

TEST REPORT

FCC ID: 2AFHW-VWM100

Product: BLUETOOTH TURNTABLE

Model No.: VWM-100SB

Additional Model No.: VWM-100SBXXXX, VSC-400SB, VSC-400SBXXXX (where X can be 0-9, A-Z or blank means color of unit)

Trade Mark: VICTROLA, Innovative technology

Report No.: TCT190627E013

Issued Date: Jul. 09, 2019

Issued for:

INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONICS LLC

1 CHANNEL DRIVE, PORT WASHINGTON, New York 11050, United States

Issued By:

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab.

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1. Test Certification

Product:	BLUETOOTH TURNTABLE
Model No.:	VWM-100SB
Additional Model:	VWM-100SBXXXX, VSC-400SB, VSC-400SBXXXX (where X can be 0-9, A-Z or blank means color of unit)
Trade Mark:	VICTROLA, Innovative technology
Applicant:	INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY ELECTRONICS LLC
Address:	1 CHANNEL DRIVE, PORT WASHINGTON, New York 11050, United States
Manufacturer:	Ocean Star Electronics Ltd.
Address:	Unit 15, 8/F., Wah Wai Center, 38-40 Au Pui Wan Street, Fo Tan, Hong Kong
Date of Test:	Jun. 28, 2019 – Jul. 08, 2019
Applicable Standards:	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.247 FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 ANSI C63.10:2013

The above equipment has been tested by Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab. and found compliance with the requirements set forth in the technical standards mentioned above. The results of testing in this report apply only to the product/system, which was tested. Other similar equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

Tested By:

Jin Wang

Date:

Jul. 08, 2019

Jin Wang

Reviewed By:

Beryl Zhao

Date:

Jul. 09, 2019

Beryl Zhao

Approved By:

Tomsin

Date:

Jul. 09, 2019

Tomsin

2. Test Result Summary

Requirement	CFR 47 Section	Result
Antenna Requirement	§15.203/§15.247 (c)	PASS
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	§15.207	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	§15.247 (b)(1)	PASS
20dB Occupied Bandwidth	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separation	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Dwell Time	§15.247 (a)(1)	PASS
Radiated Emission	§15.205/§15.209	PASS
Band Edge	§15.247(d)	PASS

Note:

1. PASS: Test item meets the requirement.
2. Fail: Test item does not meet the requirement.
3. N/A: Test case does not apply to the test object.
4. The test result judgment is decided by the limit of test standard.

3. EUT Description

Product:	BLUETOOTH TURNTABLE
Model No.:	VWM-100SB
Additional Model:	VWM-100SBXXXX, VSC-400SB, VSC-400SBXXXX (where X can be 0-9, A-Z or blank means color of unit)
Trade Mark:	VICTROLA, Innovative technology
Hardware Version:	V1.0
Software Version:	V1.2
Bluetooth version:	V4.2
Operation Frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Transfer Rate:	1/2 Mbits/s
Number of Channel:	79
Modulation Type:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK
Modulation Technology:	FHSS
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.58dBi
Power Supply:	AC 120V/60Hz
AC adapter:	Adapter Information 1: MODEL: GKYP50100050UL1 INPUT: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A OUTPUT: DC 5V, 1000mA Adapter Information 2: MODEL: JQS0062A-U050100 INPUT: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.5A OUTPUT: DC 5.0V, 1.0A
Remark:	All models above are identical in interior structure, electrical circuits and components, and just model names are different for the marketing requirement.

Operation Frequency each of channel for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
0	2402MHz	20	2422MHz	40	2442MHz	60	2462MHz
1	2403MHz	21	2423MHz	41	2443MHz	61	2463MHz
...
10	2412MHz	30	2432MHz	50	2452MHz	70	2472MHz
11	2413MHz	31	2433MHz	51	2453MHz	71	2473MHz
...
18	2420MHz	38	2440MHz	58	2460MHz	78	2480MHz
19	2421MHz	39	2441MHz	59	2461MHz		-

Remark: Channel 0, 39 & 78 have been tested for GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation mode.

4. General Information

4.1. Test environment and mode

Operating Environment:		
Condition	Conducted Emission	Radiated Emission
Temperature:	25.0 °C	25.0 °C
Humidity:	55 % RH	55 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar	1010 mbar
Test Mode:		
Engineering mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting by select channel and modulations with Fully-charged battery	

The sample was placed 0.8m & 1.5m for the measurement below & above 1GHz above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case(Z axis) are shown in Test Results of the following pages.

4.2. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

Equipment	Model No.	Serial No.	FCC ID	Trade Name
/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.
3. For conducted measurements (Output Power, 20dB Occupied Bandwidth, Carrier Frequencies Separation, Hopping Channel Number, Dwell Time, Spurious Emissions), the antenna of EUT is connected to the test equipment via temporary antenna connector, the antenna connector is soldered on the antenna port of EUT, and the temporary antenna connector is listed in the Test Instruments.

5. Facilities and Accreditations

5.1. Facilities

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- FCC - Registration No.: 645098

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber has been registered and fully described in a report with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

- IC - Registration No.: 10668A-1

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Shenzhen TCT Testing Technology Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing

5.2. Location

Shenzhen Tongce Testing Lab

Address: 1B/F., Building 1, Yibaolai Industrial Park, Qiaotou, Fuyong, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-27673339

5.3. Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement $y \pm U$, where expanded uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of $k=2$, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

No.	Item	MU
1	Conducted Emission	$\pm 2.56\text{dB}$
2	RF power, conducted	$\pm 0.12\text{dB}$
3	Spurious emissions, conducted	$\pm 0.11\text{dB}$
4	All emissions, radiated(<1G)	$\pm 3.92\text{dB}$
5	All emissions, radiated(>1G)	$\pm 4.28\text{dB}$
6	Temperature	$\pm 0.1^\circ\text{C}$
7	Humidity	$\pm 1.0\%$

6. Test Results and Measurement Data

6.1. Antenna requirement

Standard requirement:

FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(c)

15.203 requirement:

