

FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART E CLASS II PERMISIVE CHANGE TEST REPORT FOR

802.11 A/G CARDBUS ADAPTER

MODEL NUMBER: AIR-CB21AG-A-K9

FCC ID: LDK102050

REPORT NUMBER: 06U10592-1

ISSUE DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

Prepared for CISCO SYSTEMS, INC. 170 WEST TASMAN SAN JOSE, CA 95134, USA

Prepared by

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Revision History

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Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
	11/6/2006	Initial Issue	МН

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	ATT	ESTATION OF TEST RESULTS	5
2.	TES	T METHODOLOGY	6
3.	FAC	ILITIES AND ACCREDITATION	6
4.	CAL	IBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY	6
4	4.1.	MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	6
4	4.2.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
5.	EQU	IPMENT UNDER TEST	7
	5.1.	DESCRIPTION OF EUT	7
	5.2.	DESCRIPTION OF CLASS II PERMISSIVE CHANGE	7
	<i>5.3</i> .	MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER	<i>7</i>
	5. <i>4</i> .	DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS	<i>7</i>
	5.5.	SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE	<i>7</i>
		WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE	
		DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP	
6.	TES'	Γ AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	10
7.		ITS AND RESULTS	
		CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5470 TO 5725 MHz BAND	
	7.1. 7.1.1		
	7.1.2	PEAK POWER	15
	7.1.3		
	7.1.4	TENTE OF ET STEETING BENOTITE	
	7.1.5		
	7.1.6	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	29
	<i>7.2.</i> .	DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION	33
	7.2.1		
	7.2.2		
	7.2.3		
	7.2.4		
	7.2.5		
	7.2.6		
	7.2.7 7.2.8		
		RADIATED EMISSIONS	
	7.3.1		
	7.3.2		
	7.3.3		39
		Page 3 of 73	

EUT: 80	2.11A/G CARDBUS ADAPTER	DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006 FCC ID: LDK102050
7.4.	POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	
o cer	TUD DIIOTOS	(7

REPORT NO: 06U10592-1 EUT: 802.11A/G CARDBUS ADAPTER

1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.

170 WEST TASMAN

SAN JOSE, CA 95134, USA

EUT DESCRIPTION: 802.11A/G CARDBUS ADAPTER

MODEL: AIR-CB21AG-A-K9

DATE TESTED: SEPTEMBER 26 – OCTOBER 18, 2006

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART E NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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WILLIAM ZHUANG EMC ENGINEER COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY**

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006 FCC ID: LDK102050

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is an 802.11a/g cardbus adapter.

5.2. DESCRIPTION OF CLASS II PERMISSIVE CHANGE

The purpose of the change is to add the 5470 to 5725 MHz band.

5.3. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

5470 to 5725 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (mW)
5500 - 5700	802.11a	16.48	44.46

5.4. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes two identical internal dipole antennas for diversity, each with a maximum gain of 0 dBi.

5.5. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was AR5002, ANWI Diagnostic Kernel Drive.

The test utility software used during testing was Art V5 3 b11 xb6x.

5.6. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

In our opinion the worst-case data rate is determined to be 6 Mb/s, based on previous experience with this device operating in the 802.11a mode in other frequency bands.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

FCC ID: LDK102050

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

5.7.

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	FCC ID						
Laptop	Dell	PP05L	12187186345	QDS-BRCM1007			
AC Adapter	Dell	PA-1650-05D	05U092	DoC			

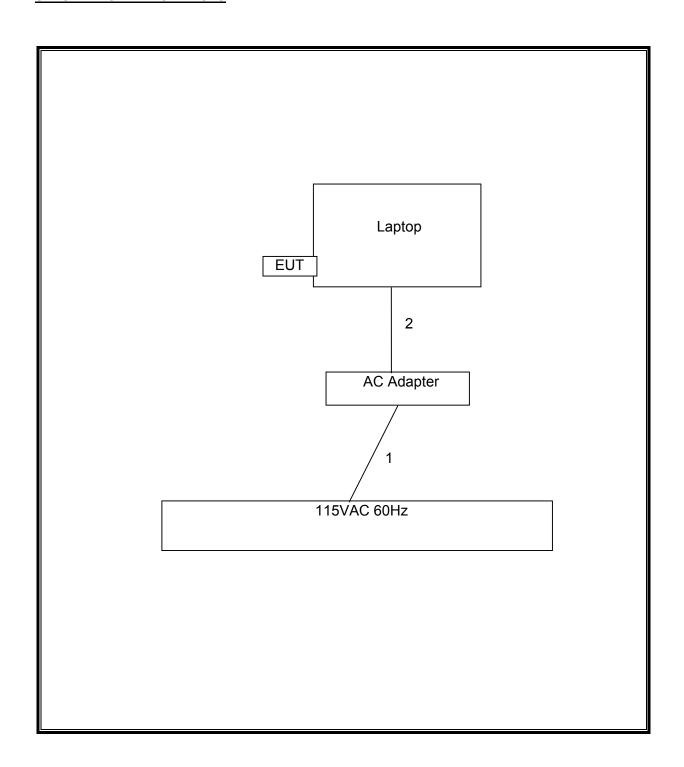
I/O CABLES

	I/O CABLE LIST							
Cable	Port	# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks		
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length			
		Ports						
1	AC	1	US 115V	Un-shielded	2m	NA		
_	DC	4	DC	Un-shielded	2m	Ferrite on Laptop's end		

TEST SETUP

The EUT is a card bus installed into a PCI slot of host laptop computer during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



Page 9 of 73

6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due		
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-2	7/15/1905	8/30/2007		
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	6/3/07		
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	ETS	3117	29301	4/22/07		
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	8449B	3008A00561	10/3/07		
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	M Y43360112	5/3/07		
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	Agilent / HP	8542E	3942A00286	2/4/07		
Antenna, Bilog 30 MHz ~ 2 Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	A121003	9/3/07		
RF Filter Section	Agilent / HP	85420E	3705A00256	2/4/07		

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

7. LIMITS AND RESULTS

7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 5470 TO 5725 MHz BAND

7.1.1. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.403 (i) Emission bandwidth. For purposes of this subpart the emission bandwidth shall be determined by measuring the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Determination of the emissions bandwidth is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolutions bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 26 dB bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled.

