

Nucomm - FCC Certification Report

*Newscaster VT2*

*Digital/Analog ENG/OB Van Transmitter*

**23NCVT2-L5-339-A2C2K**

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

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101 Bilby Road  
Hackettstown, NJ 07840

Specifications are subject to change in order to allow for the  
introduction of design improvements

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**Table 1 Revision History**

| <b>Date</b> | <b>Revision</b> | <b>Changed by</b> | <b>Reason for Change</b>   |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 11/11/05    | 1.0             | George Williamson | Removed figure reference to figure 15, was redundant   |
| 11/14/05    | 1.1             | John Odell        | Update to reply to Retlif comments, added references to Modulation Characteristics pdf. Added new figures for test set ups.  |
| 12/8/05     | 1.2             | John Odell        | Added CW reference level signals to occupied bandwidth measurements including updating tables 12 & 13. Modified the Equipment ID to be I4U23VT2L.  |
| 1/16/05     | 1.3             | John Odell        | Updated occupied bandwidth measurements for 100Khz Res B.W. and 300Khz Video B.W and updating tables 12 & 13. Updated Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals measurements for 1 MHz Res B.W. and 3Mhz Video B.W. and correct Ref level. Changed RF Head picture to reflect changes to the unit. |
| 1/23/06     | 1.4             | John Odell        | Re-measured antenna conducted on channel 10 in the FM high power mode. Re-measured all occupied bandwidth measurements at Retlif's request.  |
| 1/27/06     | 1.5             | John Odell        | Re-measured Occupied Bandwidth plots using a 1 to 3 ratio of RBW vs. VBW (Video Band Width) to adhere to the Industry standard of a 1 to 3 ratio. Corrected several typing errors.   |
| 4/6/06      | 1.6             | George Williamson | Add BOM, pictures, equipment list and calibration dates as well as schematics (RF section) per Retlif request.   |

## Nucomm - FCC Certification Report

*~NCVT2~*

(Per CFR TITLE 47, PART 2, SUB-PART J)

### 1 Applicants full name and address (1)

Full name and mailing address of the manufacturer of the device and the applicant for certification:

Name of Manufacturer/Applicant: Nucomm, Inc.

Address of Manufacturer/Applicant: 101 Bilby Road  
Hackettstown, NJ 07840

### 2 FCC Identifier (2)

Equipment Identification: **FCC ID: I4U23VT2L**

### 3 Installation and operating instructions to be furnished by the user (3)

A copy of the Installation and operating instruction are provided under separate cover with the title of

### 4 Emission (4), Frequency range (5), & Range of operating power (6)

Values or specific operating power levels, and description of any means provided for variation of operating power.

For the 1990 to 2550 MHz band, the range of operating power is between 1.5 to 12 Watts, with two selectable power output levels called “Low” and “High” and two operational modes called “Digital” and “Analog.” The following table (Table 2) outlines the respective power levels.

**Table 2: Analog and Digital Power Levels**

| Mode              | Nominal Power (Watts) | Minimum Power (Watts) |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Analog High Power | 11.0                  | 10.0                  |
| Analog Low Power  | 2.0                   | 1.5                   |

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|                    |     |      |
|--------------------|-----|------|
| Digital High Power | 5.0 | 4.0  |
| Digital Low Power  | 1.0 | 0.75 |

### 5 Maximum power rating as defined in the applicable part(s) of the rules (7)

The maximum power rating of 12 Watts is requested for service in Part 74, Subpart F, Television Auxiliary Broadcast Stations, [Section 74.636](#) under the heading Power Limitations.

### 6 DC Voltages & Currents (8)

The maximum DC voltage and DC currents into the last two stages of the driver and final amplifier for the maximum output are outlined in the Table 3. For both the Digital and Analog modes of operation the bias conditions on the amplifier are identical therefore only “High” and “Low” power conditions are shown.

1990 MHz to 2550 MHz

**Table 3: Maximum DC voltage and currents**

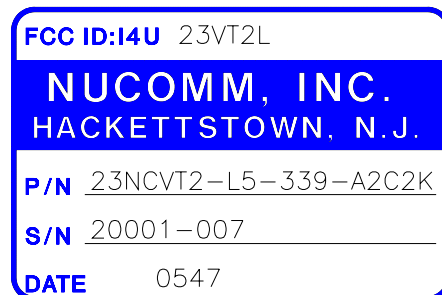
| Mode       | Driver Stages | Final Stage |
|------------|---------------|-------------|
| High Power | +11V @ 0.72A  | +11V @ 4.4A |
| Low Power  | +11V @ 0.72A  | +11V @ 4.4A |

### 7 Tune-up procedure over the power range, or at specific operating power levels (9)

The 23NCVT2-L5-339-A2C2K requires no tune-up over its operating range.

### 8 Equipment Identification (11)

The following photograph figure (Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate ) shows the FCC label which identifies the FCC ID, Manufactures name, part number, unit serial number and week of manufacture.



