FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Sony Corporation

EQUIPMENT : Wireless module BRAND NAME : Sony

MODEL NAME : AL1DR

FCC ID : AK8145890811

STANDARD: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Manager

ENc huans

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

ilac-MRA



Report No.: FA7D0542B

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Revision History

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VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE	
Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jan. 11, 2018	
Rev. 02	Clearly BT duty cycle on page 20.	Mar. 19, 2018	
	Rev. 01	VERSION DESCRIPTION Rev. 01 Initial issue of report	

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1. Statement of Compliance

Applicant Name	Sony Corporation		
EUT Description	Wireless module		
Brand Name	Sony		
Model Name	AL1DR		
FCC ID	AK8145890811		
HW Version	A		
WLAN antenna type	Monopole		
Equipment Class	DTS DSS		
Body (1g SAR W/kg)	0.10 0.03		
Date Tested	2017/12/18		
Test Result	Pass		
Remark: 1. 2.4GHz WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.			

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This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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Testing Laboratory			
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978		

Applicant			
Company Name Sony Corporation			
Address 1-7-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0075, Japan			

Manufacturer Manufacturer		
Company Name Sony Corporation		
Address 1-7-1 Konan, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0075, Japan		

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Wireless Technologies	Frequency	Operating Mode
1 V/V 1 E 1		11b 11g 11n (HT20)
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	BR/EDR/LE

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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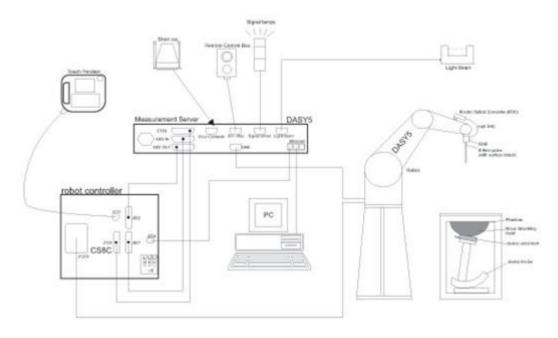
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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<ES3DV3 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – 4 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 4 GHz)	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g – >100 mW/g;	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 3.0 mm	



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<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core	
	Built-in shielding against static charges	
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic	
	solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)	
	±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g – >100 mW/g	
	Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm)	
	Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm)	
	Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1	
	mm	



7.2 <u>Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)</u>

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

\EET Hanton		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz				
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$				
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°				
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$				
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.					

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manager	Name of Emilion and	T	Osniel Nemekan	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Sep. 18, 2017	Sep. 17, 2018
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	May. 02, 2017	May. 01, 2018
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	May. 24, 2017	May. 23, 2018
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5016	TM281-2	Mar. 17, 2017	Mar. 16, 2018
R&S	BT Base Station	CBT32	100522	Mar. 14, 2017	Mar. 13, 2018
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
R&S	Signal Generator	SMA100A	101091	Jul. 06, 2017	Jul. 05, 2018
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46104758	Aug. 24, 2017	Aug. 23, 2018
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1146	Jul. 18, 2017	Jul. 17, 2018
LINE SEIKI	Digital Thermometer	LKMelectronic	DTM3000SPEZIAL	Sep. 06, 2017	Sep. 05, 2018
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 15, 2017	May. 14, 2018
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218006	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207363	Oct. 06, 2017	Oct. 05, 2018
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4408B	MY44211028	Aug. 23, 2017	Aug. 22, 2018
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 26, 2017	Jun. 25, 2018
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 09, 2017	Mar. 08, 2018
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	No	te 1
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	No	te 1
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	No	te 1

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General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

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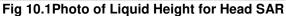
10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)					
	For Head												
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9					
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5					
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5					
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0					
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2					
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0					
				For Body									
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5					
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2					
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0					
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3					
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7					
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5					

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)					
Water	64~78%					
Mineral oil	11~18%					
Emulsifiers	9~15%					
Additives and Salt	2~3%					

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

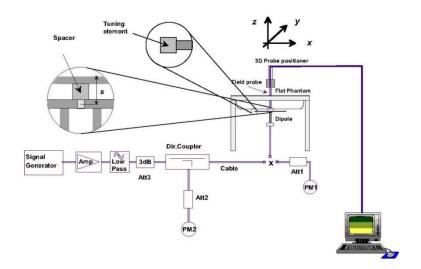
Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	MSL	22.3	1.996	54.267	1.95	52.70	2.36	2.97	±5	2017/12/18

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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	
2017/12/18	2450	MSL	250	D2450V2-736	EX3DV4 - SN3925	DAE4 Sn854	13.50	50.80	54.00	6.30	1





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Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- 3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- 4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %		
		1	2412	16.96	18.00			
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	16.86	18.00	100.00		
2.4GHz WLAN		11	2462	16.87	18.00			
2.4GHZ WLAIN	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	13.39	14.50			
		6	2437	16.83	18.00	98.41		
		11	2462	13.49	14.50			
		1	2412	13.26	14.50			
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	16.77	18.00	98.29		
		11	2462	13.43	14.50			

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<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