RESULTS

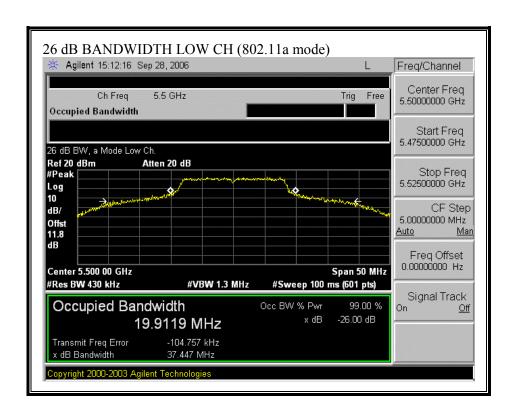
No non-compliance noted:

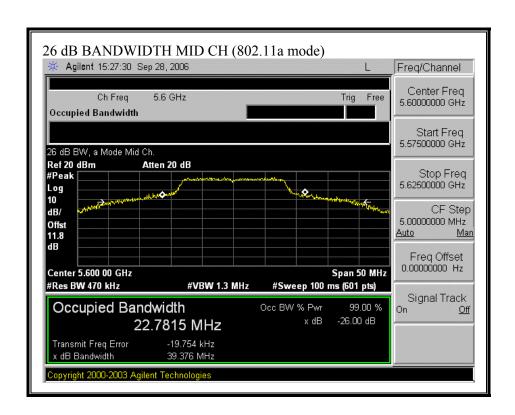
802.11a Mode

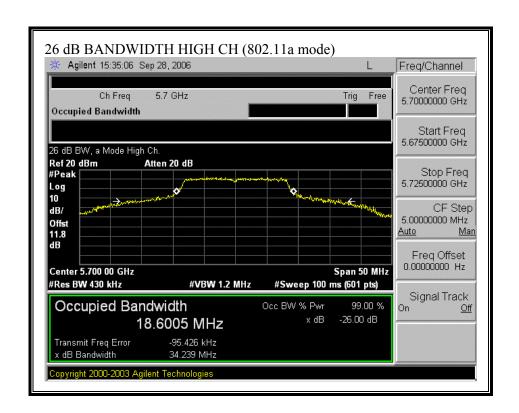
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	B (MHz)	10 Log B (dB)
Low	5500	37.45	15.73
Mid	5600	39.38	15.95
High	5700	34.24	15.35

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006 FCC ID: LDK102050

26 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH (802.11a MODE)







7.1.2. PEAK POWER

LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (2) For the 5.47–5.725 GHz band, the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

The transmitter output operates continuously therefore Method # 1 is used.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

LIMITS AND RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

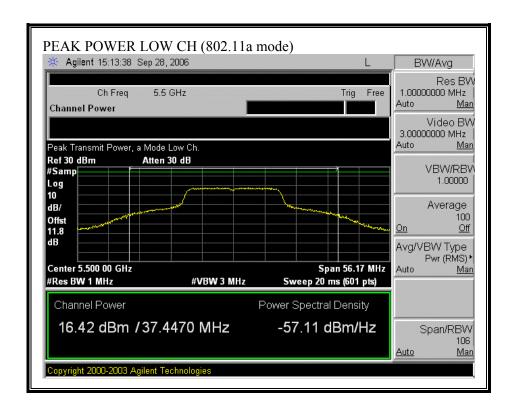
Limit

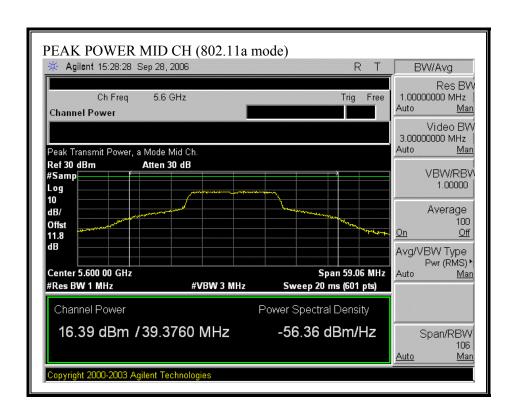
Channel	Frequency	Fixed	В	11 + 10 Log B	Antenna	Limit
		Limit		Limit	Gain	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(dBm)
Low	5500	24	37.447	26.73	0.00	24.00
Mid	5600	24	39.376	26.95	0.00	24.00
High	5700	24	34.239	26.35	0.00	24.00

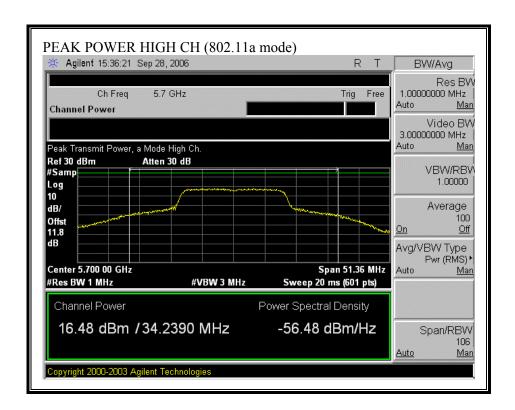
Results

Channel	Frequency	Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	16.42	24.00	-7.58
Mid	5600	16.39	24.00	-7.61
High	5700	16.48	24.00	-7.52

PEAK POWER (802.11a MODE)







7.1.3. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 11.8 dB (including 10 dB pad and 1.8 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11a Mode

Channel	Frequency	Average Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	5500	16.31
Mid	5600	16.30
High	5700	16.26

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

7.1.4. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (2) For the 5.47–5.725 GHz band, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the peak transmit power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The maximum antenna gain = 0 dBi, therefore there is no reduction due to antenna gain.

TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002. PPSD method #2 was used.

RESULTS

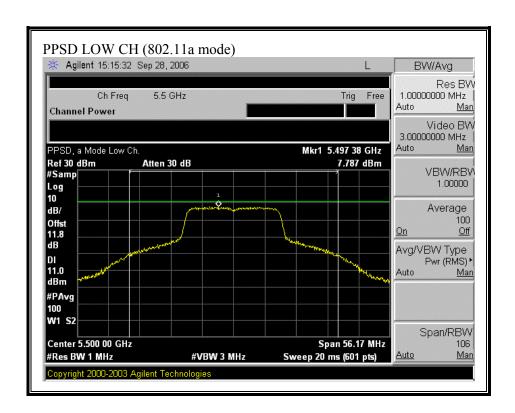
No non-compliance noted:

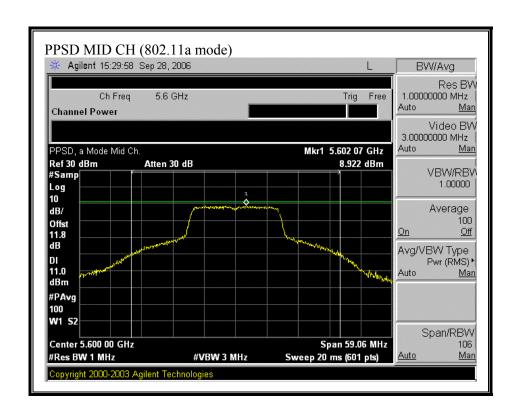
802.11a Mode

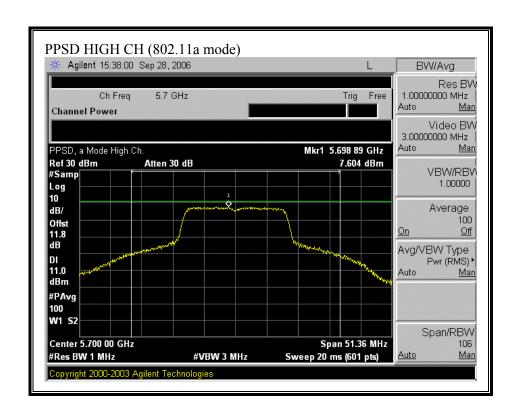
Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	5500	7.79	11.00	-3.21
Mid	5600	8.92	11.00	-2.08
High	5700	7.60	11.00	-3.40

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11a MODE)







7.1.5. PEAK EXCURSION

LIMIT

§15.407 (a) (6) The ratio of the peak excursion of the modulation envelope (measured using a peak hold function) to the peak transmit power (measured as specified above) shall not exceed 13 dB across any 1 MHz bandwidth or the emission bandwidth whichever is less.

