate ac power connections, e.g., floor-standing equipment with independent power cords for each shelf that are able to connect directly to the ac power network, each current-carrying conductor of one unit is measured while the other units are connected to a second (or more) LISN(s). All units shall be separately measured. If a power strip is provided by the manufacturer, to supply all of the units making up the EUT, only the conductors in the power cord of the power strip shall be measured.

Record the six highest EUT emissions relative to the limit of each of the current-carrying conductors of the power cords of the equipment that comprises the EUT over the frequency range specified by the procuring or regulatory agency.

### **Ref.** C63.10-2013 section 6.2

#### **Test Procedure**

- 1. Using Vasona software, configure the spectrum analyzer as shown above (be sure to enter all losses between the transmitter output and the spectrum analyzer).
- 2. Set the radio in continuous transmit mode.
- 3. Connect cable end to LISN Hot port and other cable end to the spectrum Analyzer/EMC receiver RF input port. Terminate the LISN neutral port with a 50  $\Omega$  impedance terminator.
- 4. Sweep the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz (segment if necessary)
- 5. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 6. Center marker frequency and perform final measurement using applicable detector (Quasi-Pk/Average).
- 7. Record at least 6 highest reading for the worst case operating modes in Quasipeak/Average.
- 8. Repeat the test on Neutral lead.
- 9. Repeat step 3-7 with the radio sets in the Receiver mode.
- 10. Record at least 6 highest reading in Quasi-peak/Average

### **Ref.** C63.10-2013 section 4 / CISPR16-1-1

#### **Test Parameters**

Span = Entire frequency range or segment if necessary.

Reference Level = 70 dBuV

RBW = 9 kHz

VBW ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep Time = Couple

Detector = Quasi-Peak & Average



Samples, Systems, and Modes

System Number	Description	Samples	System under test	Support equipment
0	EUT	IW-6300H with Air-ANT2513P4M-N antenna	$\checkmark$	
2	Support	IW-6300H-AC-X-K9 power supply		$\checkmark$

Mode Setting#	Wi-Fi Mode	Modulation	Data Rate
1 (single antenna)	802.11a*	BPSK	6 Mbps

Tested By:	Date of testing:
Test Engineer(s): Farida Rahmanzai, Jose Huamani	12-Nov-2019
Test Result: PASS	

**Test Equipment** 

See Appendix C for list of test equipment



## **B2.3** AC Conducted Emissions Test Data and Graphical Test Results

Subtest Da	Subtest Date:				019					
Engineer				Farida Ra	hmanzai					
				Jose Huamani						
Lab Informa	ation			Building 7	, formal imm	unity room				
Subtest Tit	le			Conducte	d Emissions					
Frequency	Range			150 kHz -						
Comments Results	on the a	above Tes	st	TX Ch44	(5220 MHz) י	with BPSK mo	dulation -	- 6 Mbps		
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	+	TY _ [ Y		Mate analy		District Healthall	11.00	L VE	30kHz	
20	.0	+ *		ALCONOL SA	district Lyd. 1-1.	11 11 11		Mi Pil	ode PSPA	
10	.0		$\square$							
0.0	,							Freq	uency: MHz	Z
0.0	0.15			1.00		_10.0		30.00		
Power Line Conducted En Filename: c:\program file				nissions s (x86)\em	isoft - vason	Temp na\results\duplo	late: LISI \radio\ce\	N A Cond CE 120V	Class B 60Hz Tx 5	220
						9			Bw [kHz]	
		AC Con	ducted	Emission	s Test Resu	It Tables for 8	302.11a /	TX Ch44	ı	
Frequency	Raw	Cab Loss	Factors	Level	Detector	Lines	Limit	Margin	Results	Comments
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV)		(Live/Neutral)	(dBuV)	(dB)	Pass / Fail	
0.245313	23.93	20.66	0.08	44.67	Quasi Peak	Live	61.91	-17.24	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.245313	8.51	20.66	0.08	29.26	Average	Live	51.91	-22.66	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.296265	13.57	20.45	0.07	34.09	Quasi Peak	Live	60.35	-26.25	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.296265	-2.2	20.45	0.07	18.32	Average	Live	50.35	-32.03	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.366405	15.16	20.21	0.07	35.44	Quasi Peak	Live	58.58	-23.14	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.366405	1.27	20.21	0.07	21.56	Average	Live	48.58	-27.03	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.602217	23.79	19.98	0.07	43.84	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-12.16	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.602217	9.05	19.98	0.07	29.09	Average	Live	46	-16.91	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.750888	18.26	19.98	0.07	38.3	Quasi Peak	Live	56	-17.7	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.750888	3.43	19.98	0.07	23.47	Average	Live	46	-22.53	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.776758	14.73	20.13	0.11	34.97	Quasi Peak	Live	60	-25.03	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.776758	14.5	20.13	0.11	34.74	Average	Live	50	-15.26	Pass	TX / Ch 44

