

NOTES:

§ 74.637 Emissions and emission limitations.

(a) The mean power of emissions shall be attenuated below the mean transmitter power (PMEAN) in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) When using frequency modulation:

(i) On any frequency removed from the assigned (center) frequency by more than 50% up to and including 100% of the authorized bandwidth: At least 25 dB in any 100 kHz reference bandwidth (BREF);

(ii) On any frequency removed from the assigned (center) frequency by more than 100% up to and including 250% of the authorized bandwidth: At least 35 dB in any 100 kHz reference bandwidth;

(iii) On any frequency removed from the assigned (center) frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(\text{PMEAN in watts})$ dB, or 80 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation, in any 100kHz reference bandwidth.

(2) For Digital Modulation:

(i) For operating frequencies below 15 GHz, in any 4 kHz reference bandwidth (BREF), the center frequency of which is removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50 percent up to and including 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: As specified by the following equation but in no event less than 50 decibels:

$$A = 35 + 0.8 (G - 50) + 10 \log_{10} B.$$

(Attenuation greater than 80 decibels is not required.)

Where:

A = Attenuation (in decibels) below the mean output power level.

G = Percent removed from the carrier frequency.

B = Authorized bandwidth in megahertz.

Compliance curves drawn at **$A(\text{dB}) = 35 + 0.8(G - 50) + 10 \log B - 13.9$**

Where:

A= Attenuation required

G= percent of bandwidth removed from carrier

B=authorized Bandwidth in Mhz

Compliance curves include the compliance factor for measurements made with a 100KHz resolution bandwidth which is:

$$10 \log (B_{\text{RES}} / B_{\text{REF}}) = 10 \log (4\text{E}3 / 100\text{E}3) = -13.9\text{db}$$

Reference Level Offset Note:

The following Measurements were made with the transmitter output connected to a 20 db directional coupler connected to the spectrum analyzer by a six foot coaxial cable. The thru path of the directional coupler was connected directly to a 30 db attenuator connected to a power meter used to monitor the output power. A 22dB reference level offset was entered into the spectrum analyzer in order to show the true output level of the Transmitter.

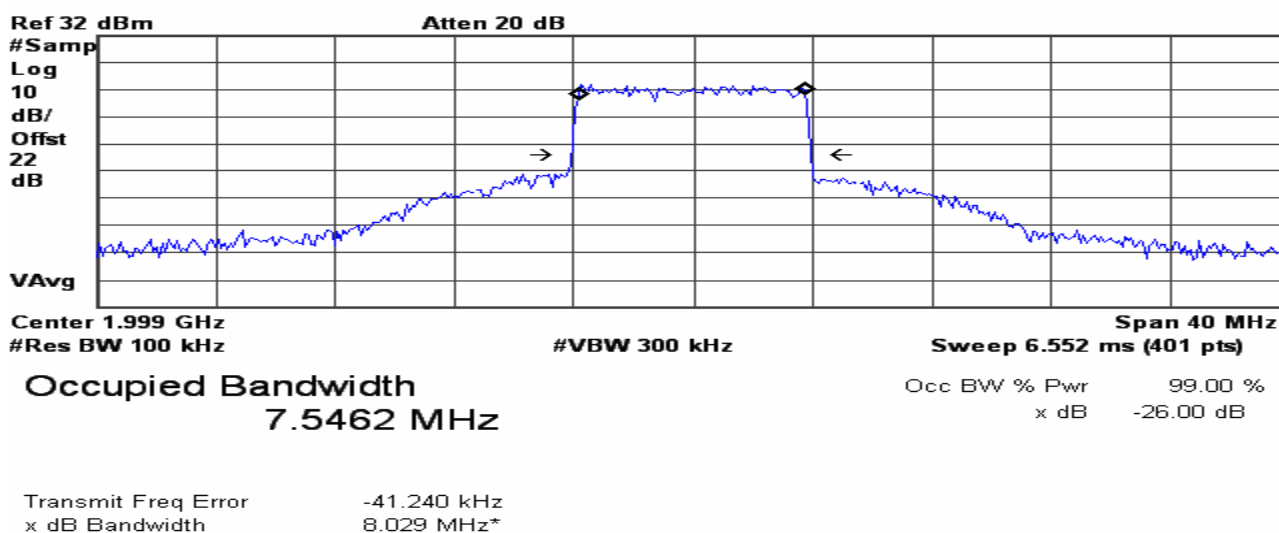
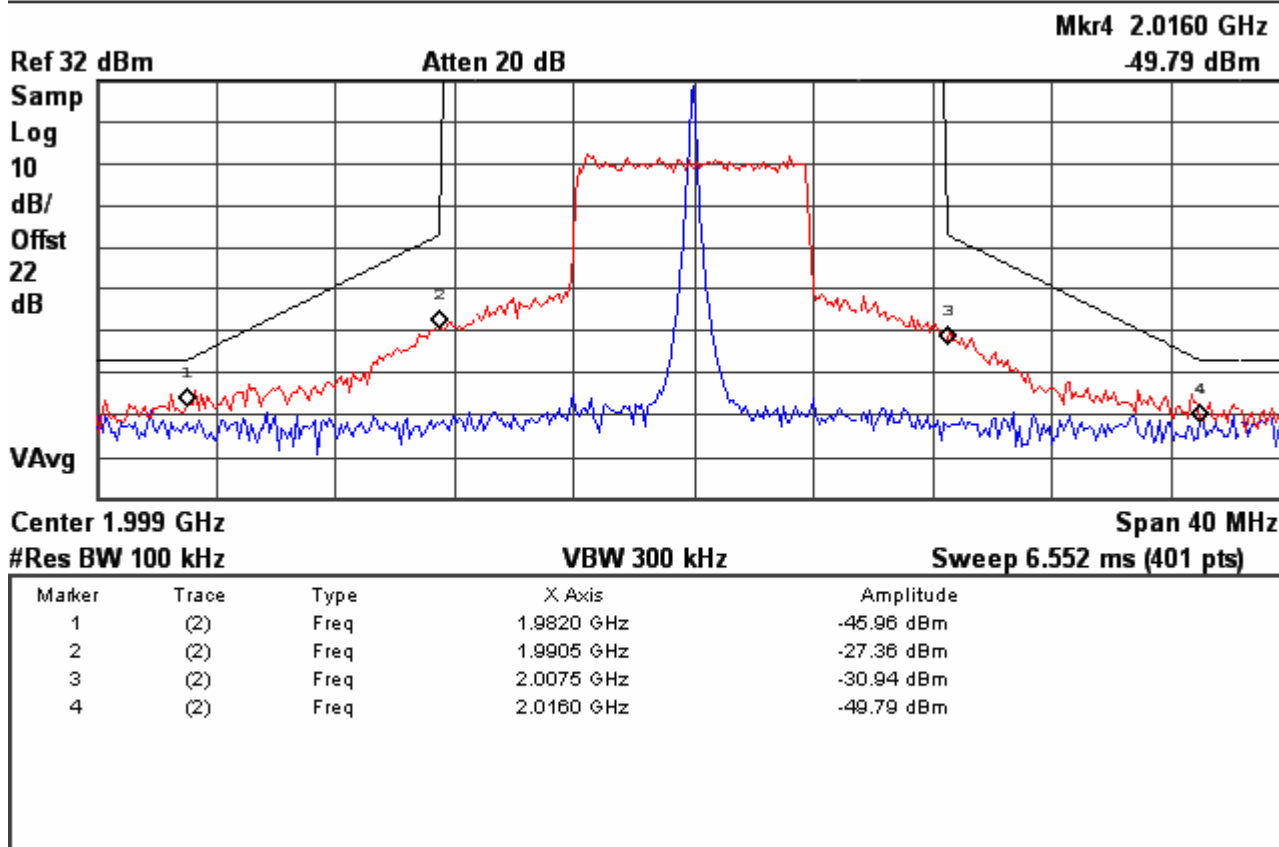


