Nucomm - FCC Certification Report

Channel Master TX1 2 GHz Band

Portable Microwave Transmitter

23CMTX1-E1.5-339-A2C2

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

Nucomm, Inc. 101 Bilby Road Hackettstown, NJ 07840 Tel: 908 852-3700 FAX: 908 813-0399 www.Nucomm.com

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Specifications are subject to change in order to allow for the introduction of design improvements

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Table 1: Revision History

Date	Revision	Changed by	Reason for Change
3/31/07	1.0	John Odell	Initial release
4/2/07	1.1	George Williamson	Updated FCC ID number to match the 2/CMTX1-L5E1.5-326-A2C2 product certification. Both High power and Low power bracket the product family under a single certification: I4U27CMT1-L5-E1P5.

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~*CMTX1*~

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

1 Applicants full name and address (1)

Full name and mailing address of the manufacturer of the device and the applicant for certification:

Name of Manufacturer/Applicant: Nucomm, Inc.

Address of Manufacturer/Applicant: 101 Bilby Road

Hackettstown, NJ 07840

2 FCC Identifier (2)

Equipment Identification: FCC ID: I4U27CMT1-L5-E1P5

3 Installation and operating instructions to be furnished by the user (3)

A copy of the Installation and operating instruction are provided under separate cover with the title of

4 Emission (4), Frequency range (5), & Range of operating power (6)

Values or specific operating power levels, and description of any means provided for variation of operating power.

For the 1990 to 2550 MHz band, the range of operating power is between 1.5 to 12 Watts, with two selectable power output levels called "Low" and "High" and two operational modes called "Digital" and "Analog."

The following table (Table 2) outlines the respective power levels.

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Table 2: Analog and Digital Power Levels

Mode	Nominal Power (Watts)	Minimum Power (Watts)
2 GHz Analog High Power	5.0	4.0
2 GHz Analog Low Power	1.25	1.0
2 GHz Digital High Power	1.5	1.0
2 GHz Digital Low Power	0.4	.3

5 Maximum power rating as defined in the applicable part(s) of the rules (7)

The maximum power rating of 12 Watts is requested for service in Part 74, Subpart F, Television Auxiliary Broadcast Stations, Section 74.636 under the heading Power Limitations.

6 DC Voltages & Currents (8)

The maximum DC voltage and DC currents into the last two stages of the driver and final amplifier for the maximum output are outlined in the Table 3. For both the Digital and Analog modes of operation the bias conditions on the amplifier are identical therefore only "High" and "Low" power conditions are shown.

1990 MHz to 2550 MHz

Table 3a: Maximum DC voltage and currents

Mode	Driver Stages	Final Stage		
High Power	+11V @ 0.72A	+11V @ 2.2A		
Low Power	+11V @ 0.72A	+11V @ 2.2A		

7 Tune-up procedure over the power range, or at specific operating power levels (9)

The 23CMTX1-E1.5-339-A2C2 requires no tune-up over its operating range.

8 Equipment Identification (11)

The following photograph figure (Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate) shows the FCC label which identifies the FCC ID, Manufactures name, part number, unit serial number and week of manufacture.

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Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate

9 Photographs (8X10 inch) of the equipment (12).

Supply photographs of the equipment of sufficient clarity to reveal equipment construction and layout, including meters, if any, and labels for controls and meters and sufficient views of the internal construction to define component placement and chassis assembly. Refer to addendum for internal photographs provided by Retlif Laboratories.

10 Digital modulation techniques (13)

A detailed description of the modulation system to be used, including the response characteristics (frequency, phase and amplitude) of any filters provided, and a description of the modulating wave train, shall be submitted for the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The transmitter supports 2 forms of digital modulation VSB and COFDM (Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing). The VSB mode supports 2VSB, 4VSB, 8VSB with Trellis and 16VSB. These modes conform to the ATSC document A\53. The COFDM modulation conforms to DVB-T EN 300 744.

11 Data required by §§2.1046 through 2.1057, inclusive, measured in accordance with the procedures set out in §2.1041 (14).

The following table (Table 4: Test Equipment Used) identifies the equipment used to perform testing including the manufacturer, model number, serial number, calibration dates, frequency and thermo ranges. Images of the test equipment and set up are located in Addendum 1 section 1.2 (FCC Test Equipment Images).