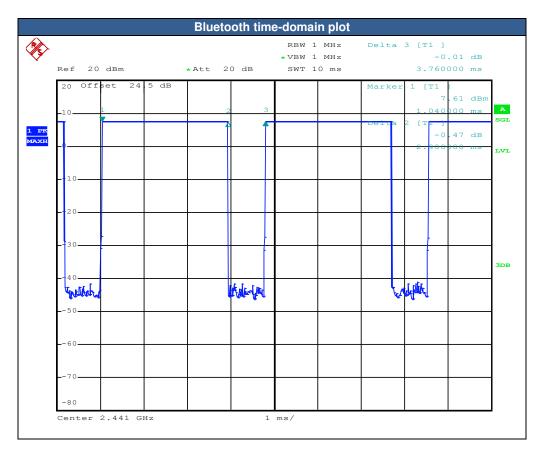
Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)					
Mode	Ghannei	(MHz)	1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps			
	CH 00	2402	8.31	7.05	7.04			
BR / EDR	CH 39	2441	8.75	6.80	6.81			
	CH 78	2480	8.68	5.81	5.81			
	Tune-up Limit		9.30	9.30	9.30			

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Mode	Channel	Frequency	Average power (dBm)				
Mode	Griannei	(MHz)	GFSK				
	CH 00	2402	7.43				
LE	CH 19	2440	7.81				
	CH 39	2480	7.84				
	Tune-up Limit		9.30				

General Note:

For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power and the duty cycle is 77.13% to be used.



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12. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- d. For Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up scaling factor
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured
- 4. For SAR tested was used an external antenna and connected to a module to perform on Front / Back / Top / Bottom / Right / Left positions of antenna and tests separation is 5mm, the test setup photo please referred to appendix D.
- The transmitter was controlled by a representative host with the actual firmware, software drivers and other associated device operating software required for testing the wireless technologies.
- For implementations that an antenna be connected to the transmitter through RF cable(s), the antenna assembly, which is typically the standalone antenna, and be tested independently for SAR. The same type of antenna cable specified in the installation requirements be used to connect the antenna to the transmitter for testing. The shortest antenna cable be used in the SAR tests, with the antenna located at least 10 cm away from the host computer or equivalent testing platform and other supporting equipment in the SAR measurement setup.
- The antenna was mounted on lossless foam material for SAR testing to qualify for installation in hosts with low-loss materials near the antenna.
- The highest reported 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, modules and peripheral transmitters can be approved to operate in qualified host and portable device exposure conditions with no restriction for most host platform configurations.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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12.1 Body SAR

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Dower	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	0.16	0.076	0.097
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	6	2437	16.86	18.00	1.300	100	1.000	-0.15	0.074	0.096
01	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	5mm	11	2462	16.87	18.00	1.297	100	1.000	0.15	0.076	0.099
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	-0.15	0.045	0.057
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	-0.16	0.001	0.002
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	-0.12	0.001	0.002
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	0.12	0.001	0.002
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Bottom Side	5mm	1	2412	16.96	18.00	1.271	100	1.000	-0.05	0.016	0.020

<Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
02	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	0.03	0.026	0.029
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	5mm	00	2402	8.31	9.30	1.257	0.02	0.018	0.023
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	5mm	78	2480	8.68	9.30	1.155	0.08	0.025	0.029
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	-0.01	0.010	0.011
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Side	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	0.06	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	0.09	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	0.01	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Bottom Side	5mm	39	2441	8.75	9.30	1.136	-0.05	0.001	0.001

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13. Enhanced Energy Coupling

Note:

1. Pre KDB447498 D01v06, The probe tip distance to the phantom should be positioned at a distance of half the probe tip diameter, rounded to the nearest mm.

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- 2. Pre KDB447498 D01v06, The test device is initially positioned in direct contact with the phantom and subsequently moved away from the phantom in 5 mm increment when there is more than 15% variation in the single-point measurements at each position, more measurements are required to ensure a representative high range value is recorded. The highest of the single-point SAR values, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, should be reported for each position. When the highest measured single point SAR among all positions is 25% greater than that measured with the device positioned at Initial from the phantom, a complete 1-g SAR evaluation is required for that test configuration at the device position producing the highest single-point SAR until the measured SAR is > 50% of that measured with the device in contact with the phantom.
- 3. The following experiment chose 2.4GHz WLAN to representative.

Toot configuration	Band	Antenna-t	o-person	Peak SAR 1g	Percent Change	
Test configuration	Dano	distanc	e(mm)	(W/kg)		
Front	2.4GHz WLAN	Initial	5mm	0.185	-	
FIOIIL	2.4GHZ WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.054	-70.81	
Back	2.4GHz WLAN	Initial	5mm	0.093	-	
Dack	2.4GHZ WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.030	-67.74	
Left Side	2.4GHz WLAN	Initial	5mm	0.004	-	
Leit Side	2.4GHZ WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.0018	-55.00	
		Initial	5mm	0.003	-	
Right Side	2.4GHz WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.002	-33.33	
		Step 2	15mm	0.001	-66.67	
Top Side	2.4GHz WLAN	Initial	5mm	0.040	-	
Top Side	Z.4GHZ WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.003	-92.50	
		Initial	5mm	0.032	-	
Bottom Side	2.4GHz WLAN	Step 1	10mm	0.017	-46.88	
		Step 2	15mm	0.009	-71.88	

Test Engineer: Tom Jiang and Tommy Chen

14. Uncertainty Assessment

Pre KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be $\le 30\%$, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met, extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. For this device, the highest measured 1-g SAR is less 1.5W/kg. Therefore, the measurement uncertainty table is not required in this report.

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15. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.