**Figure 1: FCC Equipment Identification Plate**

## 9 Photographs (8X10 inch) of the equipment (12).

Supply photographs of the equipment of sufficient clarity to reveal equipment construction and layout, including meters, if any, and labels for controls and meters and sufficient views of the internal construction to define component placement and chassis assembly. Refer to addendum 1 (Radio and test Equipment Photographs) which is contained in a separate file associated with this report (NCVT2 Certification Report Addendum 1.doc).

## 10 Digital modulation techniques (13)

A detailed description of the modulation system to be used, including the response characteristics (frequency, phase and amplitude) of any filters provided, and a description of the modulating wave train, shall be submitted for the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated.

The transmitter supports 2 forms of digital modulation VSB and COFDM (Coded Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing). The VSB mode supports 2VSB, 4VSB, 8VSB, 8VSB with Trellis and 16VSB. These modes conform to the ATSC document A\53. The COFDM modulation conforms to DVB-T EN 300 744.

## 11 Data required by §§2.1046 through 2.1057, inclusive, measured in accordance with the procedures set out in §2.1041 (14).

The following table (Table 4 - Test Equipment Used ) identifies the equipment used to perform testing including the manufacturer, model number, serial number, calibration dates, frequency and thermo ranges. Images of the test equipment and set up are located in Addendum 1 section 1.2 (FCC Test Equipment Images).

**Table 4 - Test Equipment Used**

| Manufacturer                        | Model #  | Serial #    | Calibration           | Ranges                                       |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| <b>1. Conducted Emissions Tests</b> |          |             |                       |  |
| Agilent                             | E4407B   | MY45102094  | 5/1/05 due 6/1/06     | 9Khz to 26.5Ghz Spectrum Analyzer            |
| Aeroflex Wienschel                  | 46-30-34 | BT6325      | 1/11/06 due 1/11/07   | DC-18 Ghz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator          |
| <b>2. Output Power Tests</b>        |          |             |                       |  |
| Hp/Agilent                          | 437B     | 31254U11528 | 10-19-05 due 10-19-06 | Power Meter                                  |
| Hp/Agilent                          | 8481A    | 2349A43226  | 12/12/05 due 12/12/06 | Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 Ghz                |
| Aeroflex Wienschel                  | 46-30-34 | BT6325      | 1/11/06 due 1/11/07   | DC-18 Ghz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator          |
| <b>3. Occupied Bandwidth Tests</b>  |          |             |                       |  |
| Agilent                             | E4407B   | MY45102094  | May 05 due May 06     | Spectrum Analyzer 9Khz to 26.5 Ghz           |
| Hp/Agilent                          | 8481A    | 2349A43226  | 12/12/05 due 12/12/06 | Microwave Power Sensor 10 Mhz to 18 GHz      |
| Aeroflex Wienschel                  | 46-30-34 | BT6325      | 1/11/06 due 1/11/07   | DC-18 GHz, 25Watt, 30 dB Attenuator          |
| Narda                               | 4226-20  |             | N/A                   | 20 dB Directional Coupler .5-18 GHz          |
| <b>4. Frequency Stability Tests</b> |          |             |                       |  |
| Hewlett Packard                     | 5342A    | 2542A 10570 | 10/24/05 due 10/24/06 | Microwave Frequency Counter ,10 Hz to 18 Ghz |
| Tenney                              | BTL      | 23867-08.   | N/A                   | Temperature Chamber                          |



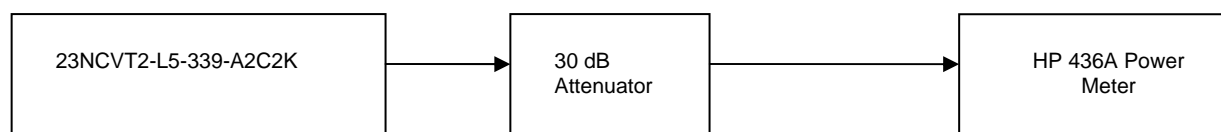
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| Manufacturer                               | Model # | Serial #   | Calibration           | Ranges                                  |
|--|---------|------------|-----------------------|---|
| Fluke                                      | 54 II   | 90510039   | 3/29/05 due 3/29/06   | Thermometer -200 C ° to 1372 C °        |
| <b>5. Video and Audio Modulation Tests</b> |         |            |                       |   |
| Tektronics                                 | TG700   | B011060    | 8/10/05 due 8/10/06   | TV Signal Generator Platform, DC-10 MHz |
| Tektronics                                 | VM700A  | B021027    | 2/15/06 due 2/14/07   | Video Measurement Set, DC-10 MHz        |
| Audio Precision                            | ATS-2   | 11277      | 12/19/05 due 12/20/06 | Audio Test Set System DC-100Khz         |
| Hewlett Packard                            | 8496B   | 3308A71159 | N/A                   | Attenuator/110 dB DC-18 GHz             |
| Hewlett Packard                            | 8494B   | 2812A19146 | N/A                   | Attenuator/11 dB DC-18 GHz              |

## 11.1 RF Power Output ( 2.1046)

The transmitter was terminated through a 50 Ohm 30-dB pad. The data was measured on a 436A Hewlett-Packard power meter as shown in Figure 2.

