

## RF Exposure Evaluation

Product Description: Levitating Air Speaker

Model Number: ASP-718

FCC ID: **2ADZIASP-718**

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The transmitter output power ( $P_t$ ) formula was showed as the follow:

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t)$$

$P_t$ =transmitter output power in watts

$g_t$ =numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless)

$E$ =electric field strength in V/m

$d$ =measurement distance in meters (m)

**According** to the formula described above:

$$E_{\text{max}} = \underline{95.55 \text{ dBuV/m}} = \underline{0.060 \text{ V/m}}, d = 3 \text{ m}, g_t = 1$$

$$P_t = (E \times d)^2 / (30 \times g_t) = (\underline{0.060} \times 3)^2 / (30 \times 1) = \underline{0.00108 \text{ W}} = \underline{1.08 \text{ mW}}$$

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Worse case is as below: [2402MHz -**1.08mW** output power]

$$(1.08 \text{ mW} / 5 \text{ mm}) * [\sqrt{2.402(\text{GHz})}] = \underline{0.335 \text{ mW}} < 3.0 \text{ for 1 - g SAR}$$

Then SAR evaluation is not required

**NOTE:** For the maximum power, you can refer FCC test report.