Table 4: Test Equipment Used

Manufacturer	Model #	Serial #	Calibration	Ranges

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Manufacturer	Model #	Serial #	Calibration	Ranges		
1. Output Power Tests	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Hp/Agilent	437B	31254U11528	10-19-06 due 10-19- 07	Power Meter		
Hp/Agilent	8481A	2349A43226	12/12/06 due 12/12/07	Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 Ghz		
Aeroflex Wienschel	46-30-34	BT6325	1/11/07 due 1/11/08	DC-18 Ghz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator		
2. Occupied Bandwidt	h Tests			•		
Agilent	E4407B	MY45102094	6/1/06 due 6/1/07	Spectrum Analyzer 9Khz to 26.5 Ghz		
Hp/Agilent	8481A	2349A43226	12/12/06 due 12/12/07	Microwave Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 GHz		
Aeroflex Wienschel	46-30-34	BT6325	1/11/07 due 1/11/08	DC-18 GHz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator		
Narda	4226-20		N/A	20 dB Directional Coupler .5-18 GHz		
3. Frequency Stability	Tests					
Hewlett Packard	5342A	2542A 10570	10/24/06 due 10/24/07	Microwave Frequency Counter ,10 Hz to 18 Ghz		
Tenney	BTL	23867-08.	N/A	Temperature Chamber		
Fluke	54 II	90510039	3/29/07 due 3/29/08	Thermometer -200 C ° to 1372 C °		
4. Video and Audio Mo	dulation Tests					
Tektronics	TG700	B011060	8/10/06 due 8/10/07	TV Signal Generator Platform, DC-10 MHz		
Tektronics	VM700A	B021027	2/15/07 due 2/14/08	Video Measurement Set, DC-10 MHz		
Audio Precision	ATS-2	11277	12/19/06 due 12/20/07	Audio Test Set System DC-100Khz		
Hewlett Packard	8496B	3308A71159	N/A	Attenuator/110 dB DC-18 GHz		
Hewlett Packard	8494B	2812A19146	N/A	Attenuator/11 dB DC-18 GHz		

11.1 RF Power Output (2.1046)

The transmitter was terminated through a 50 Ohm 30-dB pad. The data was measured on a 436A Hewlett-Packard power meter as shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2: RF Power Output test set up

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Table 5: Power Output: 1990-2500 MHz (current freqs)

		Analog Mode (Watts)		0	al Mode
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High Low		High	Low
1	1999.0	4.73	1.18	1.51	0.37
4	2050.5	4.81	1.17	1.56	0.38
7	2101.5	4.84	1.11	1.57	0.44
9	2475.5	4.73	1.12	1.53	0.40
10	2492.5	4.66	1.13	1.52	0.40

Table 6: Power Output: 2031.5-2500 MHz (BAS relo freqs)

			g Mode atts)		l Mode atts)
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	High	Low	High	Low
1	2031.5	4.81	1.19	1.52	0.38
3	2055.5	4.80	1.17	1.53	0.38
5	2079.5	4.82	1.15	1.55	0.39
7	2103.5	4.86	1.15	1.57	0.39
10	2492.5	4.66	1.13	1.52	0.40

11.2 Modulation Characteristics (2.1047)

11.2.1 Video Modulation:

Standard test signals were fed into the video input of 23CMTX1-E1.5-339-A2C2 Transmitter from the Tektronix 1410 NTSC signal generator. The output of the transmitter was attenuated and then connected to a receiver. The video output of the receiver was connected to a Tektronix VM 700A Video Measurement Test Set. A block diagram of the test setup is shown below

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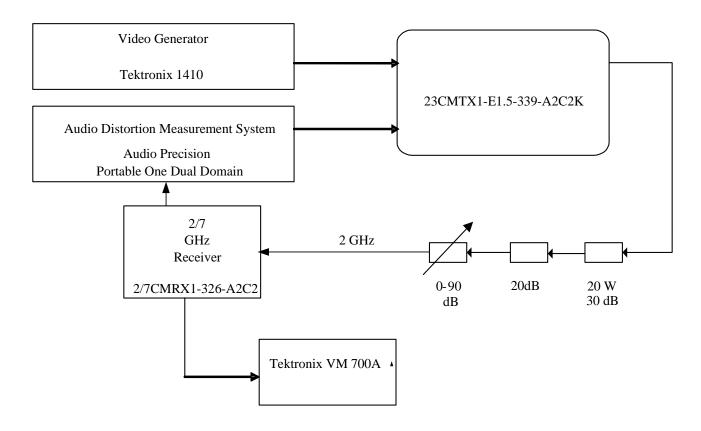


Figure 3: Video and Audio Modulation test setup

Results:

Since the modulation circuitry is common for all channels and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. The Linearity waveform, as listed in the table below, demonstrates a substantially linear transfer function through the transmitter and the receiver.