**Figure 2 RF Power Output test set up**



**Table 5 Power Output: 1990-2500 MHz (current freqs)**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Analog Mode (Watts) |      | Digital Mode (Watts) |      |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------|------|
|         |                 | High                | Low  | High                 | Low  |
| 1       | 1999.0          | 11.83               | 2.67 | 4.93                 | 1.34 |
| 4       | 2050.5          | 11.90               | 2.86 | 4.99                 | 1.4  |
| 7       | 2101.5          | 11.95               | 3.09 | 5.07                 | 1.55 |
| 9       | 2475.5          | 10.46               | 2.67 | 4.00                 | 1.36 |
| 10      | 2492.5          | 10.33               | 2.64 | 3.98                 | 1.35 |

**Table 6 Power Output: 2031.5-2500 MHz (BAS relo freqs)**

| Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Analog Mode (Watts) |       | Digital Mode (Watts) |      |
|---------|-----------------|---------------------|-------|----------------------|------|
|         |                 | High                | Low   | High                 | Low  |
| 1       | 2031.5          | 11.38               | 3.013 | 4.97                 | 2.73 |
| 4       | 2067.5          | 11.45               | 3.076 | 5.08                 | 2.50 |
| 7       | 2103.5          | 11.61               | 3.10  | 5.11                 | 2.47 |
| 9       | 2475.5          | 10.48               | 2.70  | 4.00                 | 1.38 |
| 10      | 2492.5          | 10.35               | 2.65  | 3.98                 | 1.35 |

## 11.2 Modulation Characteristics (2.1047)

### 11.2.1 Video Modulation:

Standard test signals were fed into the video input of 23NCVT2-L5-339-A2C2K Transmitter from the Tektronix 1410 NTSC signal generator. The output of the transmitter was attenuated and then connected to a receiver. The video output of the receiver was connected to a Tektronix VM 700A Video Measurement Test Set. A block diagram of the test setup is shown below

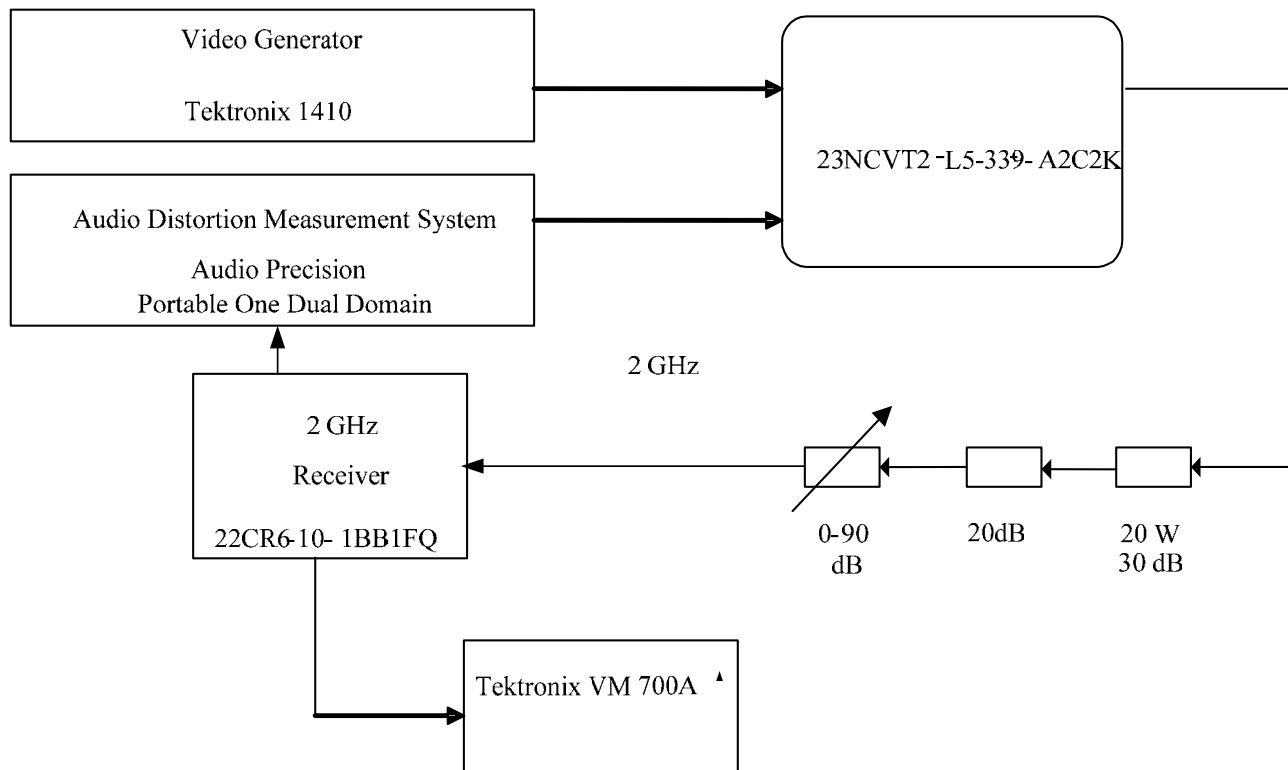


Figure 3 Video and Audio Modulation test setup

### Results:

Since the modulation circuitry is common for all channels and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. The Linearity waveform, as listed in the table below, demonstrates a substantially linear transfer function through the transmitter and the receiver.