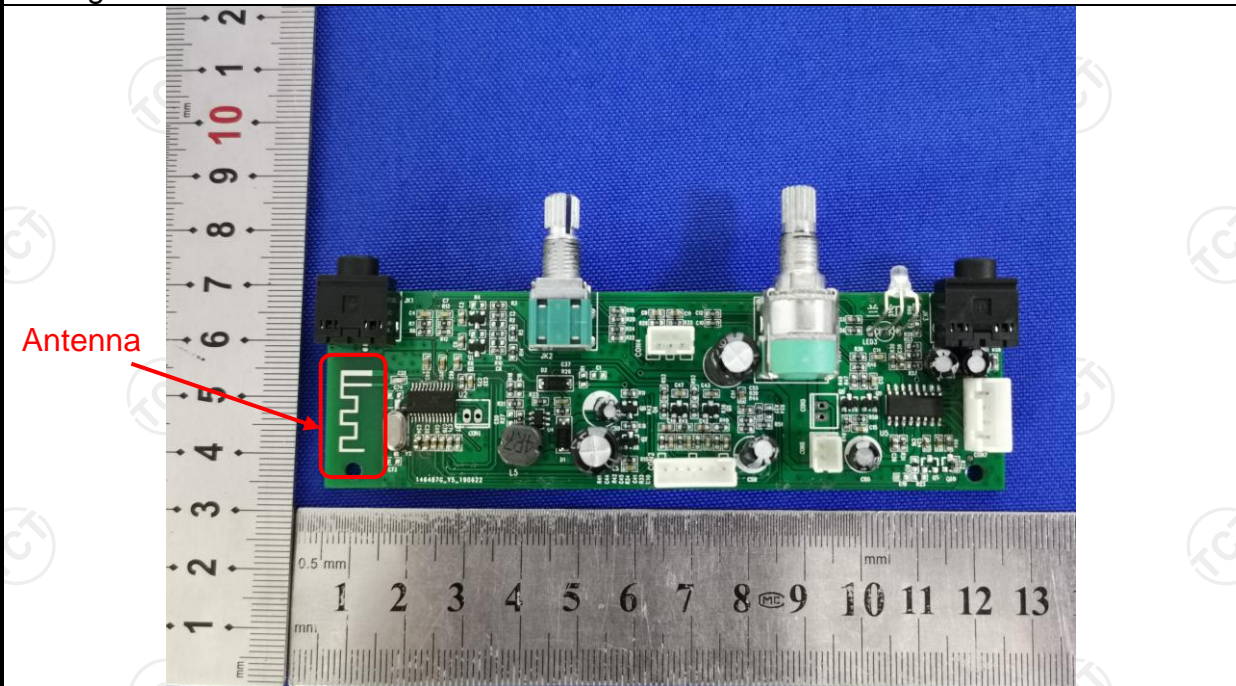
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band that is used exclusively for fixed. Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

E.U.T Antenna:

The Bluetooth antenna is PCB antenna which permanently attached, and the best case gain of the antenna is -0.58dBi.



6.2. Conducted Emission

6.2.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.207														
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013														
Frequency Range:	150 kHz to 30 MHz														
Receiver setup:	RBW=9 kHz, VBW=30 kHz, Sweep time=auto														
Limits:	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Frequency range (MHz)</th> <th colspan="2">Limit (dBuV)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Quasi-peak</th> <th>Average</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.15-0.5</td> <td>66 to 56*</td> <td>56 to 46*</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.5-5</td> <td>56</td> <td>46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5-30</td> <td>60</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)		Quasi-peak	Average	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*	0.5-5	56	46	5-30	60	50
Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)														
	Quasi-peak	Average													
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*													
0.5-5	56	46													
5-30	60	50													
Test Setup:	<p><i>Remark</i> E.U.T: Equipment Under Test LISN: Line Impedance Stabilization Network Test table height=0.8m</p>														
Test Mode:	Refer to item 4.1														
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The E.U.T is connected to an adapter through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. 2. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. (Please refer to the block diagram of the test setup and photographs). 3. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on conducted measurement. 														
Test Result:	PASS														

6.2.2. Test Instruments

Conducted Emission Shielding Room Test Site (843)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	101402	Sep. 17, 2019
LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8126	8126453	Sep. 20, 2019
Coax cable (9KHz-30MHz)	TCT	CE-05	N/A	Sep. 16, 2019
EMI Test Software	Shurple Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

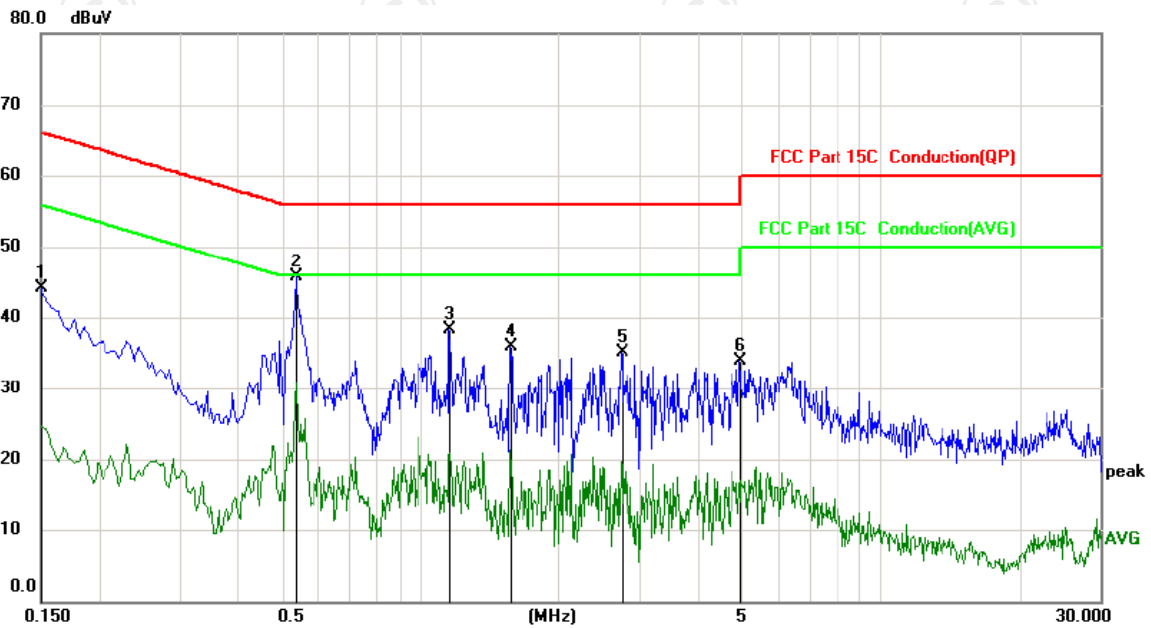
Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.2.3. Test data

Please refer to following diagram for individual

Adapter 1:

Conducted Emission on Line Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site Phase: **L1** Temperature: 25
Limit: FCC Part 15C Conduction(QP) Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1500	34.03	10.12	44.15	66.00	-21.85	peak	
2	*	0.5370	35.53	10.13	45.66	56.00	-10.34	peak	
3		1.1579	28.11	10.12	38.23	56.00	-17.77	peak	
4		1.5673	25.86	10.12	35.98	56.00	-20.02	peak	
5		2.7330	25.07	10.12	35.19	56.00	-20.81	peak	
6		4.9425	23.69	10.13	33.82	56.00	-22.18	peak	

Note:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dBuV) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dBuV) = Reading level (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dBuV) = Limit stated in standard

Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBuV) – Limits (dBuV)