Table 7: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No. Demod Waveform	Fig. No. Diff. Gain	Diff. Gain	Fig. No. Diff. Phase	Diff. Phase (Deg)
2	2101.5	1	2	2.77%	3	1.14

Table 8: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No. Demod Waveform	Fig. No. Diff. Gain	Diff. Gain	Fig. No. Diff. Phase	Diff. Phase (Deg)
2	2031.5	4	5	1.83%	6	0.97

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11.2.2 Video Frequency Response

2101.5

10.11

The frequency is represented by the demodulated multi-burst waveform, as listed and tabulated in the table. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each band and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. Measurements were made to a tolerance of $\pm 1/4$ IRE (± 0.025 dB).

Relative Response
(MHz) in IRE units

Band Freq. Fig. 0.5 1.25 2 3 3.58 4.1

99.90

99.88

99.79

99.60

99.44

99.97

Table 9: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

Table 10: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

		Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units						
Band (GHz)	Freq. (MHz)	Fig. No.	0.5	1.25	2	3	3.58	4.1
2	2031.5	12,13	99.97	99.92	99.82	99.76	99.65	99.55

The video pre-emphasis circuit is designed in accordance with CCIR recommendation 405-1 (New Delhi, 1970) and has the insertion loss characteristic shown in Figure 7: video response.

11.2.3 Audio Modulation

The audio frequency response of the 23CMTX1-E1.5-339-A2C2 was measured with the setup shown in Figure 3. The audio pre-emphasis circuit has the insertion loss characteristics as shown in figure 6: Audio response

Results:

The results are presented in the following table. These results were measured and found to be identical for all channels. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each channel and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below.

Audio Frequency Response:

Table 11: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
50	0.29	0.16%

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Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
100	0.28	0.17%
400	0.27	0.16%
1000	0.20	0.14%
5000	0.14	0.13%
10000	-0.22	0.27%
12000	-0.33	0.29%
15000	-2.30	0.28%
20000	-5.40	0.69%
30000	-60	Х

Table 12: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

Frequency (Hz)	Demodulated Relative Response (dB)	Measured Distortion
50	0.11	0.17%
100	0.14	0.12%
400	0.15	0.25%
1000	0.06	0.28%
5000	0.02	0.30%
10000	-0.92	0.38%
12000	-1.50	0.36%
15000	-2.34	0.45%
20000	-6.37	01.9%
30000	-60	Х

See separate e-file named I4U23CMT1-E1P5_Modulation_Characterics.pdf.

11.3 Occupied bandwidth (2.1049)

The Occupied Bandwidth is defined in Section 2.1049 as the frequency bandwidth, where the mean power radiated below its lower and above its upper frequency limits are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean radiated power. In other words, the Occupied Bandwidth contains 99% of the total mean radiated power.

Color bar signals along with two sub-carriers of 4.83 MHz and 6.2 MHz were used as baseband input. For both analog and digital mode, 23CMTX1-E1.5-339-A2C2 was set in the normal operational mode with maximum output power.

The spectrum analyzer parameters for the measurement of Digital Signal Bandwidth were as follows:

• Resolution BW 100KHz

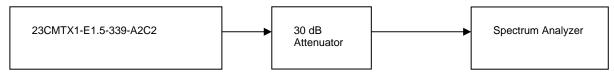
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Video BW 300KHz
 Span 40MHz
 Sweep 6.552msec

In the case of Analog Signals, the spectrum changes substantially during the vertical interval and line by line through the picture. The display on the analyzer is the vector sum of these components that fall within the band pass of the analyzer as it sweeps across the band. The accuracy of bandwidth measurement improves if the spectrum analyzer bandwidth is effectively narrow and effectively averaged. Also, several analyzer sweeps should be averaged to allow many TV fields to pass by for effective averaging of the changing sideband components. Taking these points into consideration, the spectrum analyzer was set to a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and swept at the rate of 6.56msec across a 40 MHz span centered on the channel. The analyzer video bandwidth was set to 300 kHz and 20 averages were taken to effectively average the display. The vertical scale was set to a logarithmic factor of 10 dB per division thus providing a power scale.