Table 7: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

| Band (GHz) | Freq. (MHz) | Fig. No. Demod Waveform | Fig. No. Diff. Gain | Diff. Gain | Fig. No. Diff. Phase | Diff. Phase (Deg) |
|------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2          | 2101.5      | 3                       | 4                   | 2.97%      | 5                    | 1.89              |

Table 8: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

| Band (GHz) | Freq. (MHz) | Fig. No. Demod Waveform | Fig. No. Diff. Gain | Diff. Gain | Fig. No. Diff. Phase | Diff. Phase (Deg) |
|------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 2          | 2031.5      | 6                       | 7                   | 2.20%      | 8                    | 2.30              |

### 11.2.2 Video Frequency Response

The frequency is represented by the demodulated multi-burst waveform, as listed and tabulated in the table. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each band and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below. Measurements were made to a tolerance of  $\pm 1/4$  IRE ( $\pm 0.025$  dB).

Table 9: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation

| Band (GHz) | Freq. (MHz) | Fig. No. | Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units |        |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|            |             |          | 0.5                                  | 1.25   | 2     | 3     | 3.58  | 4.1   |
| 2          | 2101.5      | 9a,9b    | 100.02                               | 100.02 | 99.91 | 99.98 | 99.95 | 98.94 |

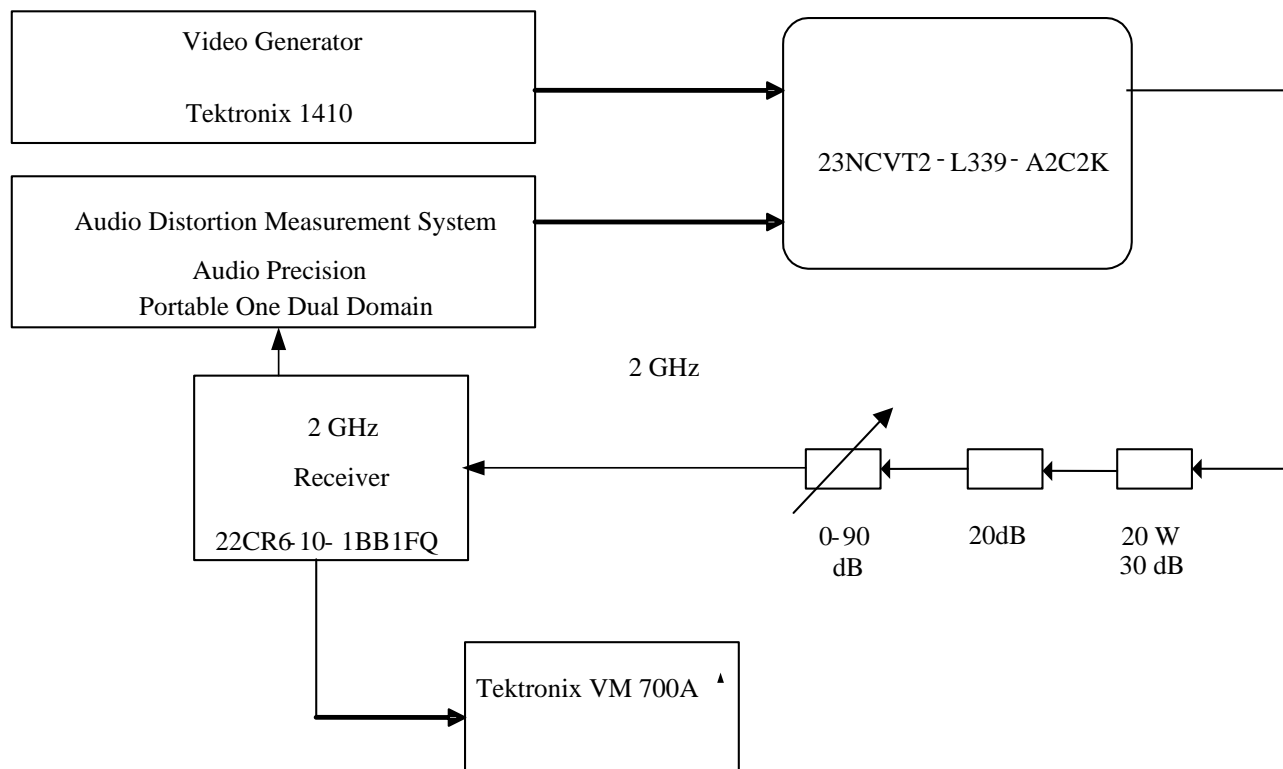
Table 10: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)

| Band (GHz) | Freq. (MHz) | Fig. No. | Relative Response (MHz) in IRE units |       |       |       |       |       |
|------------|-------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|            |             |          | 0.5                                  | 1.25  | 2     | 3     | 3.58  | 4.1   |
| 2          | 2031.5      | 10a,10b  | 99.99                                | 99.87 | 99.70 | 99.37 | 99.34 | 99.12 |

The video pre-emphasis circuit is designed in accordance with CCIR recommendation 405-1 (New Delhi, 1970) and has the insertion loss characteristic shown in Figure 11 and 12.