Figure 1
Occupied Bandwidth measurement; Modulation overlaying Mask and measured Power Bandwidth. COFDM modulation, 8 MHz 16QAM, Color Bars with Audio

Channel 1

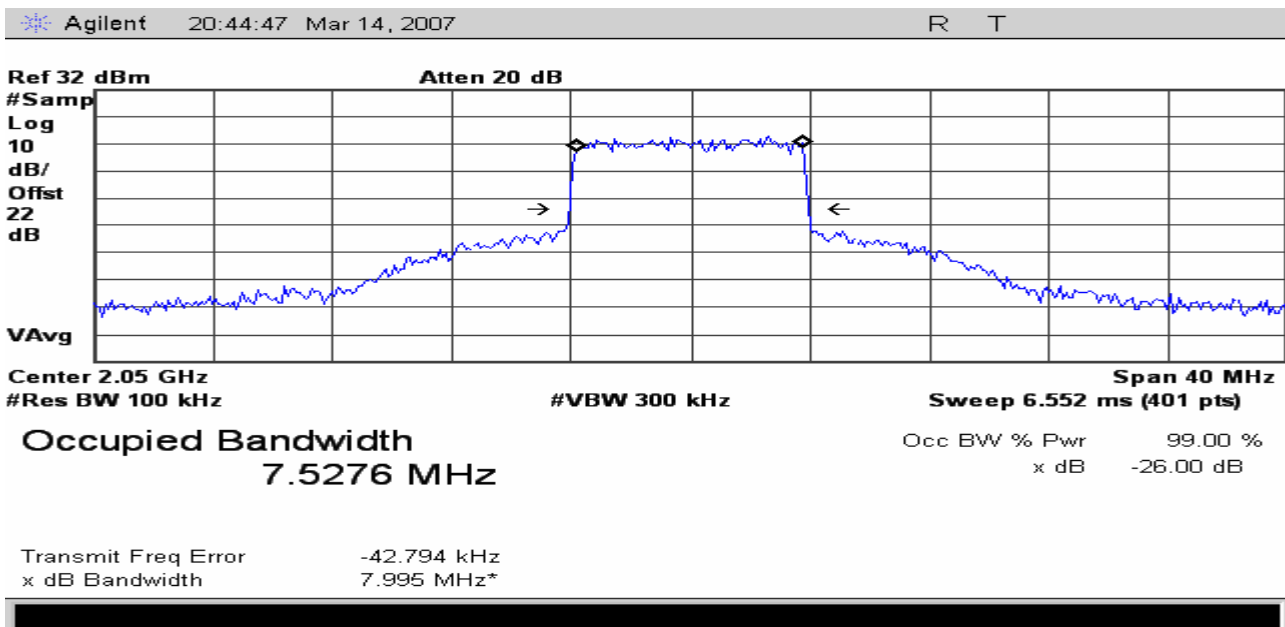
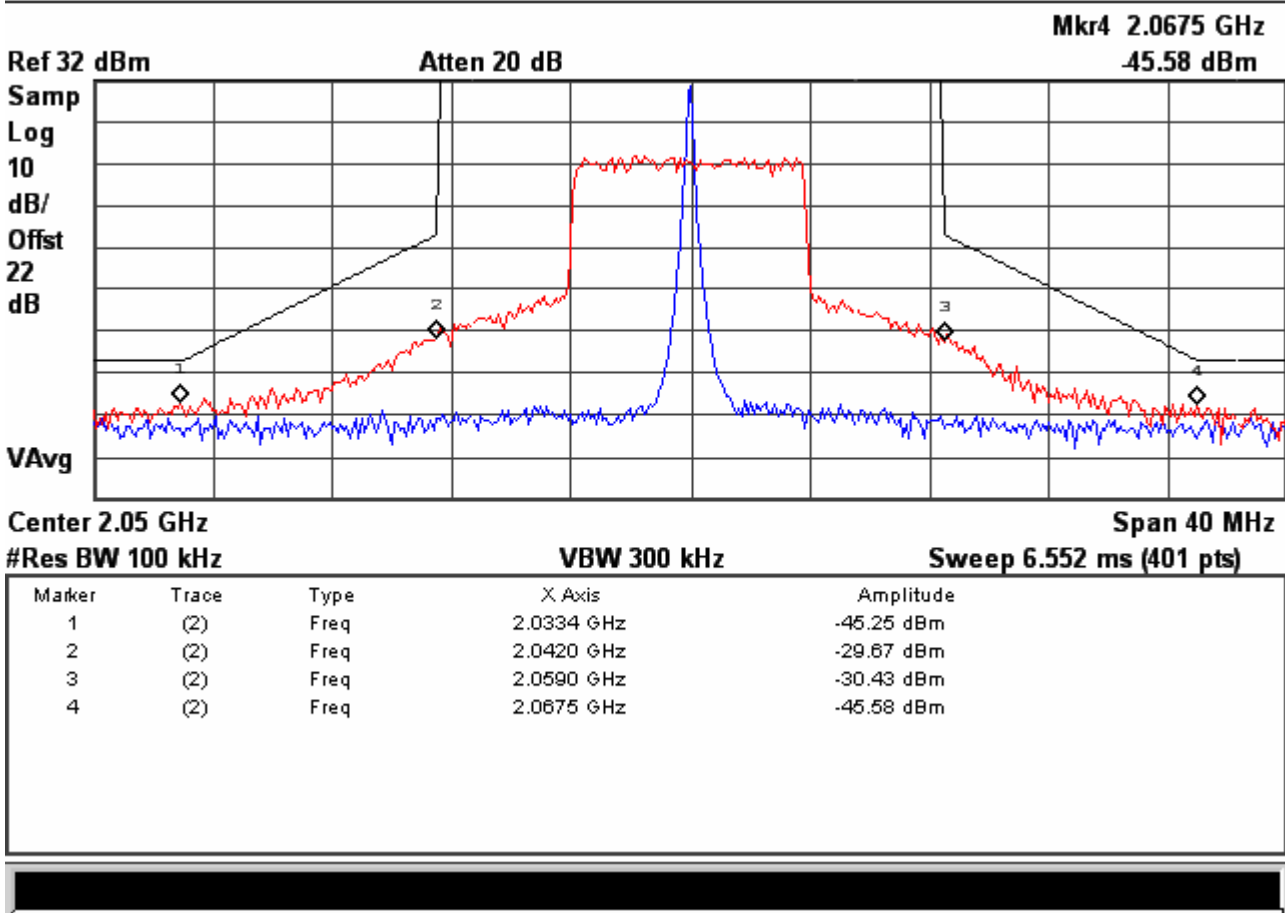
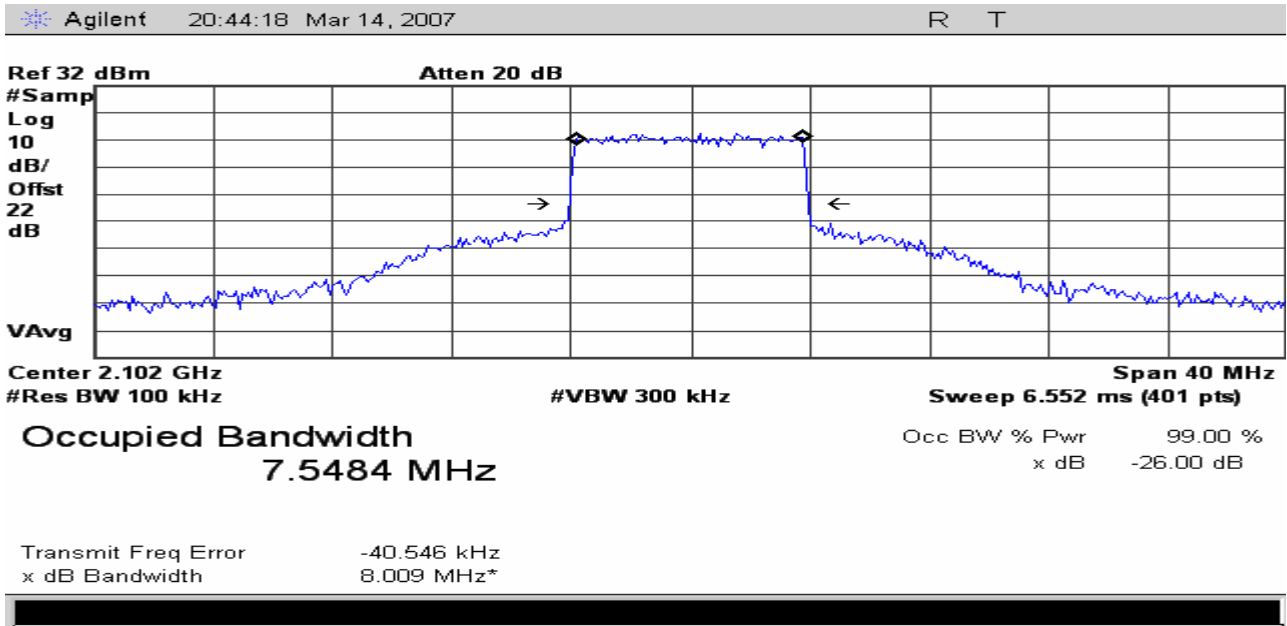
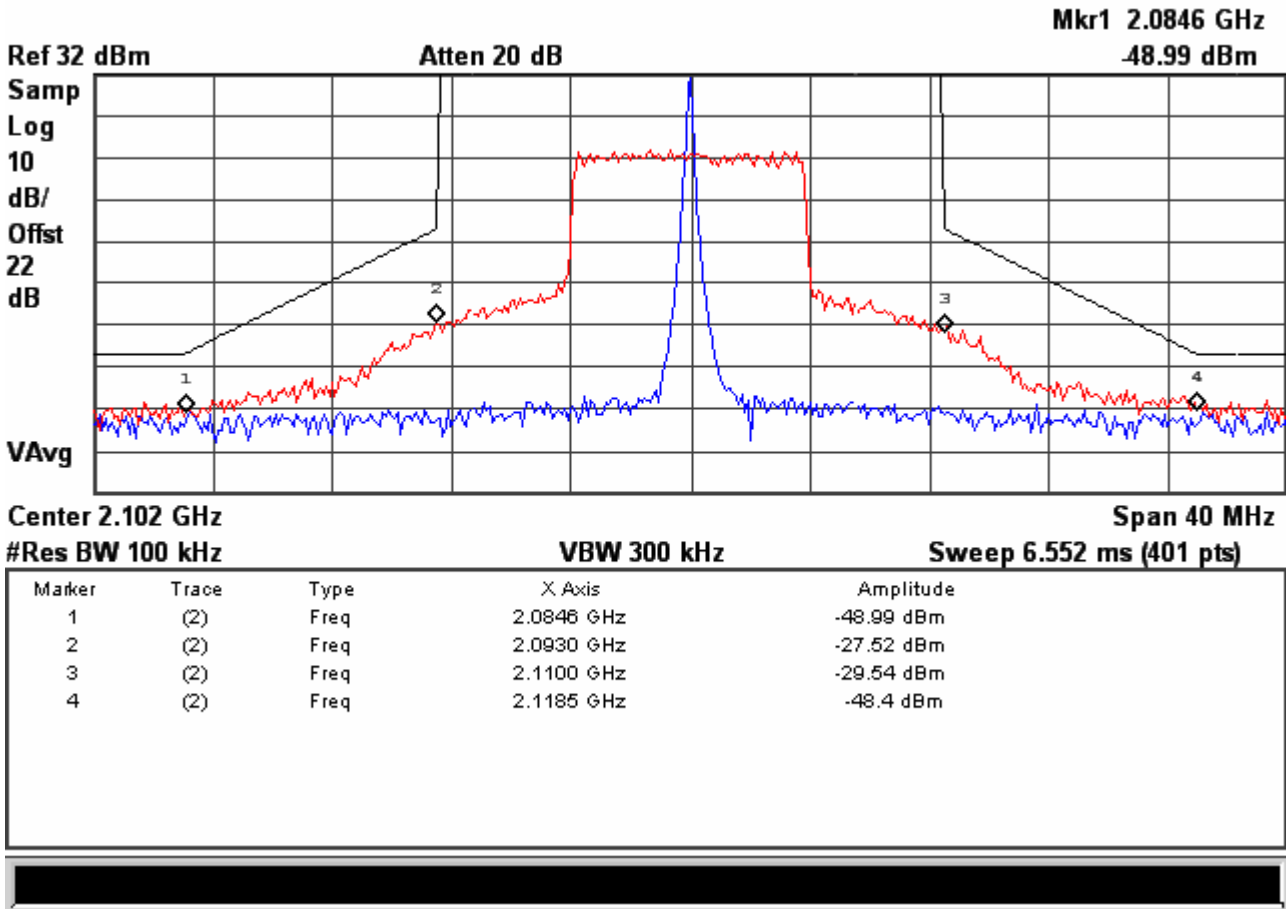