TEST PROCEDURE

The test is performed in accordance with FCC Public Notice: APPENDIX A Guidelines for Assessing Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices – Part 15, Subpart E, August 2002.

Since Method # 1 was used for peak power measurements, Method # 1 settings are used for the second PPSD trace.

RESULTS

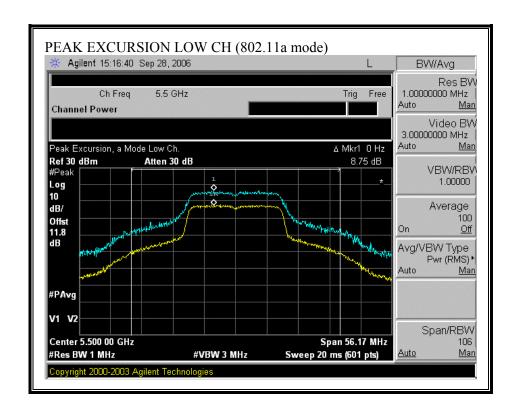
No non-compliance noted:

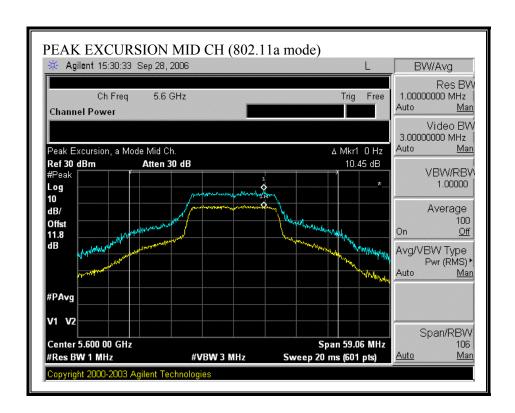
802.11a Mode

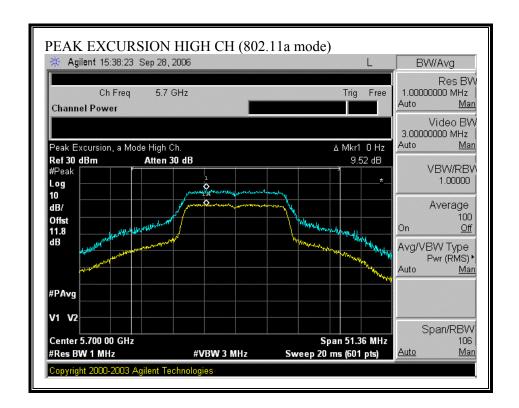
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Excursion (dB)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
Low	5500	8.75	13	-4.25
Mid	5600	10.45	13	-2.55
High	5700	9.52	13	-3.48

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

PEAK EXCURSION (802.11a MODE)







7.1.6. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.407 (b) (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47–5.725 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.47–5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm / MHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output are made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. The video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz. Peak detection measurements are compared to the average EIRP limit, adjusted for the maximum antenna gain. If necessary, additional average detection measurements are made.

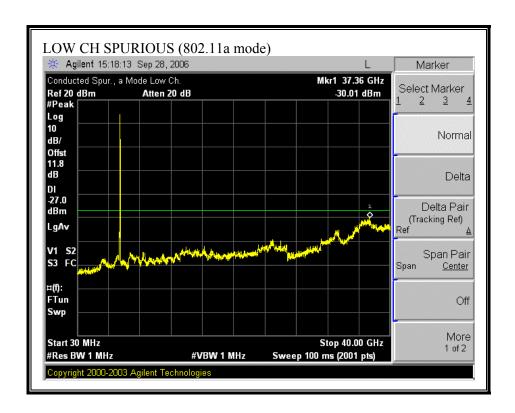
Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 40 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

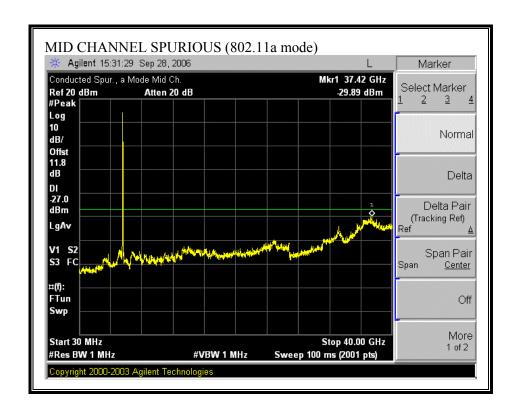
RESULTS

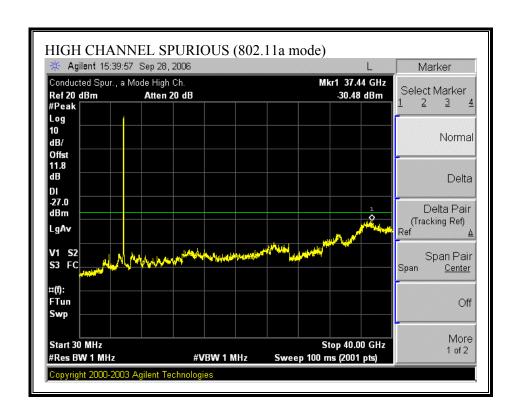
No non-compliance noted:

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)







7.2. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

7.2.1. LIMITS

§15.407 (h) and FCC 06-96 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVCIES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".

Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode				
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
Uniform Spreading	Yes	Not required	Not required		

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operationa	Operational Mode				
	Master	Client	Client			
		(without DFS)	(with DFS)			
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes			
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes			

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
< 200 milliwatt	-62 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Table 4: DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds +
	approx. 60 milliseconds
	over remaining 10 second
	period

The instant that the Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time begins is as follows:

- For the Short pulse radar Test Signals this instant is the end of the *Burst*.
- For the Frequency Hopping radar Test Signal, this instant is the end of the last radar burst generated.
- For the Long Pulse radar Test Signal this instant is the end of the 12 second period defining the radar transmission.