### 11.2.3 Audio Modulation

The audio frequency response of the 23NCVT2-L5-339-A2C2K was measured with the setup shown Below (Figure 4).



**Figure 4 Video and Audio Modulation test setup**

Results:

The results are presented in the following table. These results were measured and found to be identical for all channels. Since the modulation circuitry is common to each channel and the data was identical, only one set of data is given below.

Audio Frequency Response:

**Table 11: 17 MHz channel spacing with +/- 4 MHz FM deviation**

| Frequency (Hz) | Demodulated Relative Response (dB) | Measured Distortion |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 50             | .15                                | 0.154               |
| 100            | .15                                | 0.144%              |
| 400            | .17                                | 0.138%              |
| 1000           | .12                                | 0.128%              |

| Frequency (Hz) | Demodulated Relative Response (dB) | Measured Distortion |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 5000           | .08                                | 0.152%              |
| 10000          | -0.31                              | 0.264%              |
| 12000          | -0.38                              | 0.219%              |
| 15000          | -0.58                              | 0.277%              |
| 20000          | -7.35                              | 03.01%              |
| 30000          | -60                                | x                   |

**Table 12: 12 MHz channel spacing with +/- 3 MHz FM deviation (BAS relo frequencies)**

| Frequency (Hz) | Demodulated Relative Response (dB) | Measured Distortion |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 50             | -1.82                              | 0.154               |
| 100            | -1.83                              | 0.144%              |
| 400            | -1.94                              | 0.138%              |
| 1000           | -2.06                              | 0.128%              |
| 5000           | -2.06                              | 0.152%              |
| 10000          | -2.06                              | 0.264%              |
| 12000          | -2.06                              | 0.219%              |
| 15000          | -2.06                              | 0.277%              |
| 20000          | -8.75                              | 03.01%              |
| 30000          | -60                                | x                   |

See separate e-file named Modulation Characteristics.pdf.

### 11.3 Occupied bandwidth (2.1049)

The Occupied Bandwidth is defined in Section 2.1049 as the frequency bandwidth, where the mean power radiated below its lower and above its upper frequency limits are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean radiated power. In other words, the Occupied Bandwidth contains 99% of the total mean radiated power.

Color bar signals along with two sub-carriers of 4.83 MHz and 6.2 MHz were used as baseband input. For both analog and digital mode, 23NCVT2-L5-339-A2C2K was set in the normal operational mode with maximum output power.

The spectrum analyzer parameters for the measurement of Digital Signal Bandwidth were as follows:

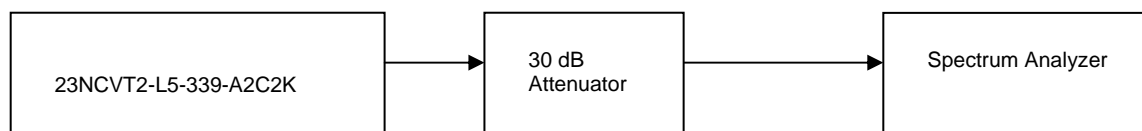
- Resolution BW 3KHz
- Video BW 3KHz
- Span 30MHz

- Sweep 4.295sec

In the case of Analog Signals, the spectrum changes substantially during the vertical interval and line by line through the picture. The display on the analyzer is the vector sum of these components that fall within the band pass of the analyzer as it sweeps across the band. The accuracy of bandwidth measurement improves if the spectrum analyzer bandwidth is effectively narrow and effectively averaged. Also, several analyzer sweeps should be averaged to allow many TV fields to pass by for effective averaging of the changing sideband components. Taking these points into consideration, the spectrum analyzer was set to a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and swept slowly at the rate of 1 second across a 50 MHz span centered on the channel. The analyzer video bandwidth was set to 100 kHz and 20 averages were taken to effectively average the display. The vertical scale was set to a logarithmic factor of 10 dB per division thus providing a power scale.

The Occupied Bandwidth measurement was done using an Agilent E4407B Spectrum analyzer, which has standard built-in bandwidth calculator. The test set up is shown in Figure 5.

**Figure 5 Occupied Bandwidth test set up**



The table below shows the bandwidth occupied by Analog and Digital Signal for the current 17 MHz channel spacing (Table 13) and the new 12 MHz channel spacing BAS relo frequencies (Table 14).

**Table 13: Occupied Bandwidth Figure Reference (17 MHz spacing)**

| Occupied Bandwidth MHz |             |            |                 | Frequency GHz |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Figure No.             | Analog (FM) | Figure No. | Digital (COFDM) |               |
| 23                     | 12.795      | 13         | 7.689           | 1.999         |
| 26                     | 12.594      | 16         | 7.698           | 2050.5        |
| 28                     | 12.729      | 18         | 7.660           | 2084.5        |
| 32                     | 12.838      | 22         | 7.698           | 2492.5        |

See separate e-file named Occbw\_17Mhz\_channels.pdf.