The Occupied Bandwidth measurement was done using an Agilent E4407B Spectrum analyzer, which has standard built-in bandwidth calculator. The test set up is shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4: Occupied Bandwidth test set up



The table below shows the bandwidth occupied by Analog and Digital Signal for the current 17 MHz channel spacing (Table 13) and the new 12 MHz channel spacing BAS relo frequencies (Table 14).

Table 13: Occupied Bandwidth Figure Reference (17 MHz spacing)

Occupied	Bandwidth MHz			Frequency GHz
Figure No.	Digital (COFDM)	Figure No.	Analog (FM)	
1	7.546	5	12.481	1.999
2	7.527	6	12.921	2050.5
3	7.548	7	12.282	2102.5
4	7.545	8	11.375	2492.5

See separate e-file named I4U23CMT1-E1P5_Occbw_17Mhz_channels.pdf.

Table 14: Occupied Bandwidth figure reference (12 MHz spacing)

Occupied Bandwidth MHz				Frequency GHz
Figure No.	Digital (COFDM)	Figure No.	Analog (FM)	
1	7.525	5	9.789	2031.5
2	7.544	6	9.929	2055.5
3	7.521	7	10.405	2079.5
4	7.530	8	10.433	2103.5

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See separate e-file named I4U23CMT1-E1P5_Occbw_BAS_relo_freq.pdf.

11.4 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals (2.1051)

To be provided by Retlif Testing Laboratory.

11.5 Field strength of spurious radiation (2.1053)

To be provided by Retlif Testing Laboratory.

11.6 Frequency stability (2.1055)

The transmitter was installed in a temperature test chamber per Figure 5 below.

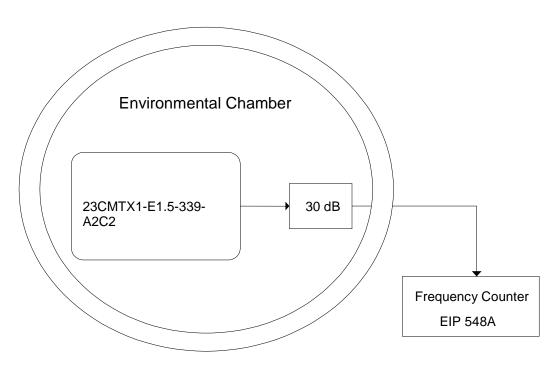


Figure 5: Frequency stability test set-up

The output frequencies were measured at intervals of $10 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ from $+60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $-30 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ using the HP 5342A Frequency Counter. Table 15 and Table 16 summarize the measured frequency vs. temperature.

Table 15: Frequency vs. Temp: 1999-2492.5 GHz (current freqs)

Channel	1	4	7	10
Temp ^o C		Frequency Hz		

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60	1,999,001,376	2,050,501,412	2,101,501,445	2,492,501,687
50	1,999,001,752	2,050,501,792	2,101,501,814	2,492,502,108
40	1,999,001,893	2,050,501,945	2,101,502,004	2,492,502,351
30	1,999,002,076	2,050,502,126	2,101,502,172	2,492,502,548
20	1,999,002,212	2,050,502,262	2,101,502,311	2,492,502,708
10	1,999,002,116	2,050,502,174	2,101,502,226	2,492,502,617
0	1,999,02,083	2,050,502,151	2,101,502,180	2,492,502,557
-10	1,999,001,795	2,050,501,838	2,101,501,873	2,492,502,185
-20	1,999,001,806	2,050,501,844	2,101,501,889	2,492,502,215
-30	1,999,001,867	2,050,501,916	2,101,501,954	2,492,502,284
Max Dev.	2212	2262	2311	2708
Max Dev. %	0.000110%	0.000110%	0.000110%	0.000109%

The maximum observed deviation was 2708 Hz, with carrier on Ch10.