The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate channel changes (an aggregate of approximately 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

REPORT NO: 06U10592-1 DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006 EUT: 802.11A/G CARDBUS ADAPTER FCC ID: LDK102050

Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width	PRI	Pulses	Minimum	Minimum			
	(Microseconds)	(Microseconds)		Percentage of	Trials			
				Successful				
				Detection				
1	1	1428	18	60%	30			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30			
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30			
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30			
Aggregate (Ra	80%	120						

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

Radar	Bursts	Pulses	Pulse	Chirp	PRI	Minimum	Minimum	
Waveform		per	Width	Width	(µsec)	Percentage of	Trials	
		Burst	(µsec)	(MHz)		Successful		
						Detection		
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-	80%	30	
					2000			

Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

		1 400	10 / 1100	acincy in	opping radar re	or Signar	
Radar	Pulse	PRI	Burst	Pulses	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
Waveform	Width	(µsec)	Length	per	Rate	Percentage of	Trials
	(µsec)		(ms)	Нор	(kHz)	Successful Detection	
6	1	333	300	9	.333	70%	30

7.2.2. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

OVERVIEW OF EUT WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

The EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges.

The EUT is a Client Device that does not have radar detection capability.

The EUT uses one transmitter/receiver and two identical diversity antennas.

The antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a gain of 0 dBi in the 5250-5350 MHz band and the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The highest power level within these bands is 16.53 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 16.48 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

Both of the 50-ohm Tx/Rx antenna ports are connected to the test system via a power combiner/divider to perform conducted tests.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file TestFile.mp2 "6 ½ Magic Hours" from the Master to the Slave in full motion video mode using the media player with the V2.61 Codec package.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes an 802.11a IP based architecture. One nominal channel bandwidth, 20 MHz, is implemented.

OVERVIEW OF MASTER DEVICE WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

The Master Device is a Cisco Access Point, FCC ID: LDK102056. The DFS software installed in the Master Device is revision 6.00.1. The minimum antenna gain for the Master Device is 3.5 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23 dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for antenna gain and procedural adjustments, the required conducted threshold at the antenna port is -64 + 3.5 + 1 = -59.5 dBm.

The calibrated conducted DFS Detection Threshold level is set to -64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides margin to the limit.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

7.2.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The measurement system is based on a conducted test method.

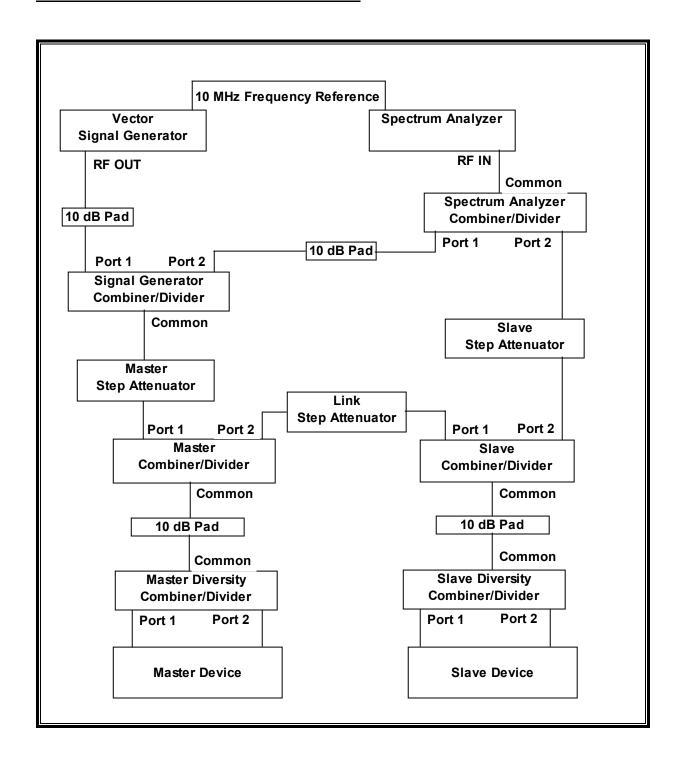
The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the NTIA software and the same manufacturer / model Vector Signal Generator as the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the simulated hopping method.

The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution. The short pulse types 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time. The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List, with the initial starting point randomized at run-time.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer with the capacity to display 8192 bins on the horizontal axis. A time-domain resolution of 2 msec / bin is achievable with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold. A time-domain resolution of 3 msec / bin is achievable with a 24 second sweep time, meeting the 22 second long pulse reporting criteria and allowing a minimum of 10 seconds after the end of the long pulse waveform.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

CONDUCTED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



MEASUREMENT SYSTEM FREQUENCY REFERENCE

Lock the signal generator and the spectrum analyer to the same reference source as follows: Connect the 10 MHz OUT (SWITCHED) on the spectrum analyer to the 10 MHz IN on the signal generator and set the spectrum analyzer 10 MHz Out to On.

SYSTEM CALIBRATION

Disconnect the spectrum analyzer, Master Device, and Slave Device from the test system. Terminate the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider, Port 2 of the Master Diversity Combiner/Divider, and Ports 1 and 2 of the Slave Diversity Combiner/Divider. Connect, the appropriate cable to Port 1 of the Master Diversity Combiner/Divider and connect the free end (Master Device end) of this cable to the spectrum analyzer.

Adjust the signal generator and spectrum analyzer to the center frequency of the channel to be measured. Set the signal generator to CW mode. Set the RBW of the spectrum analyzer to 10 kHz and the span to 100 kHz. Adjust the amplitude of the signal generator to yield a measured level of –64 dBm on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, reconnect the spectrum analyer to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider, then remove the cable from Port 1 of the Master Diversity Combiner/Divider and replace this cable with a termination. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from –64 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference. Confirm that the signal is displayed at –64 dBm. Readjust the RBW and VBW to 3 MHz, set the span to 10 MHz, and confirm that the signal is still displayed at –64 dBm.

This Reference Level Offset setting is used for all tests for which the Master Step Attenuator is set to the current value. The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

The Link Step Attenuator and Slave Step Attenuator settings may be changed without affecting the System Calibration. The System Calibration process must be repeated for different settings of the Master Step Attenuator to determine the Reference Level Offset associated with each Master Step Attenuator setting.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

INTERFERENCE DETECTION THRESHOLD ADJUSTMENT

Set the signal generator to produce the specified radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the amplitude on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold.

ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

Establish a link between the Master and Slave, adjusting the Link Step Attenuator as needed to provide an adequate RSS level at the Master and Slave devices. Stream the video test file to generate WLAN traffic. Adjust the Slave Step Attenuator so that the WLAN traffic level from the Slave, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

Confirm that the displayed traffic is from the Slave Device by changing the setting of the Slave Step Attenuator and verifying that the displayed traffic level changes accordingly. Confirm that the displayed traffic does not include Master Device traffic by changing the setting of the Master Step Attenuator and the Link Step Attenuator and verifying that the displayed traffic level does not change. Reset all Step Attenuators to their previous settings.