Figure 2
Occupied Bandwidth measurement; Modulation overlaying Mask and measured Power Bandwidth. COFDM modulation, 8 MHz 16QAM, Color Bars with Audio

Channel 4



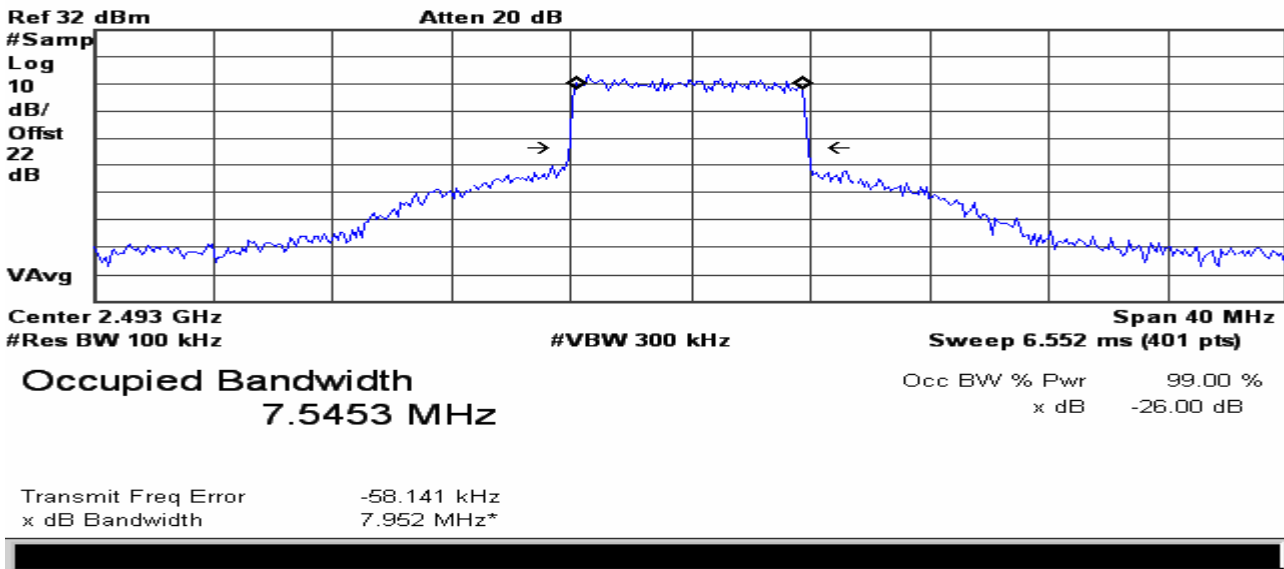
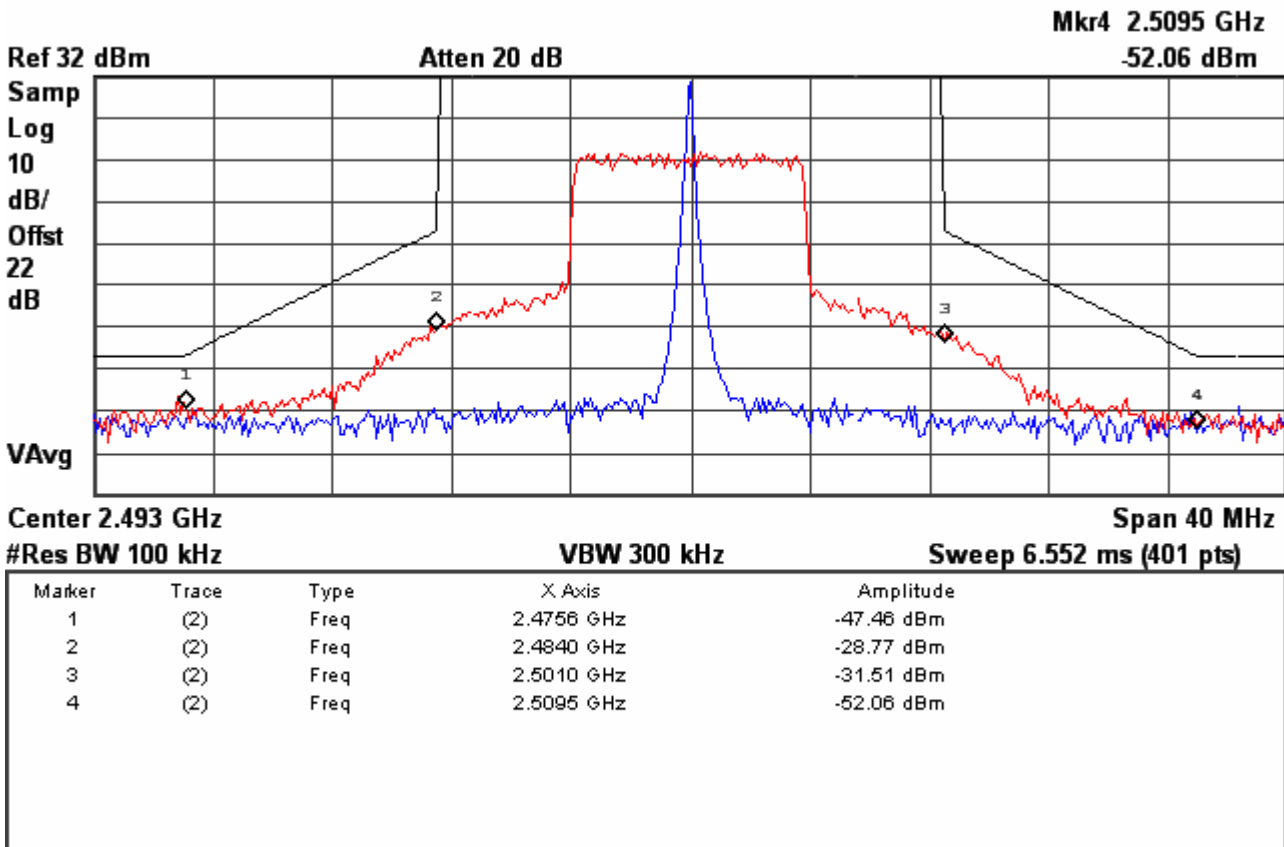
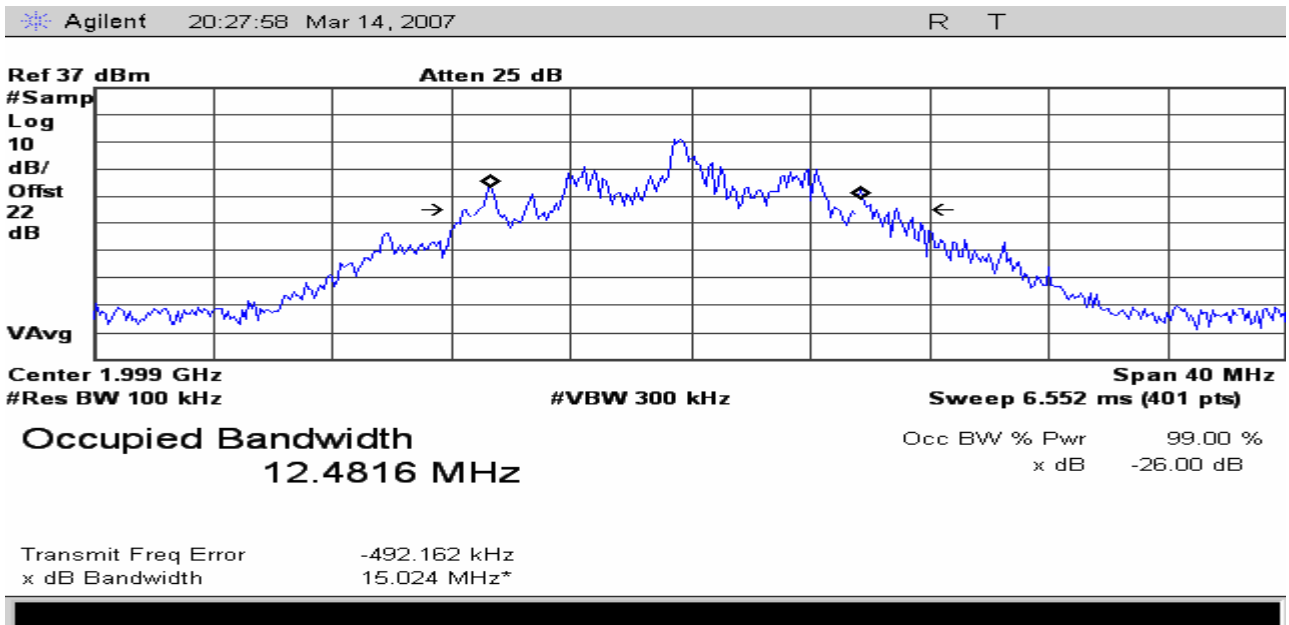
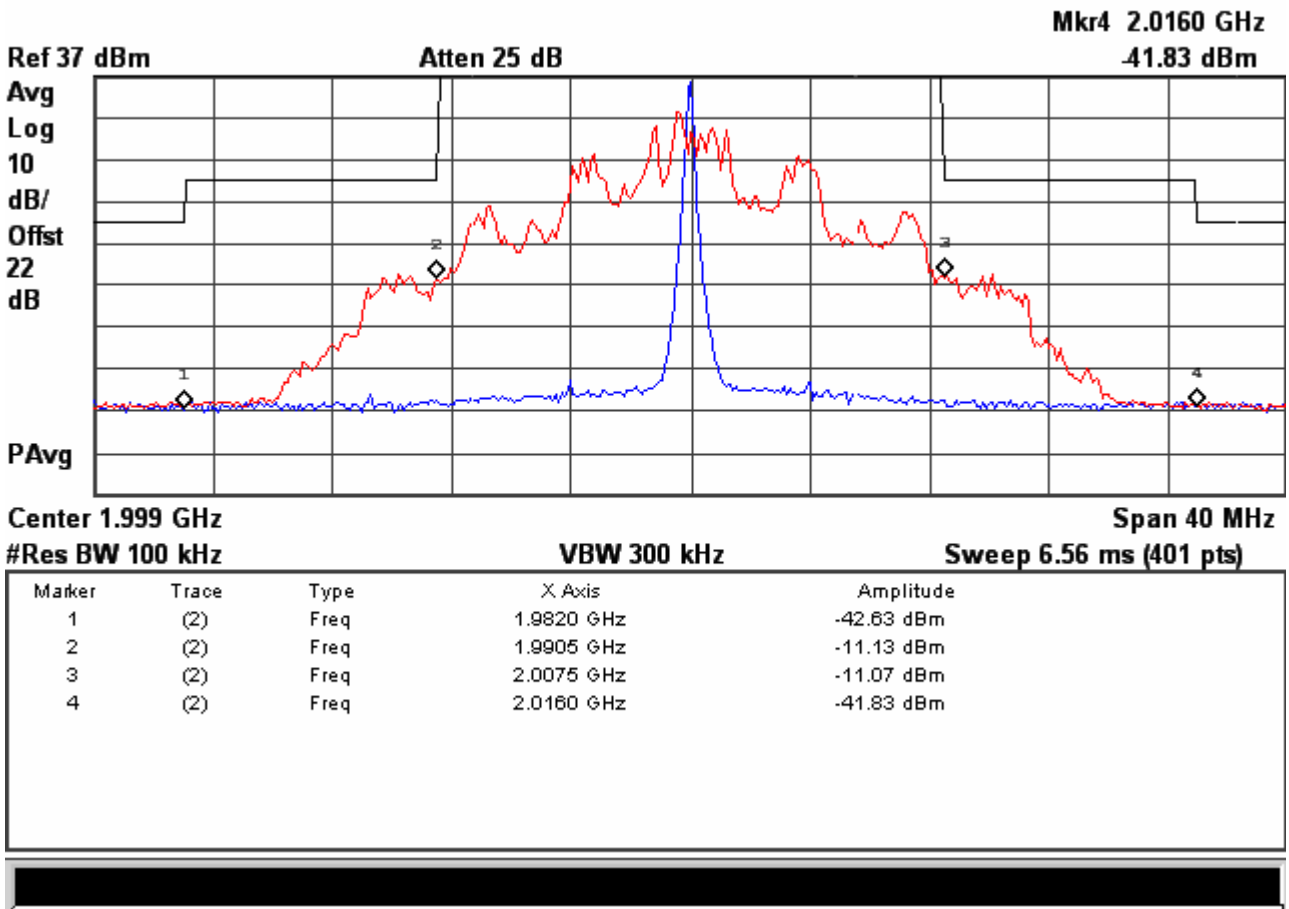