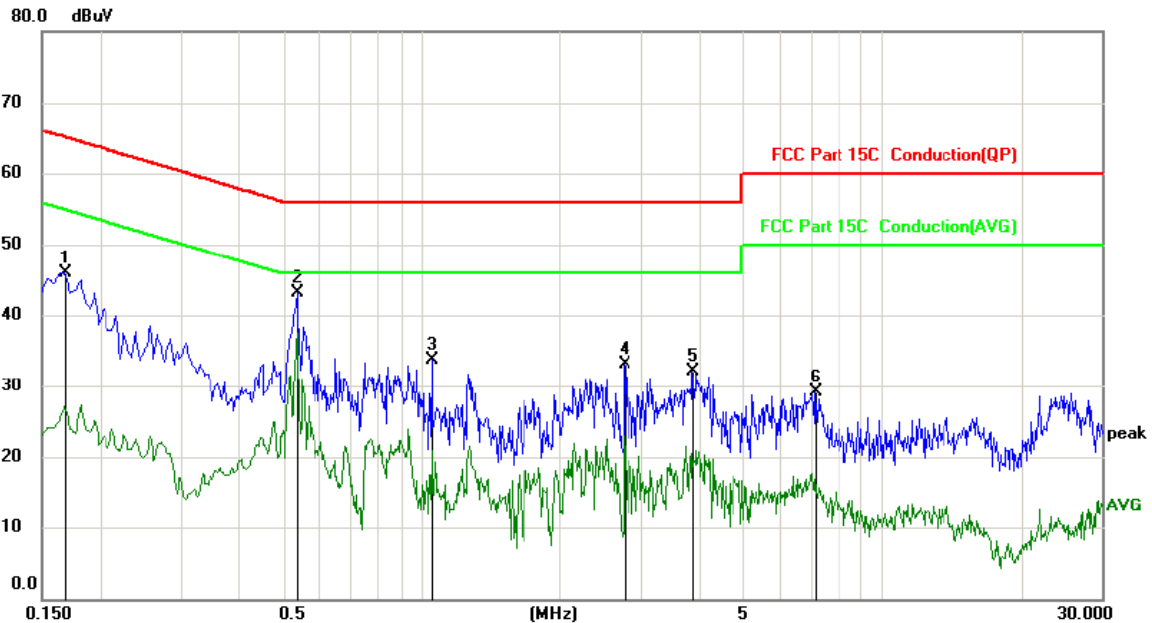
Q.P. =Quasi-Peak

AVG =average

Any value more than 10dB below limit have not been specifically reported.

* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz

Conducted Emission on Neutral Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site: Phase: **N** Temperature: 25
 Limit: FCC Part 15C Conduction(QP) Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1680	35.77	10.12	45.89	65.06	-19.17	peak	
2	*	0.5370	32.97	10.13	43.10	56.00	-12.90	peak	
3		1.0590	23.49	10.12	33.61	56.00	-22.39	peak	
4		2.7645	23.06	10.12	33.18	56.00	-22.82	peak	
5		3.8760	21.97	10.13	32.10	56.00	-23.90	peak	
6		7.1520	18.95	10.14	29.09	60.00	-30.91	peak	

Note1:

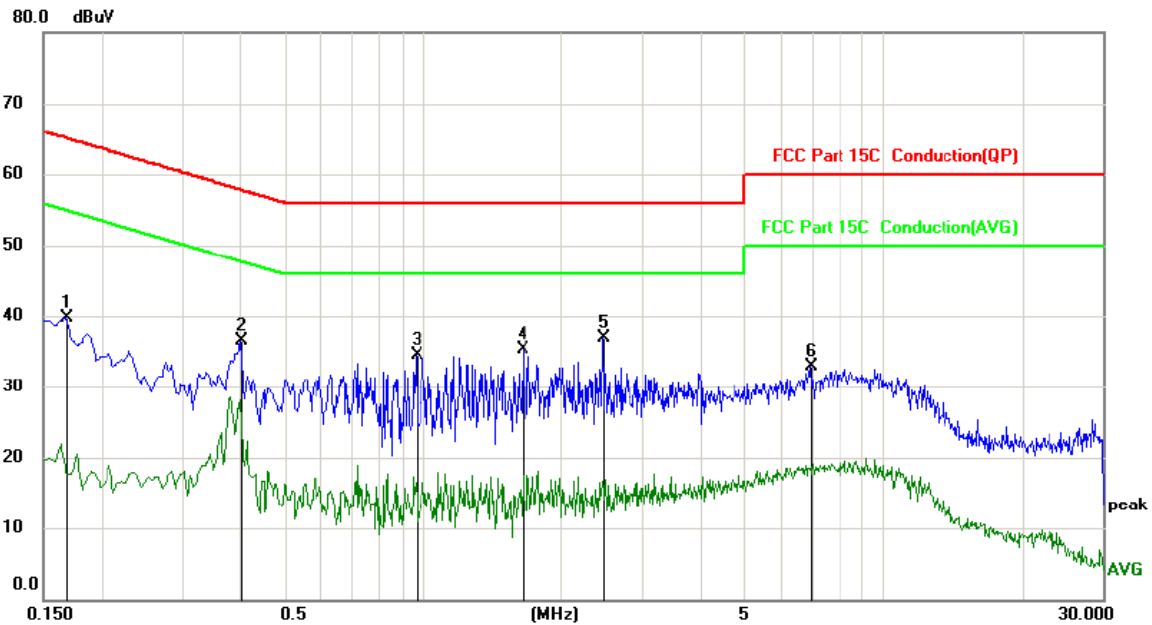
Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
 Reading level (dBuV) = Receiver reading
 Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN factor + Cable loss
 Measurement (dBuV) = Reading level (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
 Limit (dBuV) = Limit stated in standard
 Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBuV) – Limits (dBuV)
 Q.P. =Quasi-Peak AVG =average
 Any value more than 10dB below limit have not been specifically reported.
 * is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz.

Note2:

Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and two modulation (GFSK, Pi/4DQPSK), and the worst case Mode (Middle channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

Adapter 2:

Conducted Emission on Line Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site: Phase: **L1** Temperature: 25
Limit: FCC Part 15C Conduction(QP) Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1680	29.53	10.12	39.65	65.06	-25.41	peak	
2		0.4020	26.36	10.13	36.49	57.81	-21.32	peak	
3		0.9645	24.35	10.12	34.47	56.00	-21.53	peak	
4		1.6530	25.18	10.12	35.30	56.00	-20.70	peak	
5	*	2.4539	26.71	10.12	36.83	56.00	-19.17	peak	
6		6.9405	22.83	10.14	32.97	60.00	-27.03	peak	

Note:

Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz

Reading level (dBuV) = Receiver reading

Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN factor + Cable loss

Measurement (dBuV) = Reading level (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB)

Limit (dBuV) = Limit stated in standard

Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBuV) – Limits (dBuV)