If the above conditions cannot be met, use a different setting of the Master Step Attenuator, performing a new System Calibration and Interference Detection Threshold Adjustment as required for the new Master Step Attenuator setting.

7.2.4. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST									
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due					
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4446A	US42070220	11/26/2007					
Vector Signal Generator 250kHz-									
20GHz	Agilent / HP	E8267C	US43320336	11/2/2007					

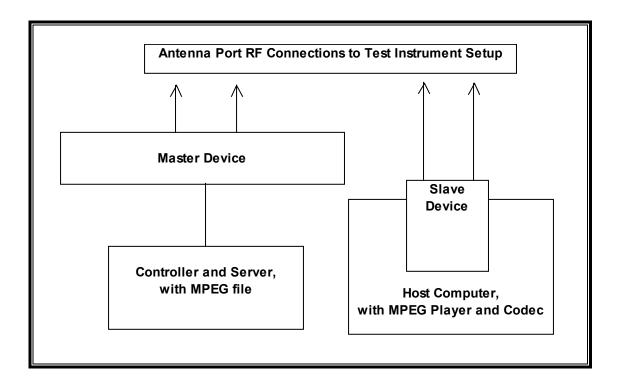
DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

7.2.5. SETUP OF EUT AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

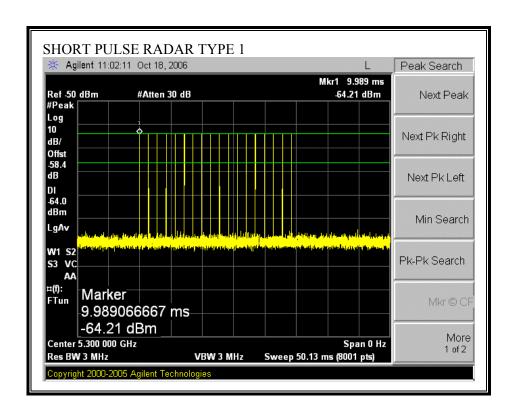
PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST									
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID					
Laptop	Dell	PP05L	12187186345	QDS-BRCM1007					
AC Adapter	Dell	PA-1650-05D	05U092	DoC					
Access Point	Cisco	AIR-AP1242AG-A-K9	FHK09434008	LDK102056					
AC Adapter (AP)	Delta Electronics	ADP-18PB	PZT0628359656	none					
Laptop	Dell	Inspiron 600m	CN-0D2125-48643-514-4749	none					
AC Adapter (laptop)	Dell	PA-1650-05D	CN-05U092-71615-4BK-1809	none					

TEST SETUP

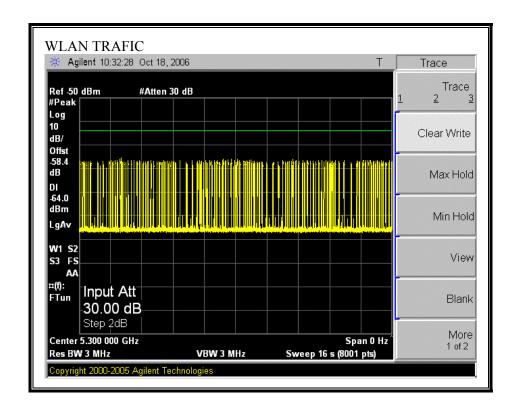


7.2.6. PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORMS AND WLAN SIGNALS

PLOTS OF RADAR WAVEFORM



PLOT OF WLAN TRAFFIC FROM SLAVE



7.2.7. TEST CHANNEL AND METHOD

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5300 MHz utilizing a conducted test method.

7.2.8. CHANNEL MOVE TIME AND CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

GENERAL REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

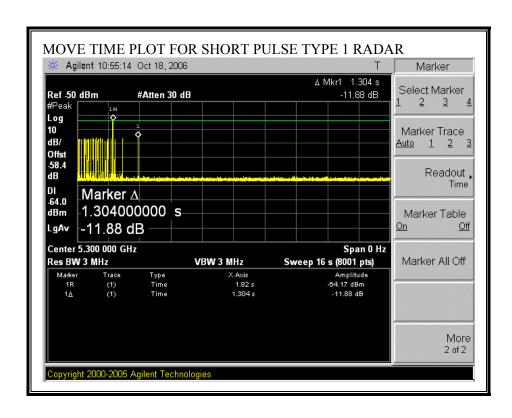
The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated Begins no later than (Reference Marker + 200 msec) Ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

TYPE 1 CHANNEL MOVE TIME RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Channel Move Time	Limit
(s)	(s)
1.304	10

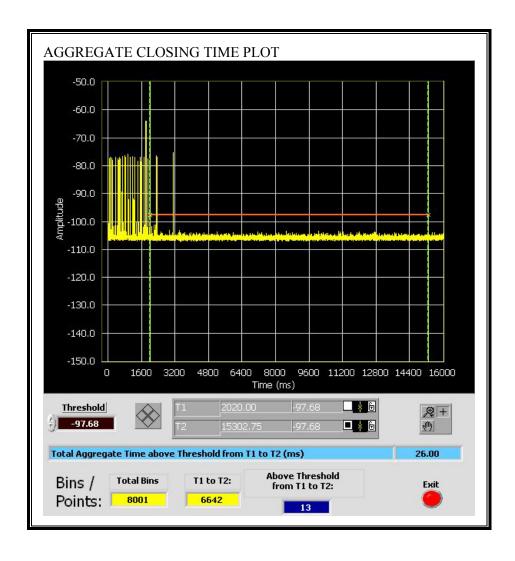


TYPE 1 CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

Aggregate Transmission Time	Limit	Margin
(ms)	(ms)	(ms)
26.00	60	34.00

Only intermittent transmissions are observed during the aggregate monitoring period.



Page 46 of 73

7.3. RADIATED EMISSIONS

7.3.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			·

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

² Above 38.6

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

^{§15.209 (}b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

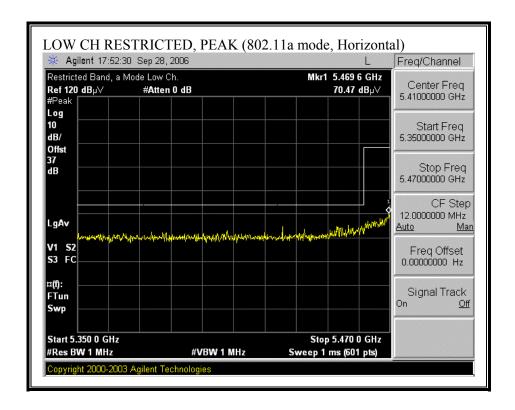
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each band.