Figure 4
Occupied Bandwidth measurement; Modulation overlaying Mask and measured Power Bandwidth. COFDM modulation, 8 MHz 16QAM, Color Bars with Audio

Channel 10



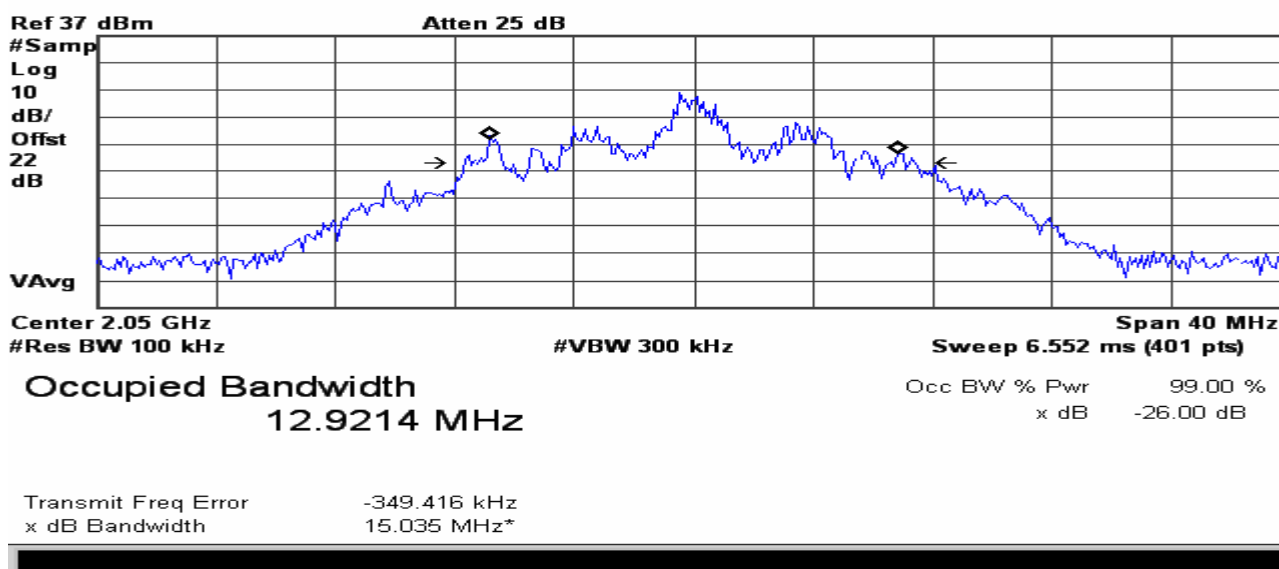
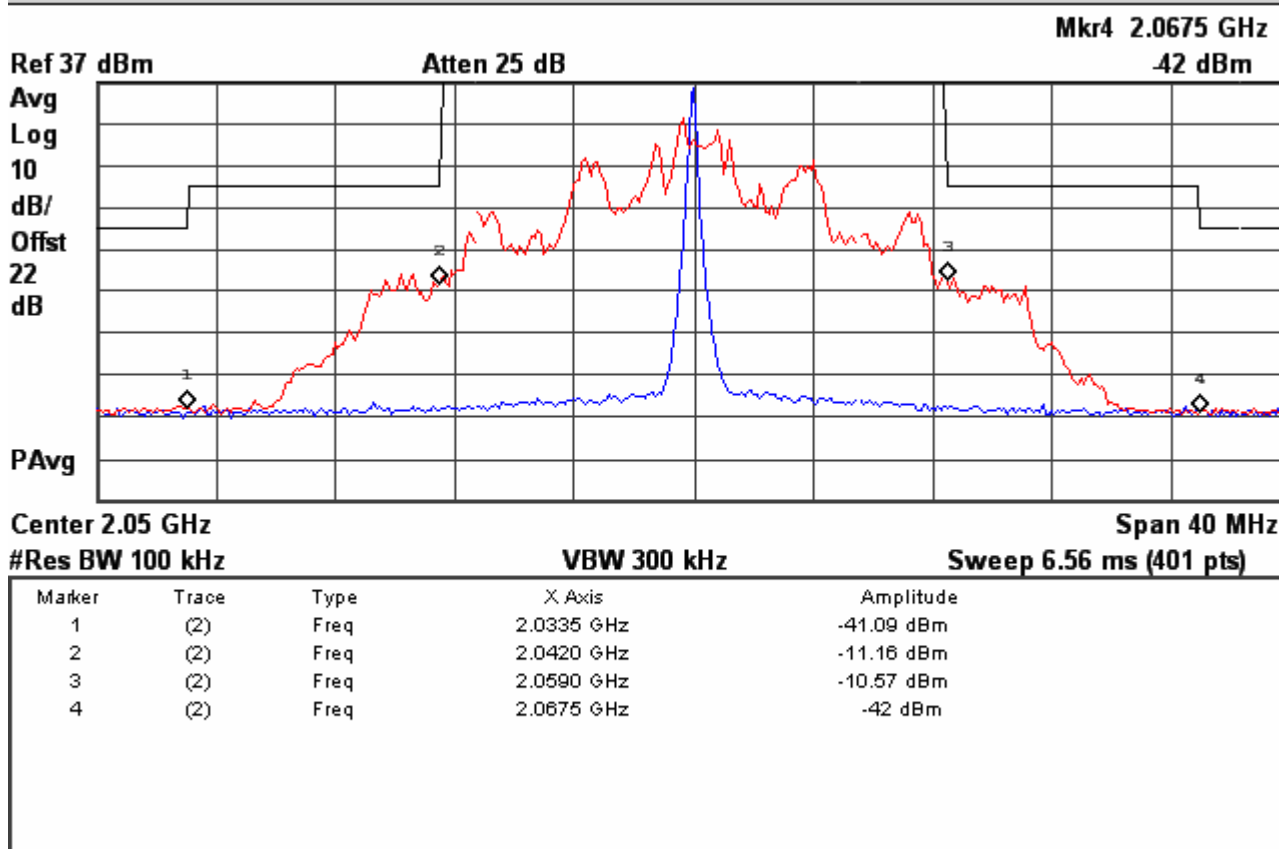


Figure 6
Occupied Bandwidth measurement; Modulation overlaying Mask and measured Power Bandwidth. FM , +/- 4 MHz Deviation ,Color Bars with Audio