**Table 14: Occupied Bandwidth figure reference (12 MHz spacing)**

| Occupied Bandwidth MHz |             |            |                 | Frequency GHz |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Figure No.             | Analog (FM) | Figure No. | Digital (COFDM) |               |
| 37                     | 10.877      | 33         | 7.590           | 2031.5        |
| 38                     | 11.198      | 34         | 7.528           | 2043.5        |
| 39                     | 11.396      | 35         | 7.516           | 2091.5        |
| 40                     | 10.704      | 36         | 7.515           | 2103.5        |

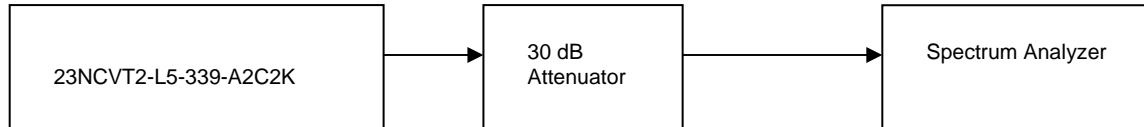
See separate e-file named Occbw\_BAS\_relo\_freq.pdf.

#### 11.4 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals (2.1059)

##### Measurement Procedure:

The RF output of the transmitter was directly coupled through attenuators to the input of a spectrum analyzer. With the transmitter on, the spectrum analyzer was swept from 30 MHz to 26.5 GHz. It was verified that all emissions not associated with the fundamental transmission were at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  down from the fundamental transmit power level (P). The test set up is depicted in Figure 6 below.

**Figure 6 Spurious emission at antenna terminals test set up**



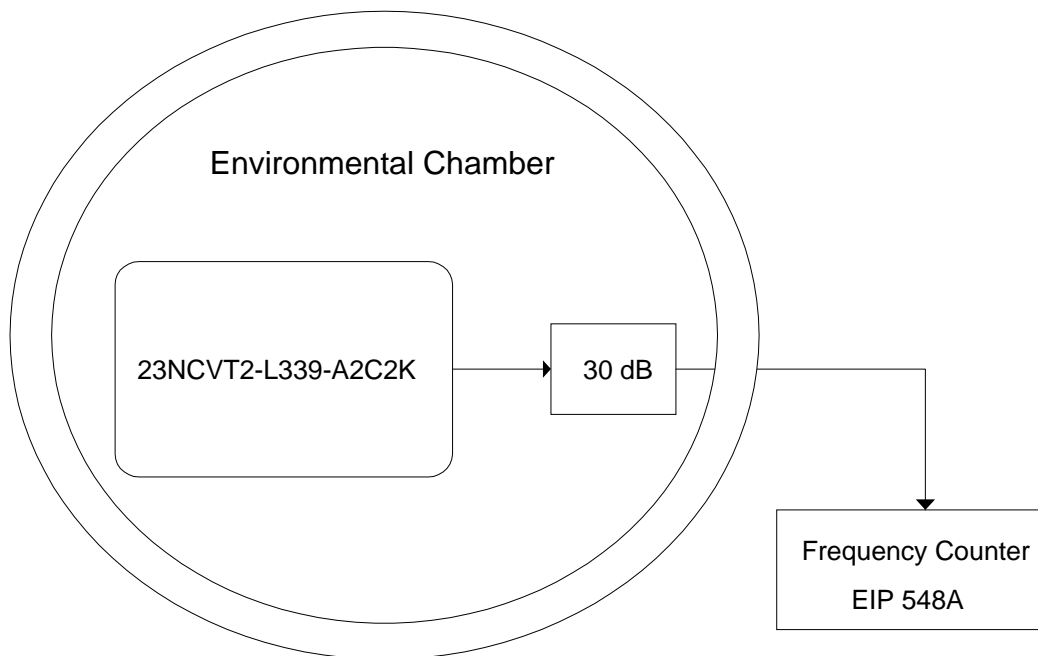
The results for the above test are submitted as a separate attachment named AntCe.pdf.

#### 11.5 Field strength of spurious radiation (2.1053)

To be provided by Retlif Testing Laboratory.

#### 11.6 Frequency stability (2.1055)

The transmitter was installed in a temperature test chamber per Figure 7 below.



**Figure 7 Frequency stability test set-up**

The output frequencies were measured at intervals of 10 °C from +60 °C to –30 °C using the HP 5342A Frequency Counter. Table 15 and Table 16 summarize the measured frequency vs. temperature.