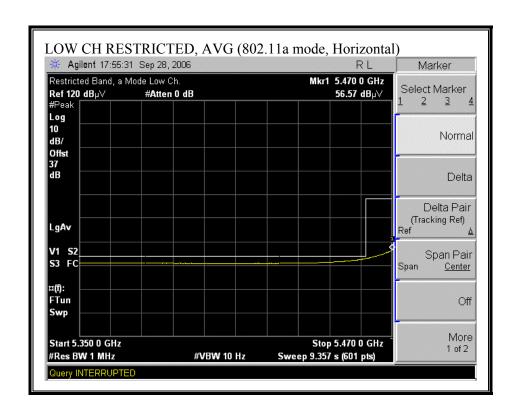
The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

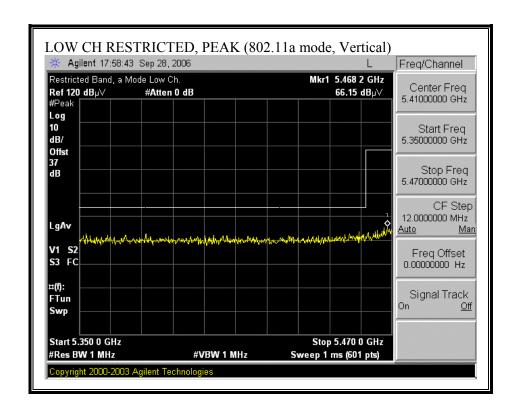
7.3.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHZ FOR 5470 TO 5725 MHz BAND

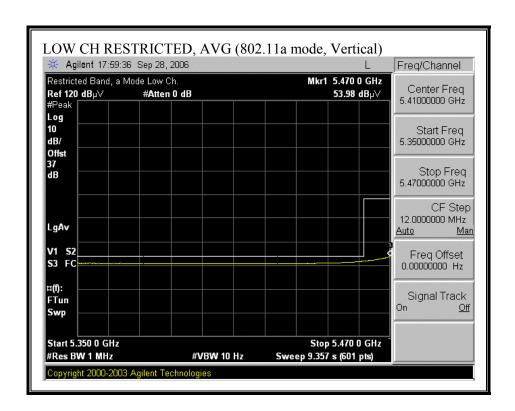
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



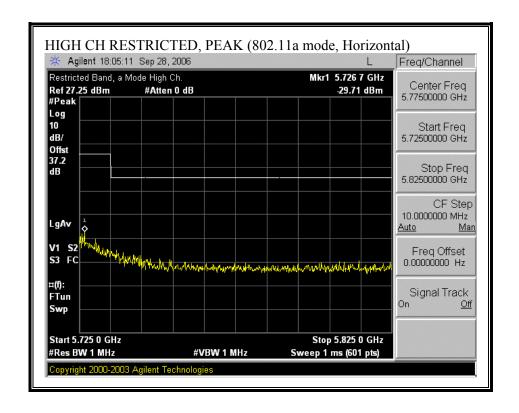


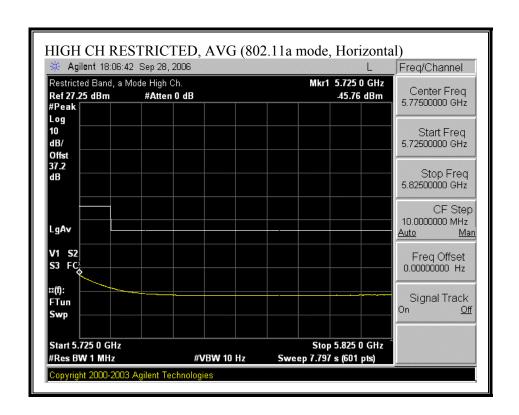
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



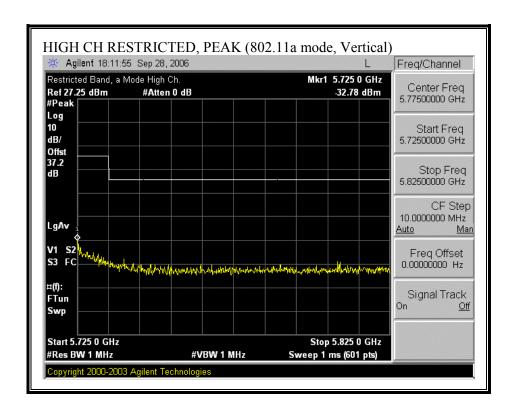


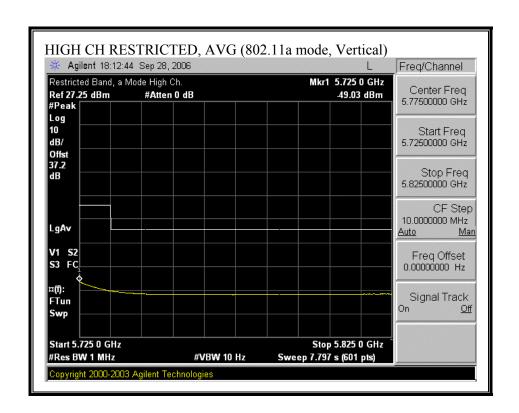
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)





RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (802.11a MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.11a MODE)

09/29/06 High Frequency Measurement

Compliance Certification Services, Morgan Hill Open Field Site

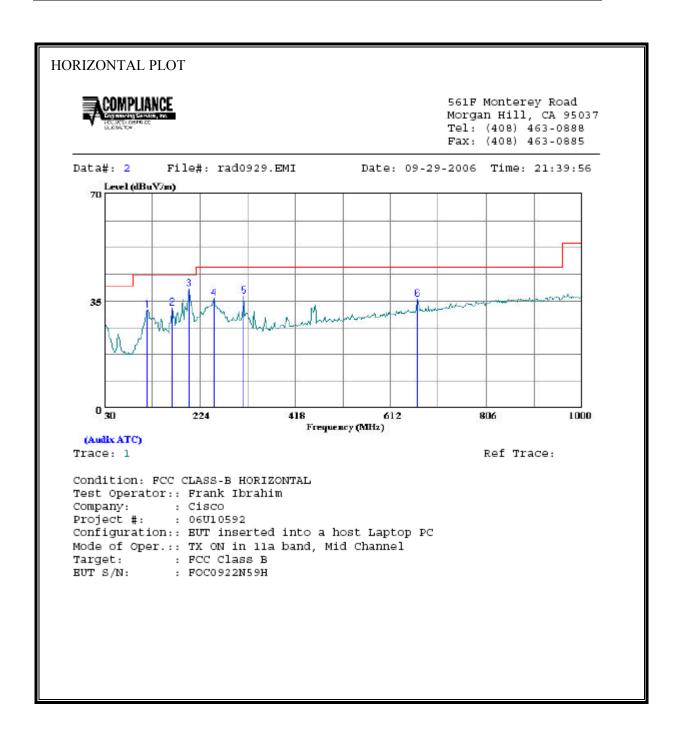
Test Engr:William Zhuang
Project #:06U10592
Company:Cisco Systems
EUT Descrip.:802.11 a Carbus Adapter (FCC ID: LDK102050)
EUT M/N:AIR-CB21AG-A-K9 & AIR-CB21AG-W-K9
Test Target:FCC 15.407
Mode Oper:Ix On