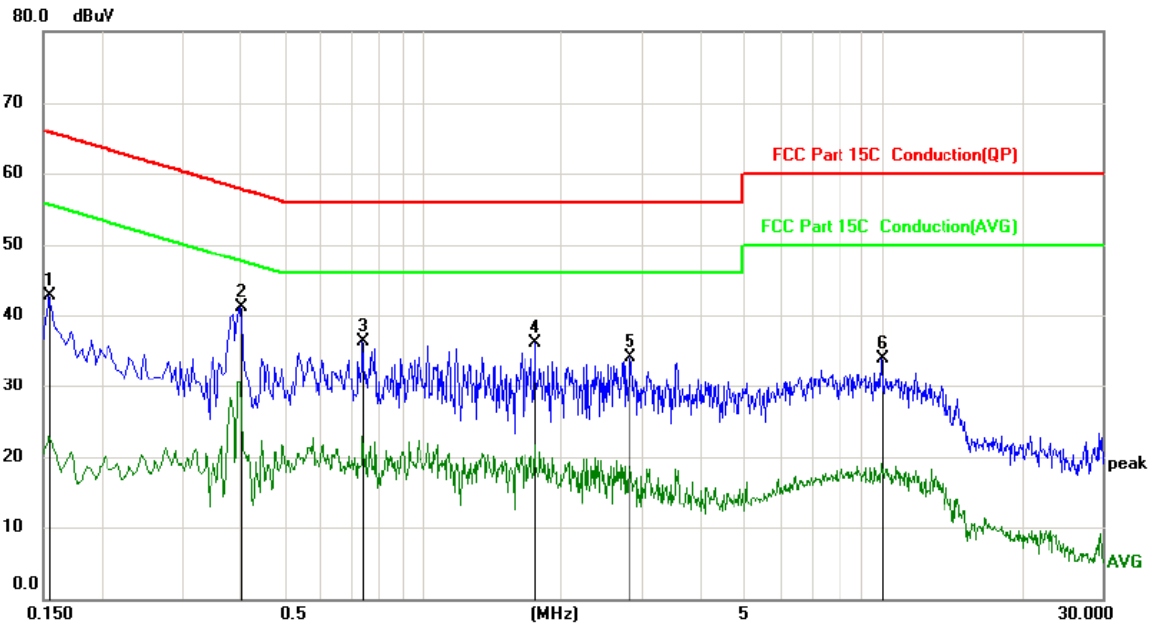
Q.P. =Quasi-Peak

AVG =average

Any value more than 10dB below limit have not been specifically reported.

* is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz

Conducted Emission on Neutral Terminal of the power line (150 kHz to 30MHz)



Site: Phase: **N** Temperature: 25
Limit: FCC Part 15C Conduction(QP) Power: AC 120V/60Hz Humidity: 55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1545	32.51	10.12	42.63	65.75	-23.12	peak	
2	*	0.4020	30.92	10.13	41.05	57.81	-16.76	peak	
3		0.7395	26.24	10.12	36.36	56.00	-19.64	peak	
4		1.7610	25.93	10.12	36.05	56.00	-19.95	peak	
5		2.8095	24.01	10.12	34.13	56.00	-21.87	peak	
6		9.9240	23.75	10.15	33.90	60.00	-26.10	peak	

Note1:


Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
 Reading level (dBuV) = Receiver reading
 Corr. Factor (dB) = LISN factor + Cable loss
 Measurement (dBuV) = Reading level (dBuV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
 Limit (dBuV) = Limit stated in standard
 Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBuV) – Limits (dBuV)
 Q.P. =Quasi-Peak AVG =average
 Any value more than 10dB below limit have not been specifically reported.
 * is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the frequency range 150 kHz to 30MHz.

Note2:

Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and two modulation (GFSK, Pi/4DQPSK), and the worst case Mode (Middle channel and GFSK) was submitted only.

6.3. Conducted Output Power

6.3.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (b)(3)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured VBW ≥ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
Test Result:	PASS

6.3.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 20, 2019
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.3.3. Test Data

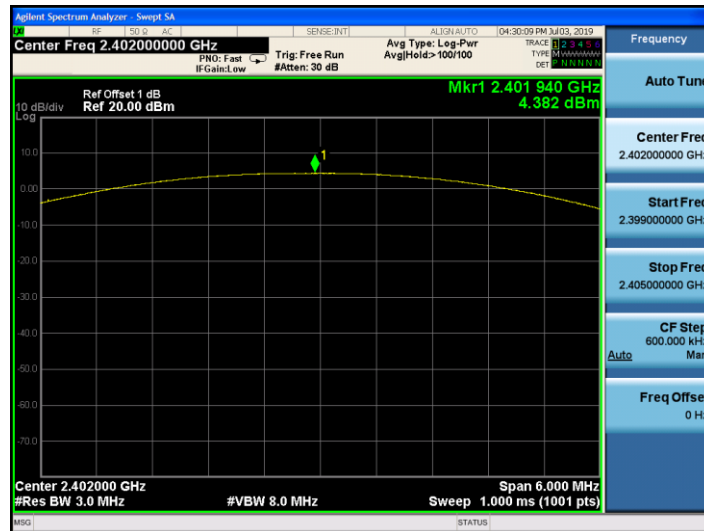
GFSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	4.38	30.00	PASS
Middle	4.58	30.00	PASS
Highest	3.95	30.00	PASS

Pi/4DQPSK mode			
Test channel	Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	4.29	21.00	PASS
Middle	4.56	21.00	PASS
Highest	3.99	21.00	PASS

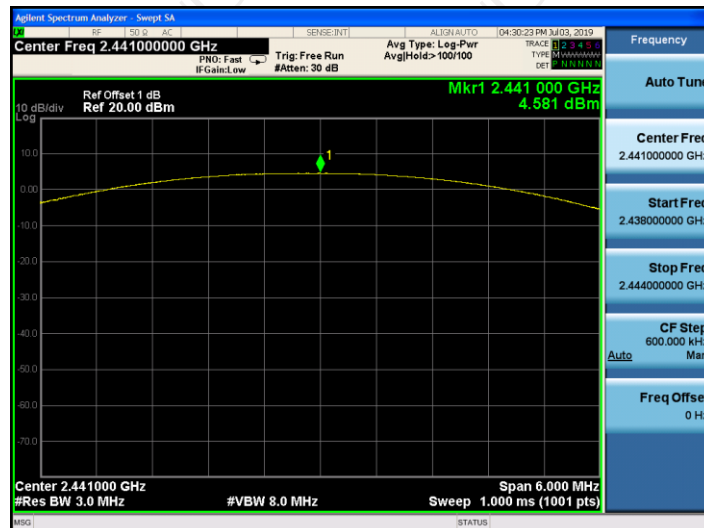
Test plots as follows:



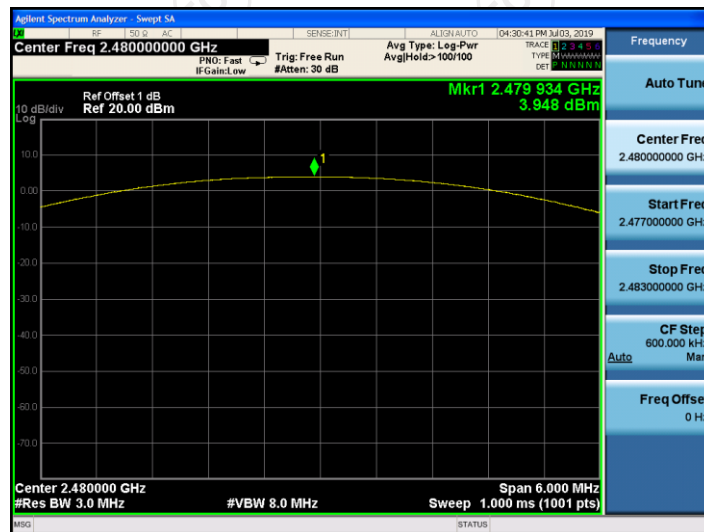
Lowest channel



Middle channel

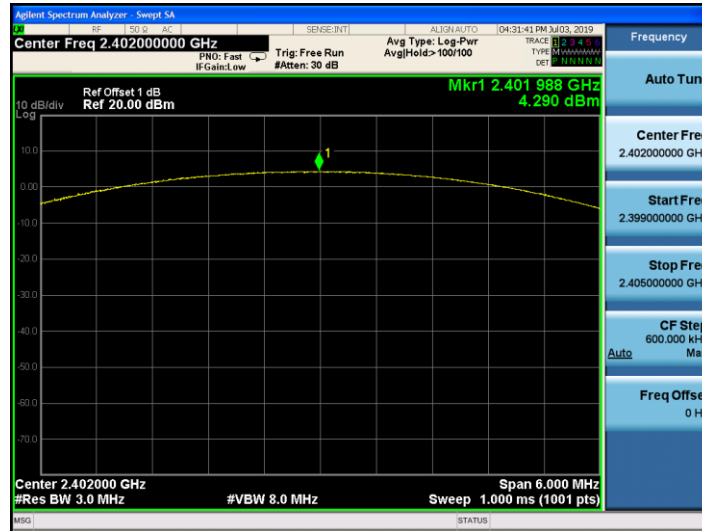


Highest channel

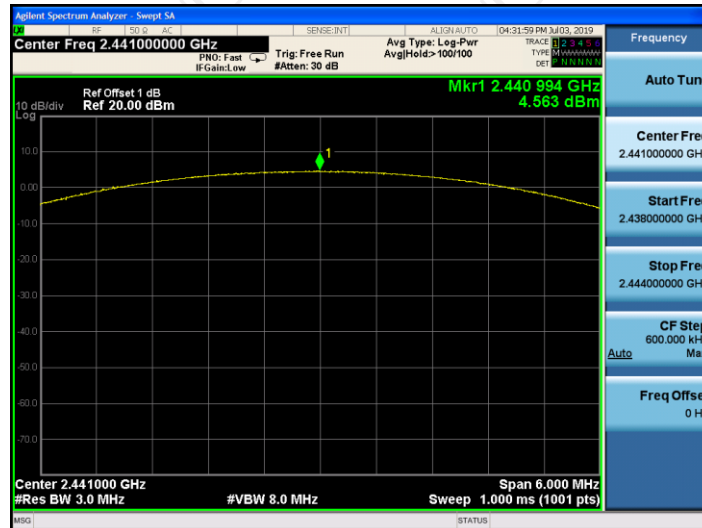


Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

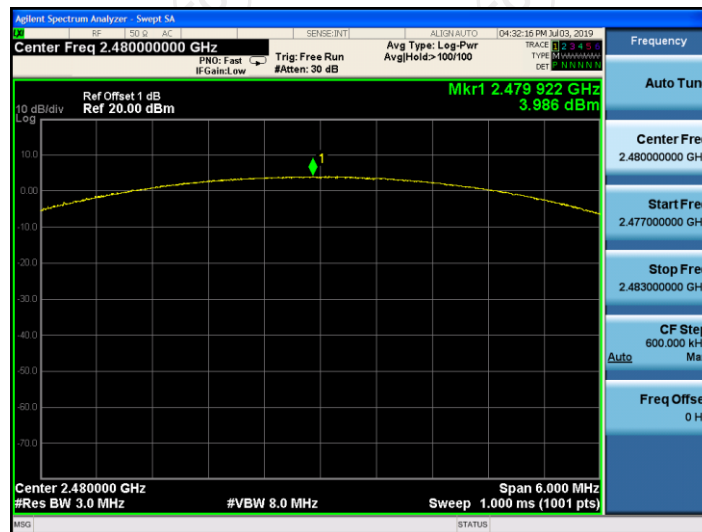
Lowest channel



Middle channel

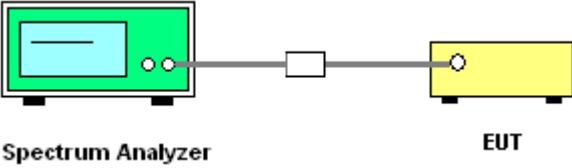


Highest channel



6.4. 20dB Occupy Bandwidth

6.4.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	N/A
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel; $1\% \leq RBW \leq 5\%$ of the 20 dB bandwidth; $VBW \geq 3RBW$; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 4. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.4.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 20, 2019
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.4.3. Test data

Test channel	20dB Occupy Bandwidth (kHz)		
	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Conclusion
Lowest	844.6	1212	PASS
Middle	837.5	1216	PASS
Highest	841.1	1215	PASS

Test plots as follows:



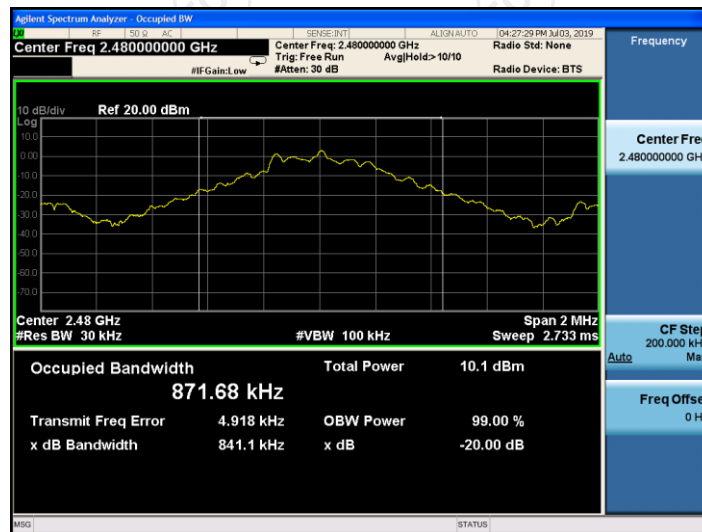
Lowest channel



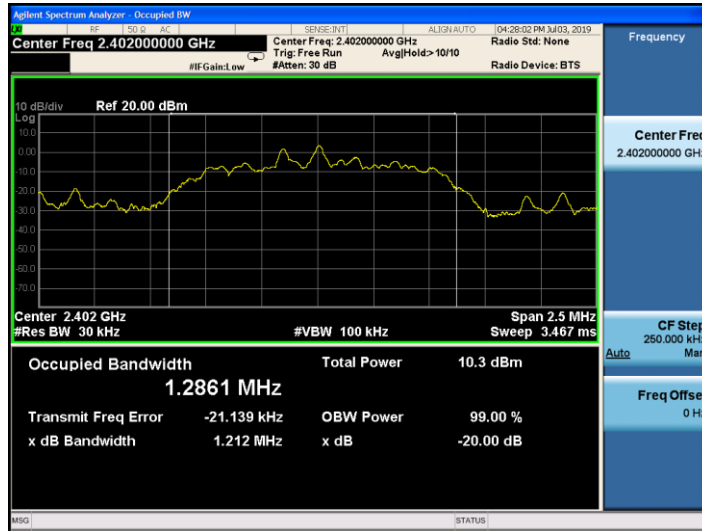
Middle channel



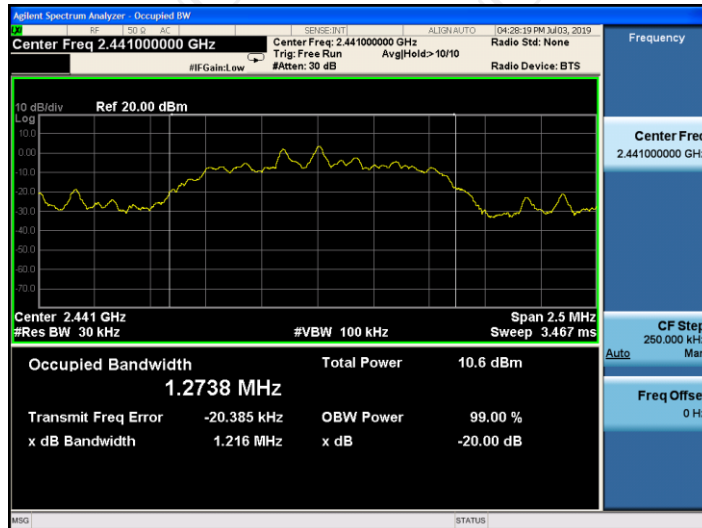
Highest channel



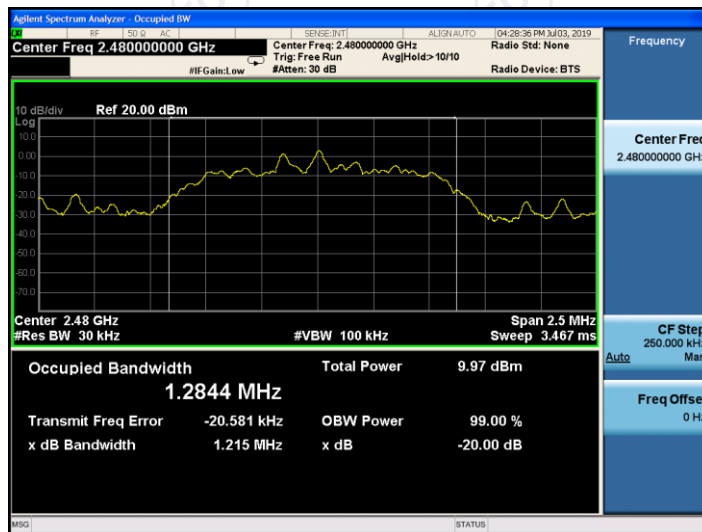
Lowest channel



Middle channel

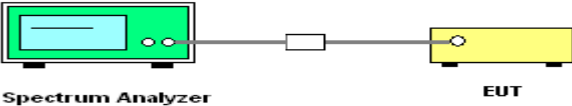


Highest channel



6.5. Carrier Frequencies Separation

6.5.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Enable the EUT hopping function. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW is set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing, adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel; VBW ≥ RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. Record the value in report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.5.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 20, 2019
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.5.3. Test data

GFSK mode			
Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	1000	844.6	PASS
Middle	1000	844.6	PASS
Highest	998	844.6	PASS

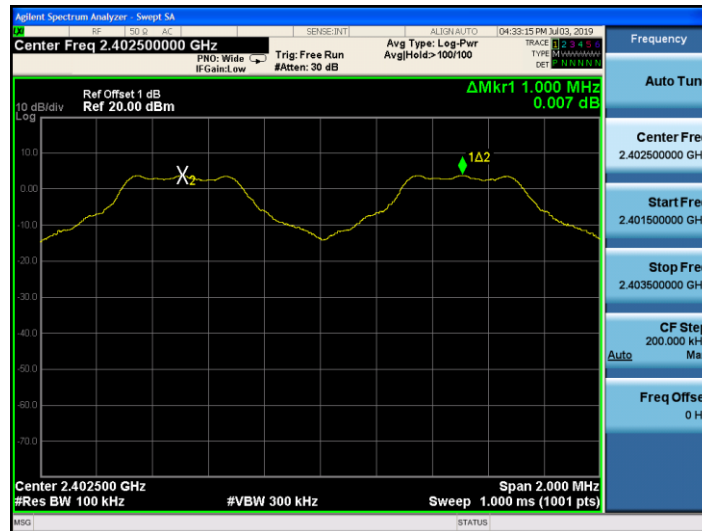
Pi/4 DQPSK mode			
Test channel	Carrier Frequencies Separation (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Result
Lowest	1000	810.67	PASS
Middle	1000	810.67	PASS
Highest	1002	810.67	PASS

Note: According to section 6.4

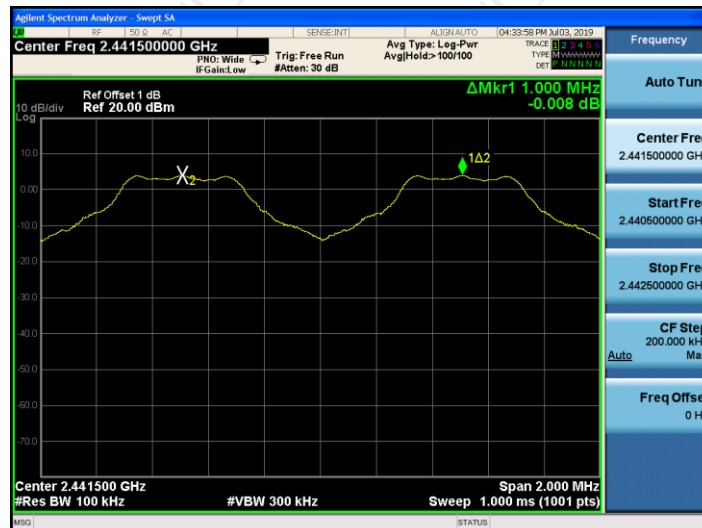
Mode	20dB bandwidth (kHz) (worse case)	Limit (kHz) (Carrier Frequencies Separation)
GFSK	844.6	844.6
$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	1216	810.67