**Table 15: Frequency vs. Temp: 1990-2055 GHz (current freqs)**

| <b>Channel</b> | <b>1</b>      | <b>4</b>            | <b>7</b>      | <b>10</b>     |
|----------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Temp °C</b> |               | <b>Frequency Hz</b> |               |               |
| 60             | 1,999,000,271 | 2,050,500,961       | 2,101,500,786 | 2,492,500,815 |
| 50             | 1,999,000,598 | 2,050,500,725       | 2,101,500,480 | 2,492,500,653 |
| 40             | 1,999,000,471 | 2,050,500,565       | 2,101,500,344 | 2,492,500,532 |
| 30             | 1,999,000,871 | 2,050,501,002       | 2,101,500,515 | 2,492,500,637 |
| 20             | 1,999,001,005 | 2,050,501,030       | 2,101,500,963 | 2,492,501,430 |
| 10             | 1,999,000,497 | 2,050,500,901       | 2,101,500,844 | 2,492,501,213 |
| 0              | 1,999,000,367 | 2,050,500,538       | 2,101,500,243 | 2,492,501,212 |
| -10            | 1,999,000,256 | 2,050,500,485       | 2,101,500,307 | 2,492,500,897 |
| -20            | 1,999,000,216 | 2,050,500,375       | 2,101,500,152 | 2,492,500,710 |
| -30            | 1,998,999,696 | 2,050,499,856       | 2,101,499,997 | 2,492,500,610 |

|                 |              |             |            |              |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| <b>Max Dev.</b> | <b>1,005</b> | <b>1030</b> | <b>963</b> | <b>1,430</b> |
| Max Dev. %      | 0.000050%    | 0.000050%   | 0.000046%  | 0.000057%    |

The maximum observed deviation was 1430 Hz, with carrier on Ch10.

**Table 16: Frequency vs. Temp 2031.5-2492.5 GHz (BAS freqs)**

| <b>Channel</b> | <b>1</b>     | <b>4</b>            | <b>7</b>     | <b>10</b>    |
|----------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| <b>Temp °C</b> |              | <b>Frequency Hz</b> |              |              |
| 60             | 2031,501,073 | 2067,500,770        | 2103,500,535 | 2492,500,515 |
| 50             | 2031,500,892 | 2067,500,770        | 2103,500,399 | 2492,500,394 |
| 40             | 2031,501,346 | 2067,501,047        | 2103,500,570 | 2492,500,499 |
| 30             | 2031,501,480 | 2067,501,075        | 2103,501,018 | 2492,501,292 |
| 20             | 2031,500,972 | 2067,500,946        | 2103,500,899 | 2492,501,075 |
| 10             | 2031,500,842 | 2067,500,583        | 2103,500,478 | 2492,501,074 |
| 0              | 2031,500,731 | 2067,500,530        | 2103,500,362 | 2492,500,759 |
| -10            | 2031,500,691 | 2067,500,420        | 2103,500,207 | 2492,500,572 |
| -20            | 2031,500,171 | 2067,499,901        | 2103,500,052 | 2492,500,472 |
| -30            | 2031,500,475 | 2067,500,045        | 2103,500,055 | 2492,499,862 |

|                 |              |              |              |              |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| <b>Max Dev.</b> | <b>1,480</b> | <b>1,075</b> | <b>1,018</b> | <b>1,292</b> |
| % Max Dev.      | 0.000073%    | 0.000052%    | 0.000048%    | 0.000052%    |



The maximum observed deviation was 1480 Hz, with carrier on Ch 1.