Subtest Dat	te:			12-Nov-20	019					
Engineer			Farida Rahmanzai							
			Jose Huamani							
Lab Informa					, formal imm	unity room				
Subtest Titl					d Emissions					
Frequency				150 kHz -						
Comments	on the a	above Tes	st	TX Ch44	(5220 MHz) י	with BPSK mo	dulation -	- 6 Mbps		
Results dBuV				Vasona	by EMiSof	ft		12 N	lov 19 22:3	7 -
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20	.0	+ *		ALCONOL SE	Marie Land 1 and 1	THE PERSON NAMED IN	HA	,,,, Mik	de PSPA	
10	.0									
	,							Freq	uency: MHz	Z
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						9		Resi	Bw [kHz]	
		AC Con	ducted l	Emission	s Test Resu	It Tables for 8	302.11a /	TX Ch44	ļ	
Frequency	Raw	Cab Loss	Factors	Level	Detector	Lines	Limit	Margin	Results	Comments
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV)		(Live/Neutral)	(dBuV)	(dB)	Pass / Fail	
0.168309	29.37	21.08	0.1	50.56	Quasi Peak	Neutral	65.04	-14.48	Pass	TX / Ch 44
0.168309	2.94	21.08	0.1	24.13	Average	Neutral	55.04	-30.91	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.344041	15.15	20.13	0.08	35.36	Quasi Peak	Neutral	60	-24.64	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.344041	14.75	20.13	0.08	34.96	Average	Neutral	50	-15.04	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.919867	17.24	20.14	0.1	37.47	Quasi Peak	Neutral	60	-22.53	Pass	TX / Ch 44
8.919867	17.18	20.14	0.1	37.41	Average	Neutral	50	-12.59	Pass	TX / Ch 44
9.351399	16.69	20.14	0.11	36.94	Quasi Peak	Neutral	60	-23.06	Pass	TX / Ch 44
9.351399	16.48	20.14	0.11	36.73	Average	Neutral	50	-13.27	Pass	TX / Ch 44
9.781755	13.92	20.15	0.1	34.17	Quasi Peak		60	-25.83	Pass	TX / Ch 44
9.781755	13.29	20.15	0.1	33.54	Average	Neutral	50	-16.46	Pass	TX / Ch 44
10.35859	14.29	20.16	0.1	34.55	Quasi Peak	Neutral	60	-25.45	Pass	TX / Ch 44
10.35859	13.81	20.16	0.1	34.07	Average	Neutral	50	-15.93	Pass	TX / Ch 44