Test plots as follows:

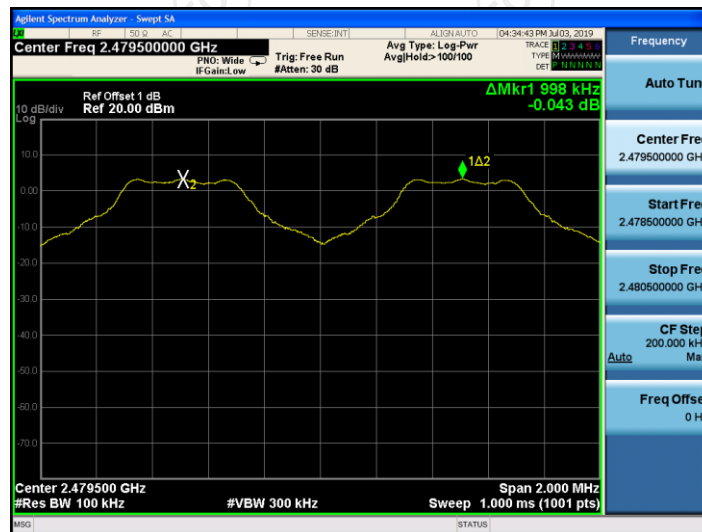
Lowest channel



Middle channel



Highest channel



Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

Lowest channel



Middle channel




Highest channel



6.6. Hopping Channel Number

6.6.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Enable the EUT hopping function. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel. 6. Record the measurement data in report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.6.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 20, 2019
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

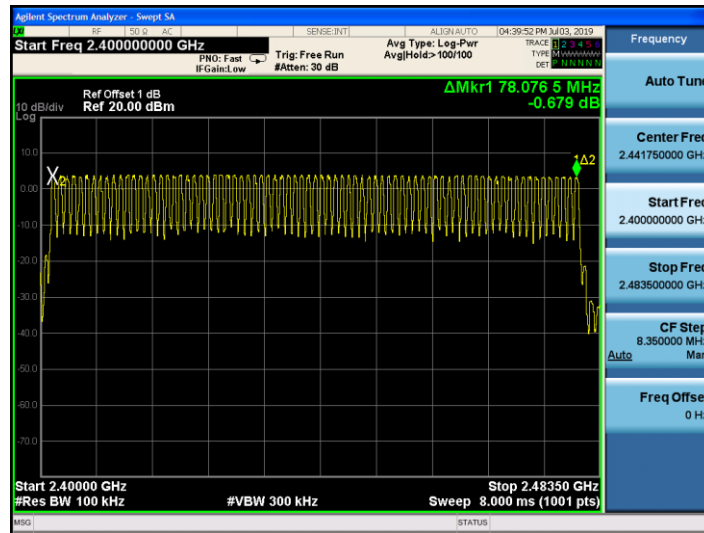
6.6.3. Test data

Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Result
GFSK, Pi/4DQPSK	79	15	PASS

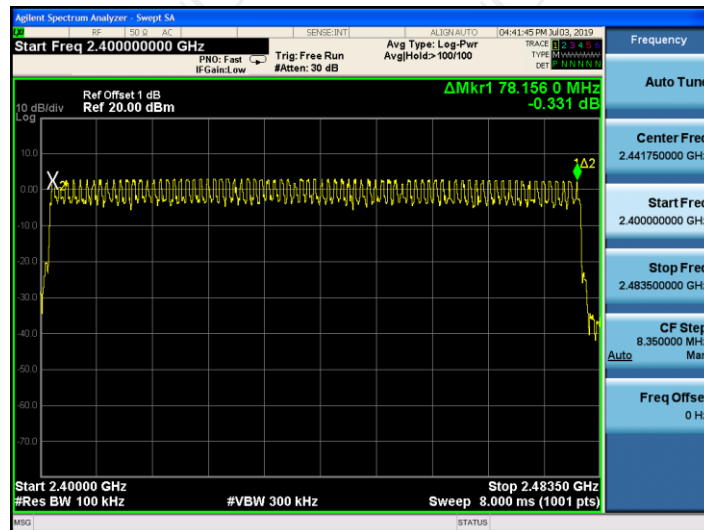
Test plots as follows:



GFSK




Pi/4DQPSK



6.7. Dwell Time

6.7.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.
Test Setup:	 <p style="text-align: center;">Spectrum Analyzer EUT</p>
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Enable the EUT hopping function. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW shall be \leq channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.7.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 20, 2019
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 20, 2019

Note: The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).

6.7.3. Test Data

Mode	Packet	Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops)	Package Transfer Time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	320	0.413	0.132	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	160	1.674	0.268	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	106.67	2.920	0.311	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH1	320	0.422	0.135	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH3	160	1.680	0.269	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH5	106.67	2.928	0.312	0.4	PASS

Note: 1. In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.

For DH1, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 2 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 2 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 320 hops

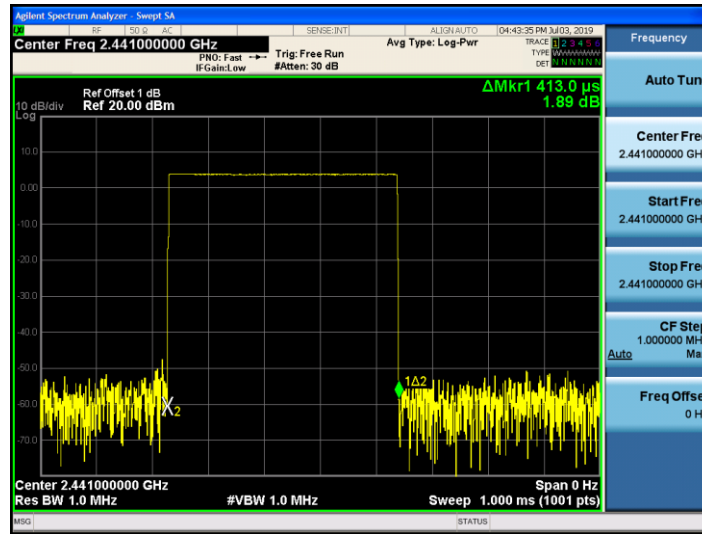
For DH3, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 4 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 4 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 160 hops