Audio Emphasis Response

FIGURE 41

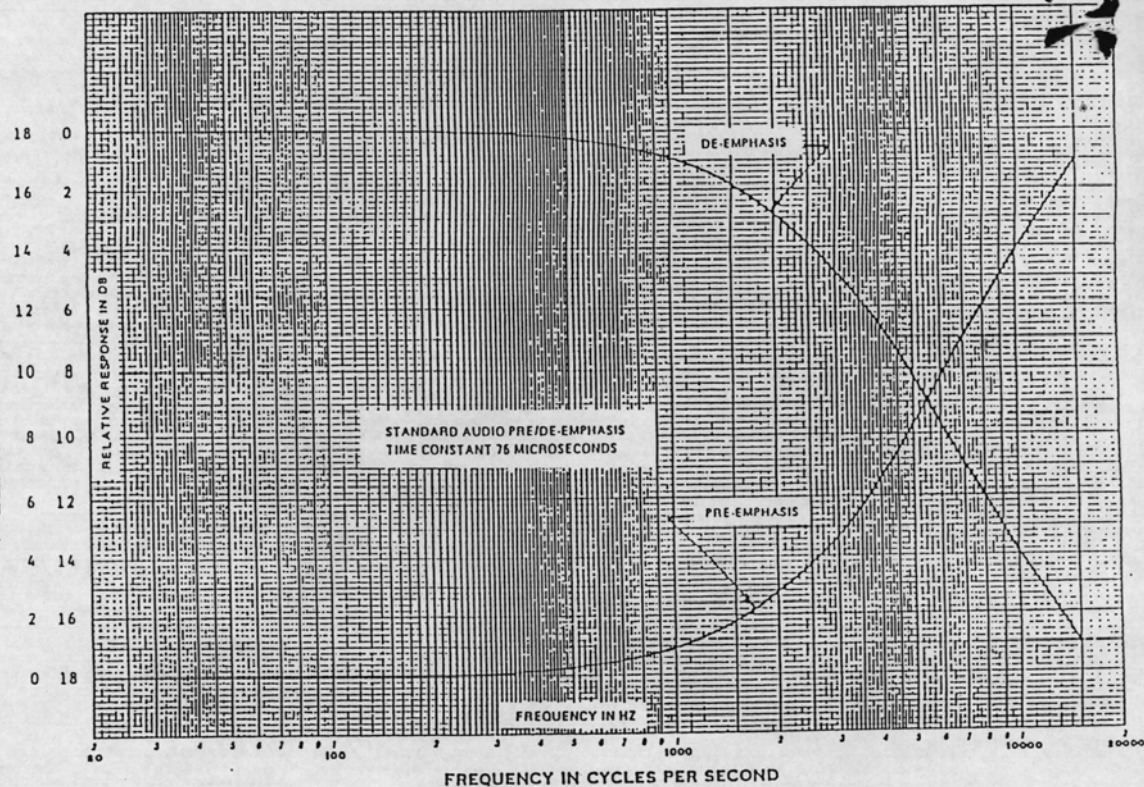


Figure 8: Audio Emphasis Response

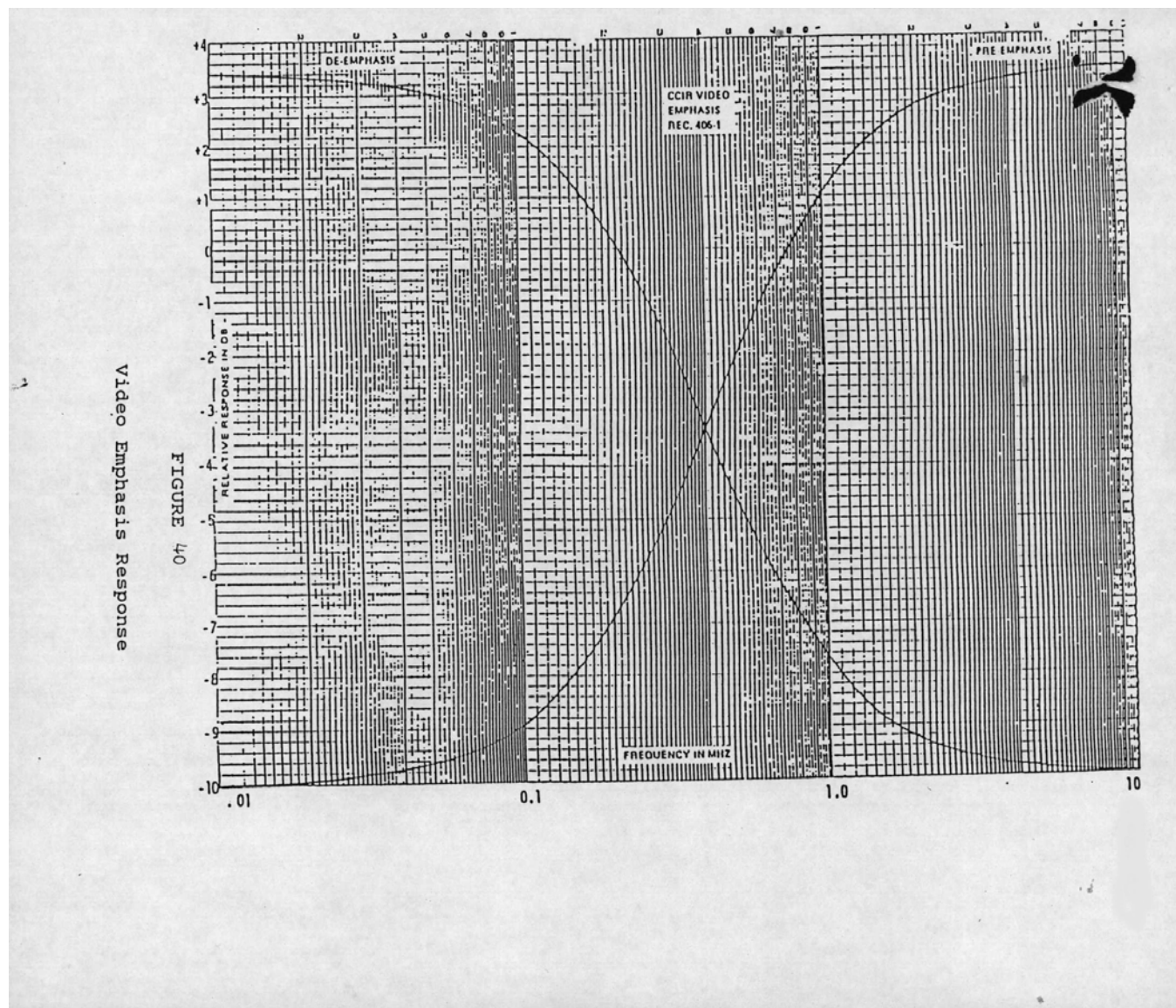


Figure 9 - Video Emphasis Response