Measurement Frequency Amp Preamp Gain Avg Lim Average Field Strength Limit Dist Distance to Antenna D Corr Distance Correct to 3 meters Pk Lim Peak Field Strength Limit Read Analyzer Reading Avg Average Field Strength @ 3 m Avg Mar Margin vs. Average Limit Antenna Factor Calculated Peak Field Strength Pk Mar Margin vs. Peak Limit AF Peak CL Cable Loss HPF High Pass Filter

f	Dist	Read Pk	Read Avg.	AF	CL	Amp	D Corr	Fltr	Peak	Avg	Pk Lim	Avg Lim	Pk Mar	Avg Mar	Notes
GHz	(m)	dBuV	dBuV	dB/m	dВ	đВ	dВ	dВ	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dВ	dВ	(V/H)
Low Ch.		1													
11.000	3.0	61.5	49.9	37.0	5.0	-39.5	0.0	0.7	64.7	53.1	74.0	54.0	-9.3	-0.9	v
11.000	3.0	54.5	43.3	37.0	5.0	-39.5	0.0	0.7	57.7	46.5	74.0	54.0	-16.3	-7.5	H
Mid Ch.															
11.200	3.0	60.2	49.5	37.1	5.0	-39.6	0.0	0.7	63.4	52.7	74.0	54.0	-10.6	-1.3	V
11.200	3.0	56.9	46.1	37.1	5.0	-39.6	0.0	0.7	60.1	49.3	74.0	54.0	-13.9	-4.7	H
High Ch	L														
11.400	3.0	60.3	49.4	37.1	5.1	-39.7	0.0	0.7	63.5	52.6	74.0	54.0	-10.5	-1.4	v
11.400	3.0	61.8	50.7	37.1	5.1	-39.7	0.0	0.7	65.0	53.9	74.0	54.0	-9.0	-0.1	H

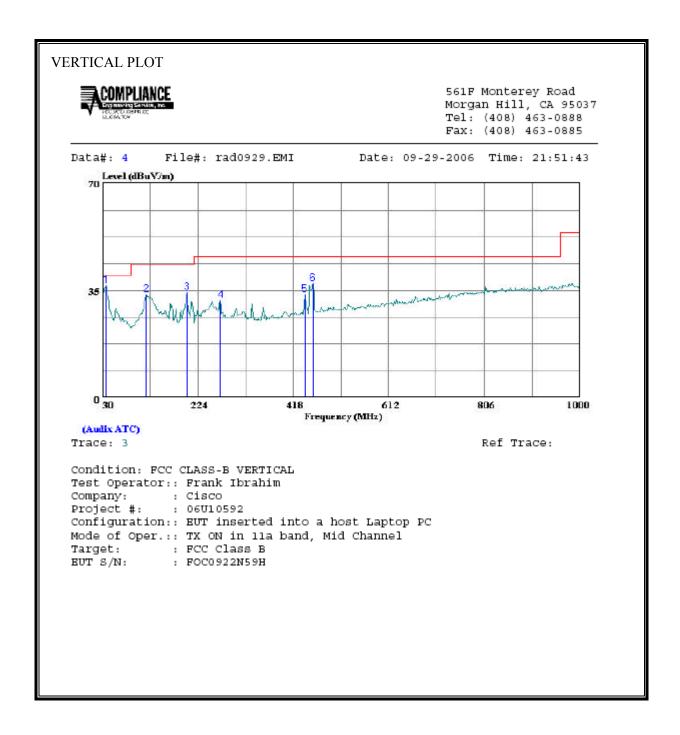
7.3.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



HORIZON	NTAL DATA						
		Read			Limit		
	Freq	Level	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHZ	dBuV	dB	$\overline{\mathtt{d}\mathtt{BuV}/\mathtt{m}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV}/\mathtt{m}}$	dB	
1	117.300	17.13	14.84	31.97	43.50	-11.53	Peak
2	167.740	19.24	13.51	32.75	43.50	-10.75	Peak
3	201.690	24.81	14.32	39.13	43.50	-4.37	Peak
4	252.130	21.95	13.96	35.91	46.00	-10.09	Peak
5	313.240	20.63	16.05	36.68	46.00	-9.32	Peak
6	667.290	13.07	22.66	35.73	46.00	-10.27	Peak

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



	Freq			Level	Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHZ	dBuV	dВ	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dВ	
1	36.790	19.02	17.44	36.46	40.00	-3.54	Peak
2	119.240	18.58	15.05	33.63	43.50	-9.87	Peak
3	201.690	20.06	14.32	34.38	43.50	-9.12	Peak
4	269.590	17.03	14.61	31.64	46.00	-14.36	Peak
5	441.280	14.73	19.02	33.75	46.00	-12.25	Peak
6	458.740	17.86	19.39	37.25	46.00	-8.75	Peak