# Appendix C: List of Test Equipment Used to perform the test

Equip#	Manufacturer/ Model	Description	Last Cal	Next Due	Test Item		
	Test Equipment used for Radiated Emissions						
CIS008113	Cisco/NSA 5m Chamber	NSA 5m Chamber	01-Oct-19	01-Oct-20	B1		
CIS037581	ETS Lindgren / 3117	Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna	25-Jan-19	25-Jan-20	B1		
CIS039131	Cisco / TH0118	Mast Mount Preamplifier Array, 1-18GHz	25-Feb-19	25-Feb-20	B1		
CIS038404	Sunol Sciences / JB1	Combination Bi-Log Antenna, 30MHz-2GHz	31-Jan-19	31-Jan-20	B1		
CIS036710	Cisco/1840	18-40GHz EMI Test Head/Verification Fixture	12-Aug-19	12-Aug-20	B1		
CIS018231	Rohde & Schwarz /ESI 40(ESIB 40)	EMI RECEIVER TEST 20Hz-40GHz	07-Mar-19	07-Mar-20	B1		
CIS042012	Rohde & Schwarz / ESCI	EMI Test Receiver	12-Aug-19	12-Aug-20	B1		
CIS040604	Agilent / E4440A	Precision Spectrum Analyzer	19-Oct-18	19-Oct-20	B1		
CIS047311	Huber+ Suhner/Sucoflex 106PA	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 8.5 m	30-Sep-19	30-Sep-20	B1		
CIS055178	Huber+ Suhner/Sucoflex 106PA	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 8.5 m	30-Sep-19	30-Sep-20	B1		
CIS025660	Micro-Coax / UFB311A-1- 0840-504504	RF Coaxial Cable, to 18GHz, 8.5 m	30-Sep-19	30-Sep-20	B1		
CIS025640	Micro-Coax / UFB311A-0- 2720-520520	Coaxial Cable, 272.0 in. to 18GHz	30-Sep-19	30-Sep-20	B1		
CIS056056	Wainwright Instruments/ WRCJV8-5100-5150-5250- 5300-40SS	SMA Band Reject Filter 5.150GHz to 5.250GHz	10-Aprl-19	10-Apr-20	B1		
	Test Equip	ment used for AC Conducted E	missions				
CIS41955	Rohde & Schwarz / ESCI	EMI Test Receiver	25-Apr-19	25-Apr-20	B2		
CIS08187	Fisher Custom Com / FCC-450B-2.4-N	Pulse Limiter	15-May-19	15-May-20	B2		
CIS019210	TTE / H785-150K-50-21378	High Pass Filter 150KHz	25-Feb-19	25-Feb-20	B2		
CIS05039	Fisher Custom Com / 50/250-50-2-02	LISN (9kHz-30MHz)	21-Feb-19	21-Feb-20	B2		
CIS034158	Fisher Custom Com / 50-2-RA- NEMA-5-20R	LISN Receptacle Adaptor	21-Feb-19	21-Feb-20	B2		
CIS040532	Coleman / RG-223	25 ft RG-223 Cable	04-Dec-18	04-Dec-19	B2		
51663	Bird / 5-T-MB	50Ω termination	04-Dec-18	04-Dec-19	B2		

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# Appendix D: Abbreviation Key and Definitions

The following table defines abbreviations used within this test report.

Abbreviation	Description	Abbreviation	Description
EMC	Electro Magnetic Compatibility	°F	Degrees Fahrenheit
EMI	Electro Magnetic Interference	°C	Degrees Celsius
EUT	Equipment Under Test	Temp	Temperature
ITE	Information Technology Equipment	S/N	Serial Number
TAP	Test Assessment Schedule	Qty	Quantity
ESD	Electro Static Discharge	emf	Electromotive force
EFT	Electric Fast Transient	RMS	Root mean square
EDCS	Engineering Document Control System	Qp	Quasi Peak
Config	Configuration	Av	Average
CIS#	Cisco Number (unique identification number for Cisco test equipment)	Pk	Peak
Cal	Calibration	kHz	Kilohertz (1x10³)
EN	European Norm	MHz	MegaHertz (1x10 <sup>6</sup> )
IEC	International Electro technical Commission	GHz	Gigahertz (1x10 <sup>9</sup> )
CISPR	International Special Committee on Radio Interference	Н	Horizontal
CDN	Coupling/Decoupling Network	V	Vertical
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	dB	decibel
PE	Protective Earth	V	Volt
GND	Ground	kV	Kilovolt (1x10 <sup>3</sup> )
L1	Line 1	μV	Microvolt (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
L2	Line2	A	Amp
L3	Line 3	μА	Micro Amp (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
DC	Direct Current	mS	Milli Second (1x10 <sup>-3</sup> )
RAW	Uncorrected measurement value, as indicated by the measuring device	μS	Micro Second (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
RF	Radio Frequency	μS	Micro Second (1x10 <sup>-6</sup> )
SLCE	Signal Line Conducted Emissions	m	Meter
Meas dist	Measurement distance	Spec dist	Specification distance
N/A or NA	Not Applicable	SL	Signal Line (or Telecom Line)
Р	Power Line	L	Live Line
N	Neutral Line	R	Return
S	Supply	AC	Alternating Current