For DH5, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops

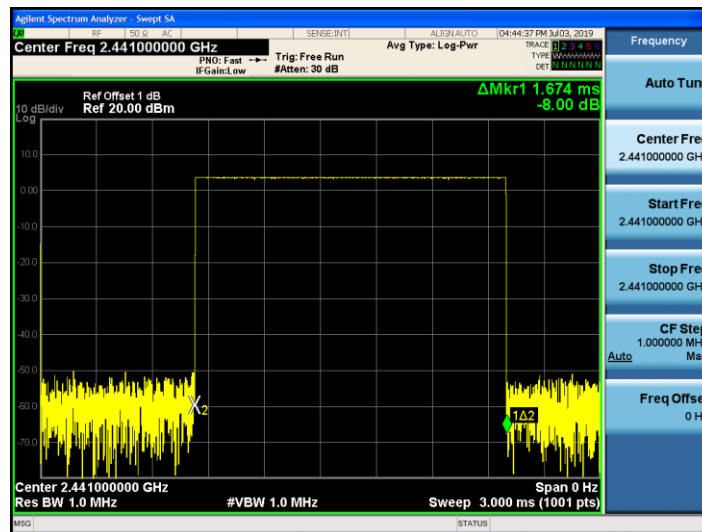
2. Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

Test plots as follows:

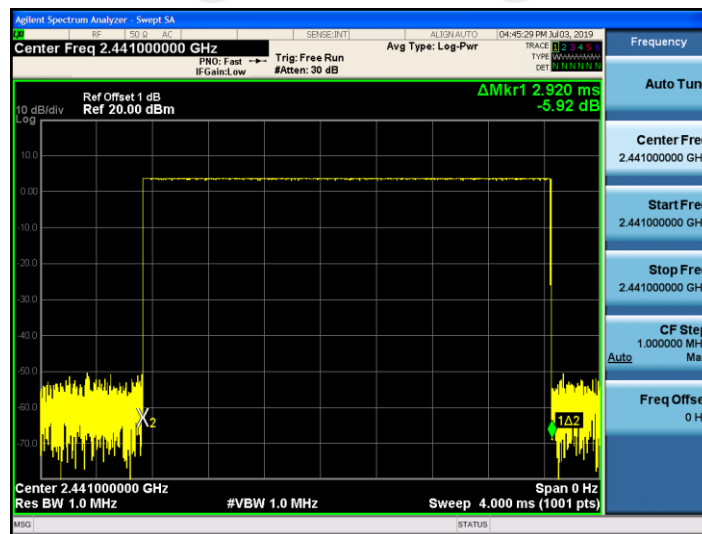
GFSK
DH1



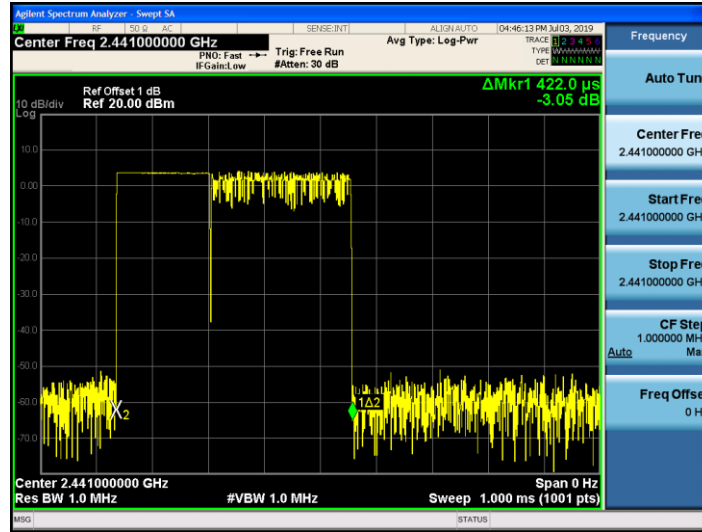
DH3



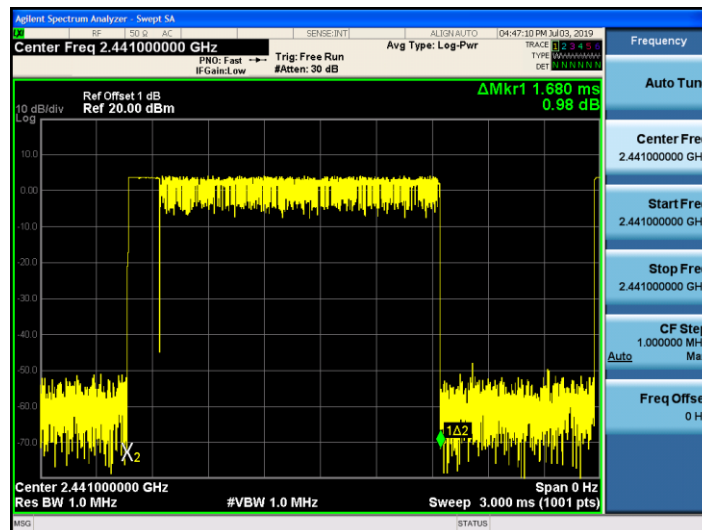
DH5



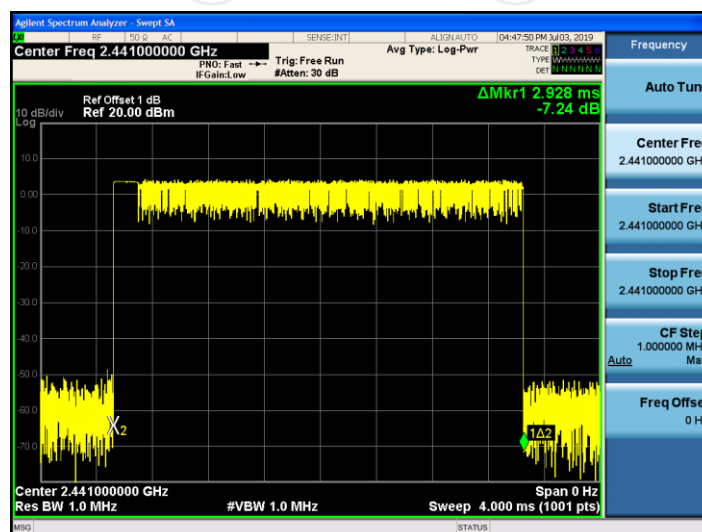
Pi/4DQPSK
2-DH1



2-DH3



2-DH5



6.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:

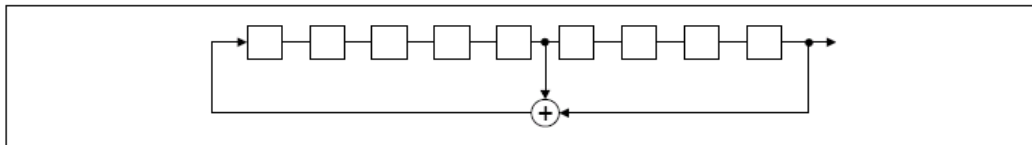
Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

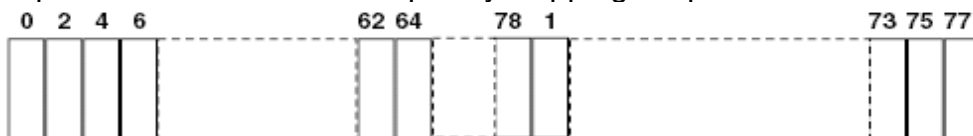
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.