7.4. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

 $\S15.207$ (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

DATE: NOVEMBER 6, 2006

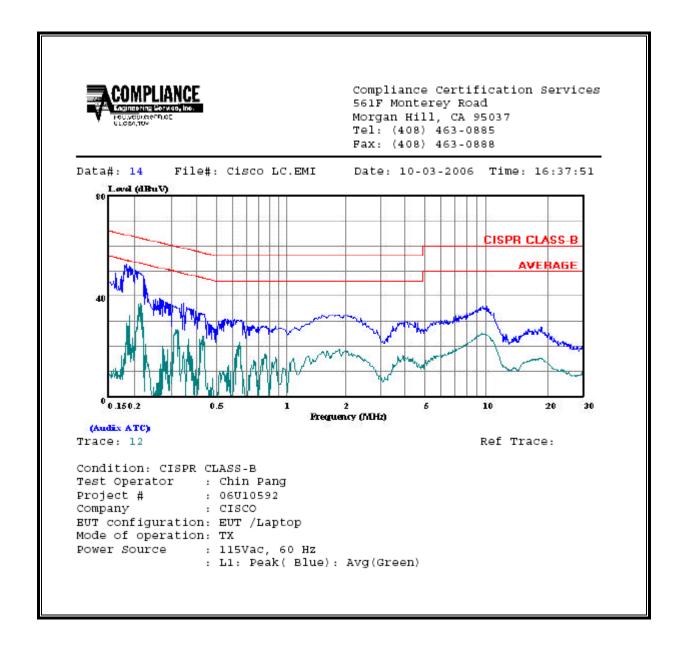
FCC ID: LDK102050

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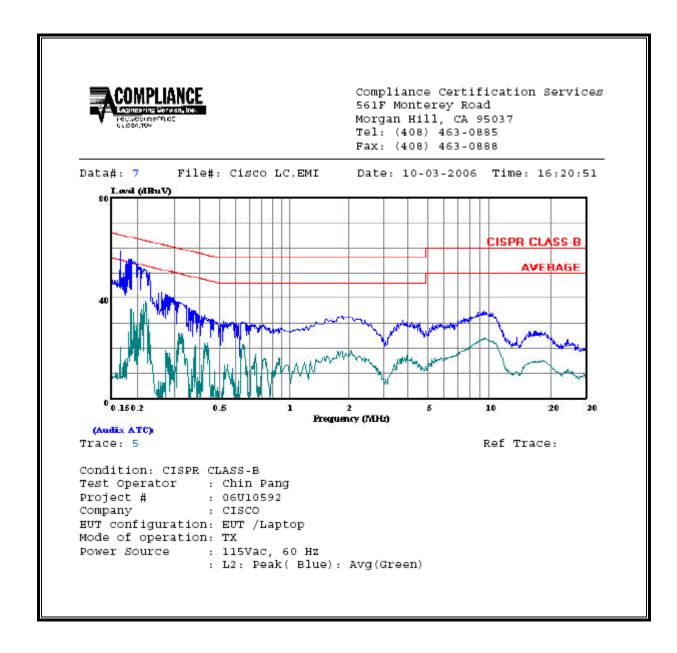
6 WORST EMISSIONS

	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)											
Freq.		Reading		Closs	Limit	EN_B	Marg	in	Remark			
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV(dB)	L1/L2			
0.18	52.62		36.62	0.00	64.35	54.35	-11.73	-17.73	L1			
0.27	38.94		26.63	0.00	61.15	51.15	-22.21	-24.52	L1			
9.76	36.04		25.00	0.00	60.00	50.00	-23.96	-25.00	L1			
0.19	55.48		38.63	0.00	64.21	54.21	-8.73	-15.58	L2			
0.28	41.12		25.81	0.00	60.76	50.76	-19.64	-24.95	L2			
9.76	34.28		23.86	0.00	60.00	50.00	-25.72	-26.14	L2			
6 Worst l	Data 											

LINE 1 RESULTS

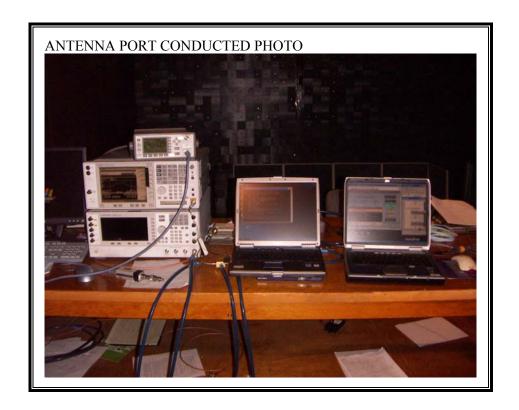


LINE 2 RESULTS

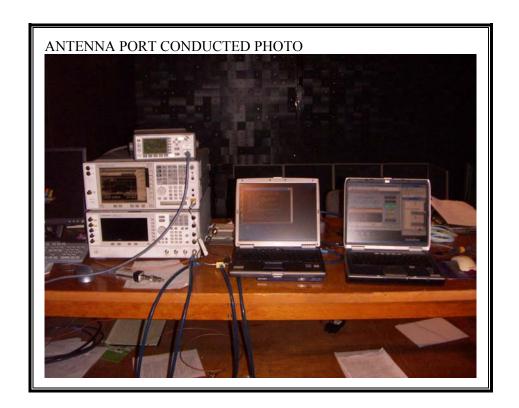


8. SETUP PHOTOS

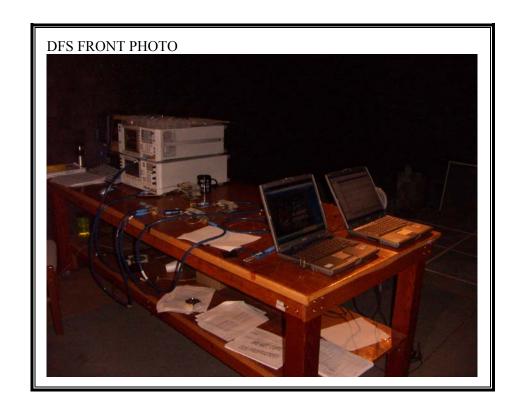
ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP

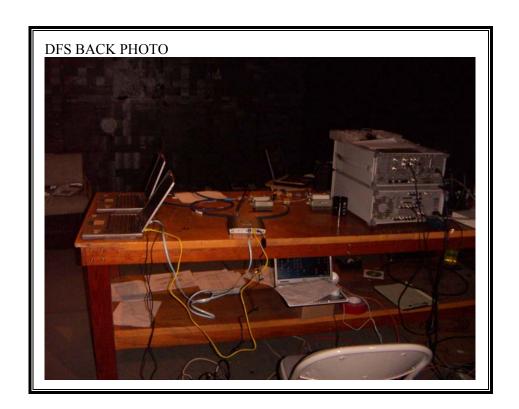


ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP

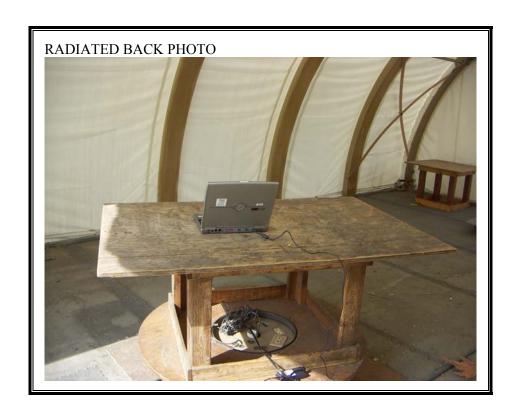


DFS MEASUREMENT SETUP

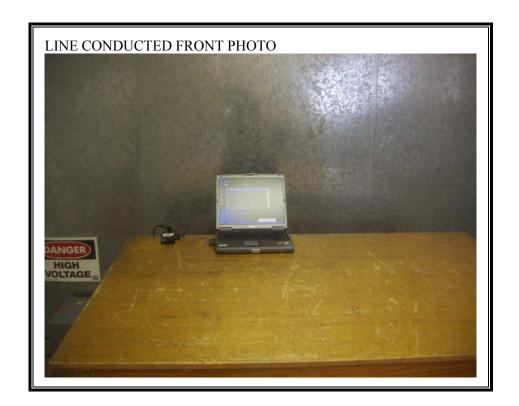




RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





END OF REPORT