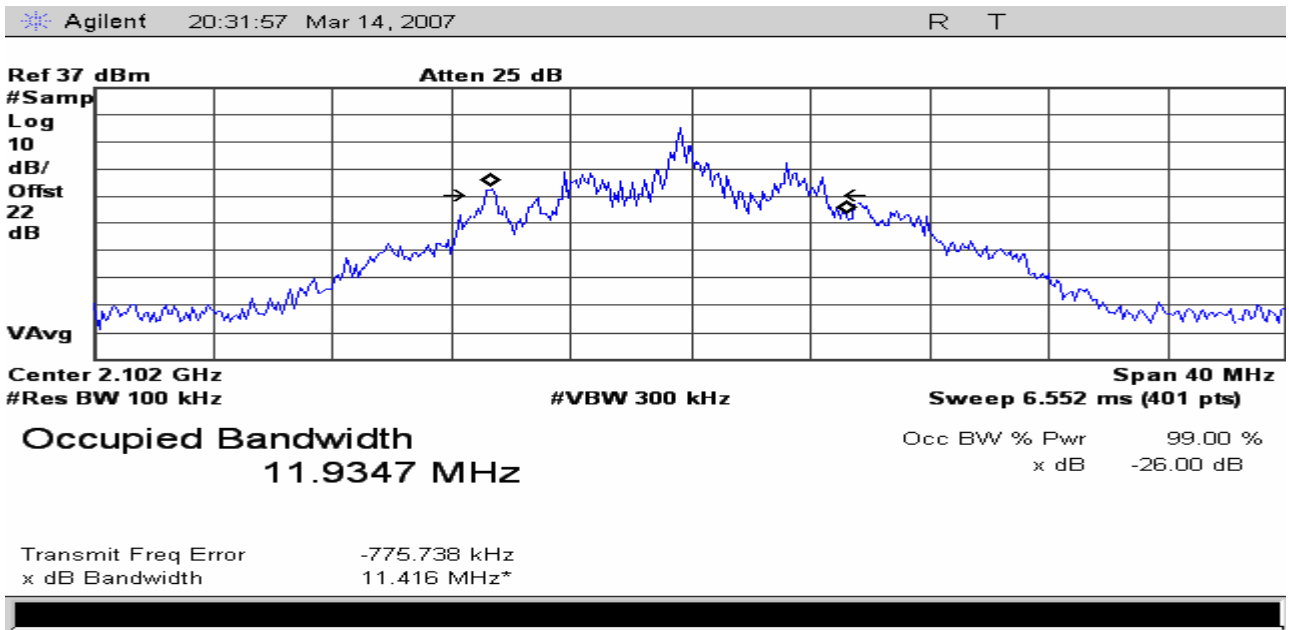
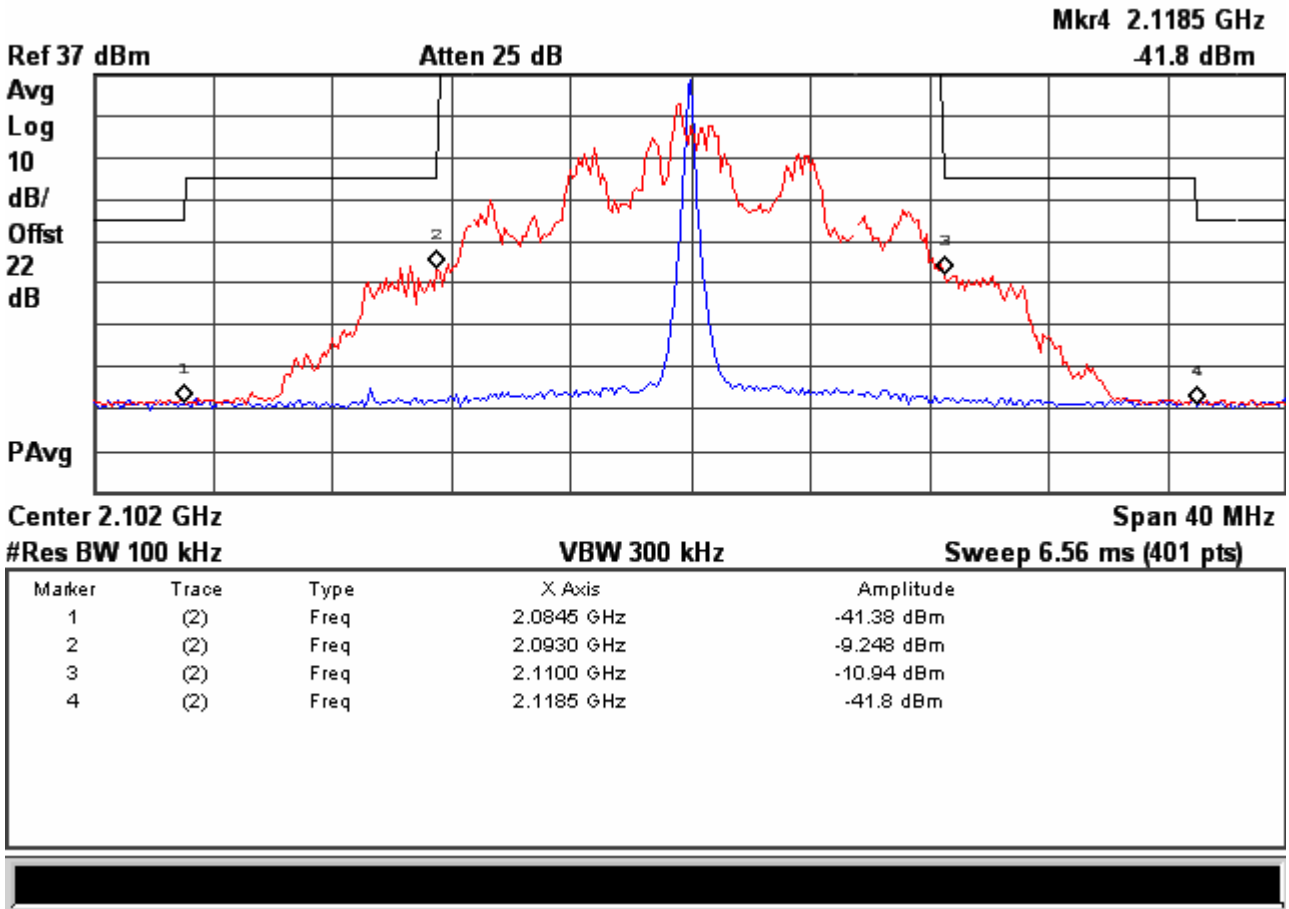


Figure 7
Occupied Bandwidth measurement; Modulation overlaying Mask and measured Power Bandwidth. FM , +/- 4 MHz Deviation ,Color Bars with Audio