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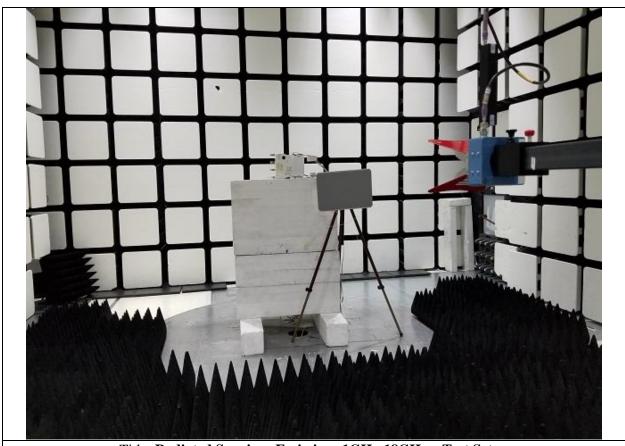


# **Appendix E: Photographs of Test Setups**

Title: Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup

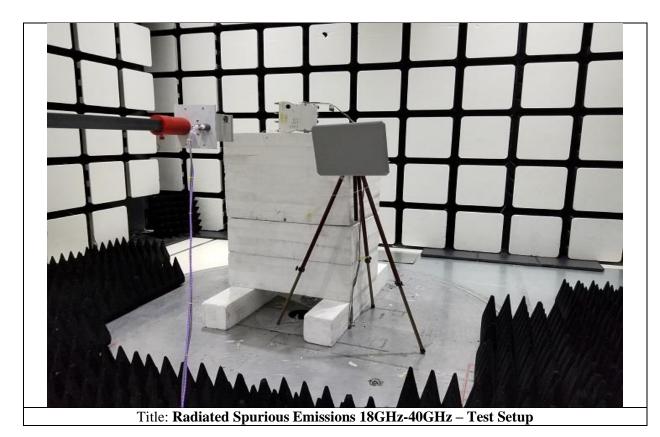


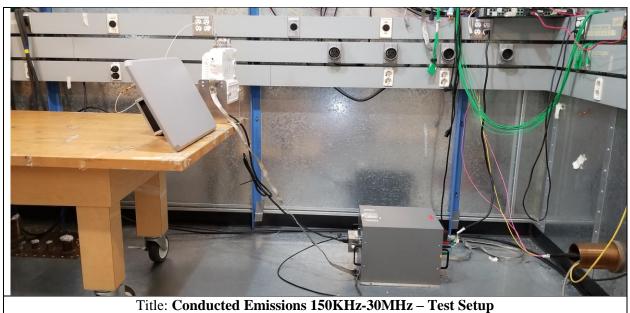




Title: Radiated Spurious Emissions 1GHz-18GHz – Test Setup







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# **Appendix F: Software Used to Perform Testing**

EMIsoft Vasona, version 6.024



## **Appendix G:Test Procedures**

Measurements were made in accordance with

- KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v2r1
- KDB 662911 MIMO
- ANSI C63.4 2014 Unintentional Radiators
- ANSI C63.10 2013 Intentional Radiators

Test procedures are summarized below:

FCC 5GHz Test Procedures	EDCS # 1445048
FCC 5GHz RSE Test Procedures	EDCS # 1511600



# Appendix H: Scope of Accreditation (A2LA certificate number 1178-01)

The scope of accreditation of Cisco Systems, Inc. can be found on the A2LA web page at:

http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/1178-01.pdf

### **Appendix I: Test Assessment Plan**

Compliance Test Plan (Excel) EDCS# 18357550 Target Power Tables EDCS# 18295686

### Appendix J: Worst Case Justification

All 3 orientations (Z, Y, Z) of the EUT were assessed by performing pre-scan. The Z orientation was determined to be the worst case orientation.

**Worst Case Mode:** Worst case mode shall be the mode that produces the highest power level based on conducted power measurement.

Also see Appendix A the test report.

Compliance testing for Radiated Spurious and AC Conducted Emissions shall be performed with the highest gain antenna installed.

All formal data can be found in EDCS# 18295686