Table 16: Frequency vs. Temp 2031.5-2103.5 GHz (BAS freqs)

Channel	1	3	5	7
Temp °C		Frequency Hz		
60	2031,501,444	2055,501,468	2079,501,480	2103,501,498
50	2031,501,730	2055,501,747	2079,501,759	2103,501,771
40	2031,501,957	2055,501,982	2079,502,008	2103,502,034
30	2031,502,094	2055,502,117	2079,502,138	2103,502,154
20	2031,502,220	2055,502,232	2079,502,251	2103,502,271
10	2031,502,163	2055,502,193	2079,502,215	2103,502,244
0	2031,502,108	2055,502,128	2079,502,151	2103,502,172
-10	2031,501,809	2055,501,826	2079,501,846	2103,501,860
-20	2031,501,844	2055,501,864	2079,501,880	2103,501,915
-30	2031,501,884	2055,501,894	2079,501,910	2103,501,925

Max Dev.	2220	2232	2251	2271
% Max Dev.	0.000109%	0.000109%	0.000108%	0.000108%

The maximum observed deviation was 2271 Hz, with carrier on Ch 7.

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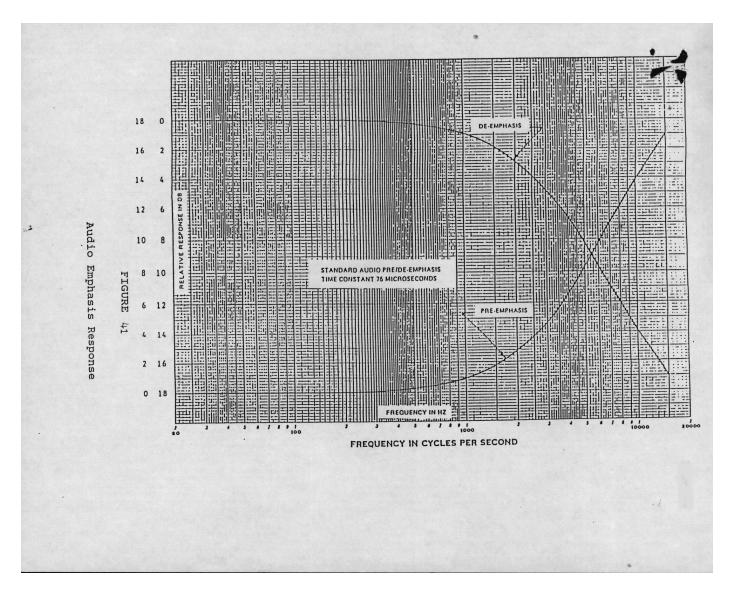


Figure 6: Audio Emphasis Response

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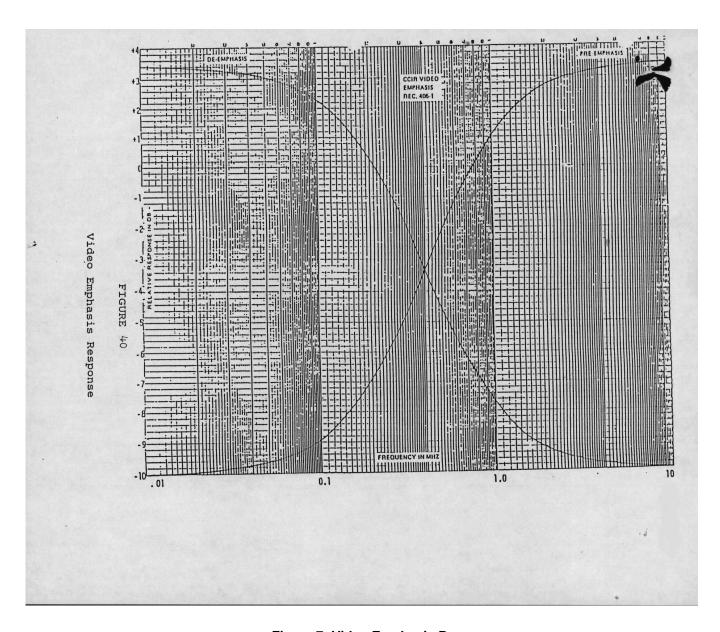


Figure 7: Video Emphasis Response

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